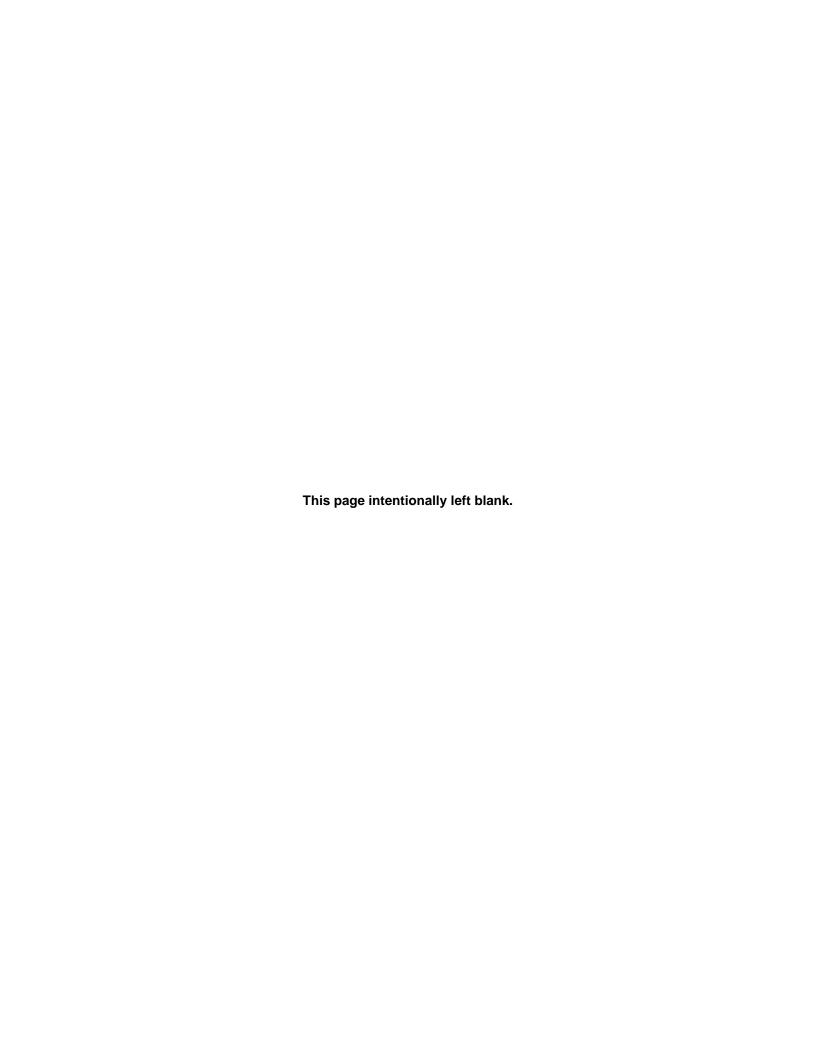




## CITY OF STRONGSVILLE CUYAHOGA COUNTY

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Required by Government Auditing Standards	1





Lausche Building, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor 615 Superior Avenue, NW Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 (216) 787-3665 or (800) 626-2297 NortheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Strongsville Cuyahoga County 16099 Foltz Industrial Parkway Strongsville, Ohio 44149

To the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

City of Strongsville Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

Keethe John

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 26, 2020

## CITY OF STRONGSVILLE, OHIO



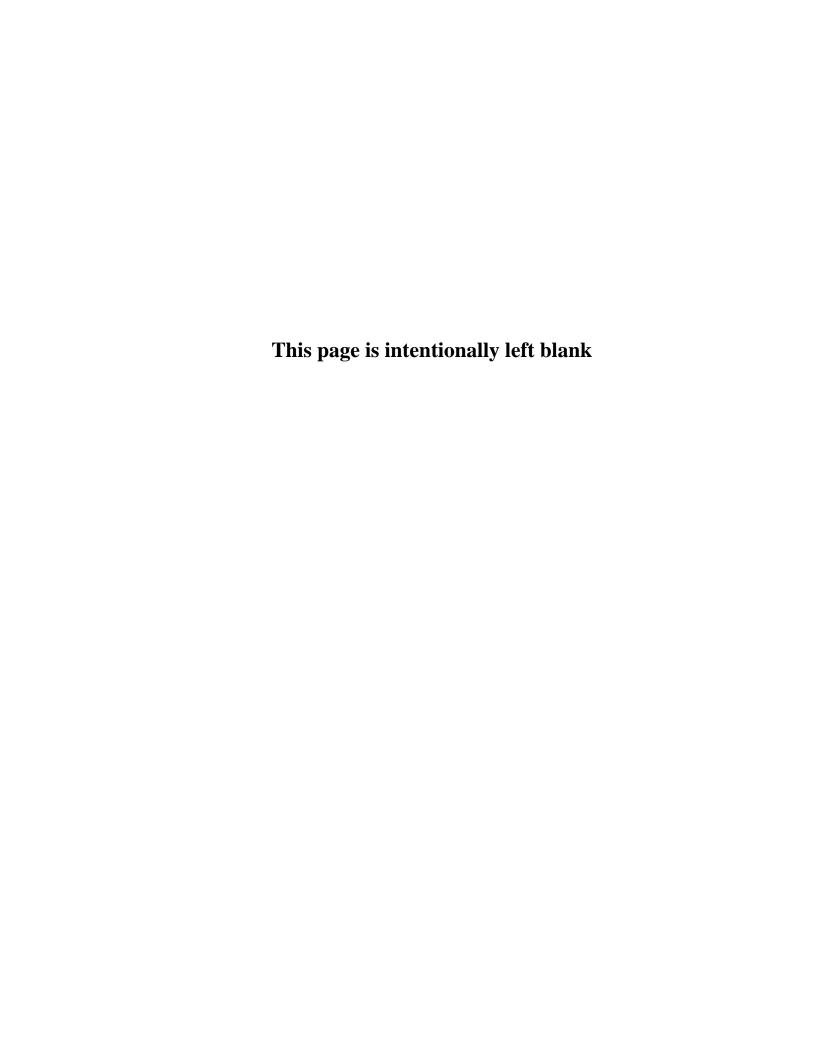
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## CITY OF STRONGSVILLE, OHIO

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Issued by The Finance Department

Joseph K. Dubovec, CPA Director of Finance



## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Table of Contents

Page

I. Introductory Section	
Table of Contents	viii xvi xvii xviii
II. Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Activities	20
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Street Construction, Maintenance and Repa	air Fund 27
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Fire Levy Fund	28
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	20

Page Page
II. Financial Section (Continued)
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:
Note 1: Description of the City and Reporting Entity
Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
Note 3: Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position
Note 4: Accountability
Note 5: Budgetary Basis of Accounting
Note 6: Fund Balance 47
Note 7: Deposits and Investments
Note 8: Receivables
Note 9: Transfers
Note 10: Capital Assets
Note 11: Risk Management
Note 12: Defined Benefit Pension Plans
Note 13: Defined Benefit OPEB Plans
Note 14: Short-Term Notes Payable
Note 15: Long-Term Obligations
Note 16: Leases
Note 17: Construction Commitments
Note 18: Contingent Liabilities

Pa	<u>ge</u>
II. Financial Section (Continued)	
Note 19: Jointly Governed Organizations	36
Note 20: Related Organization	38
Note 21: Insurance Purchasing Pool	38
Note 22: Tax Abatement Disclosures	39
Note 23: Subsequent Event	39
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability90-9	€1
Schedule of City Contributions - Pension	€3
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability94-9	€
Schedule of City Contributions - OPEB	97
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	<del>)</del> 9
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules:	
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Fund Descriptions 10	)1
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	)6
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	07
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	)8
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	11
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	14
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	16

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page
II. Financial Section (Continued)	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	118
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	119
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds:	
Fund Descriptions	120
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Internal Service Funds	121
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Internal Service Funds	122
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Internal Service Funds	123
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
Major Funds:	
General Fund.	125
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	128
Fire Levy Fund	129
General Bond Retirement Fund	130
General Capital Improvement Fund	131
Sanitary Sewer Fund	132
Nonmajor Funds:	
Police Pension Fund	134

		Page
II. Fina	ancial Section (Continued)	
	State Highway Maintenance Fund	
	Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund	136
	Emergency Vehicle Fund	137
	Fire Pension Fund	138
	Clerk of Court Computerization Fund	
	Drainage Levy Fund	140
	Multi-Purpose Complex Fund	141
	Southwest General Hospital Levy Fund	143
	Law Enforcement Federal Seizure Fund	144
	Law Enforcement State Seizure Fund	145
	Law Enforcement Drug Fine Fund	146
	Law Enforcement DWI/DUI Fund	147
	Tree Fund	148
	Bond Escrow Fund	149
	Community Diversion Fund	
	Earned Benefits Fund	
	Pearl Road TIF #1 Fund	
	Royalton Road TIF Fund	153
	Pearl Road TIF #2 Fund	
	Pearl Road TIF #3 Fund	
	Pearl Road TIF #4 Fund	156

	·	Page
II. Financial Sec	ction (Continued)	
V	Vestwood Commons TIF Fund	157
G	iant Eagle TIF Fund	158
G	et Go TIF Fund	159
C	lover Senior Apartments Fund	160
R	ecreation Capital Improvement Fund	161
Т	IF Capital Improvement Fund	162
W	Vorkers' Compensation Reserve Fund	163
Н	ealth Insurance Reserve Fund	164
III. Statistical S	ection	
Statistical	Section	S1
Net Positi	on by Component – Last Ten Years	S4
Changes i	n Net Position – Last Ten Years	S6
Fund Bala	nces, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S12
Changes i	n Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S14
	Valuations and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable  7 – Last Ten Years	S18
Property 7	Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	S20
Effective	Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Ye	ears S22
Property 7	Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years	S24
Principal '	Γaxpayers – Real Estate Tax – 2019 and 2011	S26
Income Ta	ax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis) – Last Ten Years	S27
	Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt ita - Last Ten Years	S28

	<b>Page</b>
III. Statistical Section (Continued)	
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Years	S29
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	S30
Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Years	S32
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	S34
Principal Municipal Income Tax Withholders – Current and Nine Years Ago	S36
Full-Time City Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	S37
Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Years	S38
Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	S48



Thomas P. Perciak Mayor

## City of Strongsville

16099 Foltz Parkway Strongsville, Ohio 44149-5598 Phone: 440-580-3150 Mayor's Office Fax: 440-572-3241 www.strongsville.org

June 26, 2020

Members of City Council and Honorable Citizens of Strongsville, Ohio

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Strongsville for the year ended December 31, 2019.

This report enables the City to comply with Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis, and Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 which requires cities to file unaudited general purpose external financial statements with the Auditor of State within 150 days of year end.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Keith Faber, Auditor of State, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Strongsville's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. The Independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal, and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Strongsville is approximately 25 square miles and is located in Cuyahoga County in northeastern Ohio, approximately 14 miles southwest of the City of Cleveland. Strongsville was founded in 1816, became a township in 1818, a village in 1927, and became a city in 1961 under the laws of the State of Ohio. In 2010 the U.S Census Bureau reported that Strongsville had a population of 44,750, up 2 percent from 43,858 in 2000.

The City of Strongsville operates and is governed by its Charter, first adopted by the voters on November 4, 1958. The Charter has been and may be amended by the voters from time to time. A nine-member Charter Review Commission reviews the Charter every five years, and most recently did so in 2018. The City is also subject to some general laws applicable to all cities. Under the State of Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government and police powers to the extent not in conflict with applicable laws. The Charter provides for a mayor-council form of government.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member council. Three members are elected at-large, and four members are elected from wards. The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees, enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriations, borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes. The presiding officer is the President of Council, who is elected by Council for a one year term. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments and Council may establish additional departments and divisions within departments.

The City of Strongsville's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, who is elected by the voters for a four-year term. The Mayor appoints, subject to approval of a majority of the members of Council, the Directors of the City's departments. The Mayor also oversees the enforcement of all laws and ordinances, and executes all contracts, conveyances, evidences of indebtedness, and all other instruments to which the municipality is a party.

The City provides its residents with a full range of municipal services. These services include, among other things, police, fire, emergency medical assistance, recreation and senior programs, building code enforcement, sanitary and storm sewer maintenance, street maintenance and repair, street lighting, traffic signalization, snow removal, refuse disposal, cemetery services and the maintenance of all City lands, buildings and equipment.

The City of Strongsville maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level, separated into the categories of Personal Service, Other than Personal Service, and Transfers and Advances. The Finance Director is authorized to allocate appropriations for function and object levels within the same department and category as explained above without prior Council approval, as long as the total appropriation for each department and category does not exceed that of the Council-approved appropriation.

#### **Profile of the City**

The City of Strongsville is served by diversified transportation facilities, including two State highways, U.S. Highway 42 and 82, and Interstate Highways I-71 and I-80 (the Ohio Turnpike). It is served by CSX Railroad for freight rail services, Amtrak for passenger rail services located in nearby Cleveland, and is served by passenger and freight air services at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, located within five miles of the City, and Burke Lakefront Airport located in downtown Cleveland. Public mass transit for the area is provided by the Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority.

Within a 30-minute drive from the City are the locations of the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame, Progressive Field, Rocket Mortgage FieldHouse, FirstEnergy Stadium, the world-class Cleveland Orchestra, the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Natural History Museum, the Western Reserve Historical Society, the Cleveland Playhouse and Karamu House, a multi-racial performing arts center. These and other facilities in the area offer an extensive variety of cultural and educational programs to the residents of Strongsville, as well as professional sports including baseball, basketball and football.

The City of Strongsville owns four parks offering residents a variety of activities to improve health and fitness. The 57-acre Strongsville Recreation Park has three baseball diamonds and tennis courts. Surrarrer Park, on the City's east side, has a baseball diamond, tennis courts and a covered pavilion. Volunteer Park, on the City's west side, has six baseball diamonds, a covered picnic area, bocce ball court and horseshoe pits. The Youth Sports Park also on the City's west side has a regulation football field, three youth baseball fields and a covered picnic area. The Strongsville Business & Technology Park, home of the Strongsville Soccer Organization, offers residents many opportunities for fitness related activities. City residents can also take advantage of the Cleveland Metroparks within minutes of home. Located in the City section of the park system are the popular toboggan chutes, Mill Stream Run and a facility for year-round recreational activities, the Chalet. Gardenview Horticultural Park is a botanical park located on 16 acres near the south end of the City. Visitors can view more than 500 species of trees and plants.

#### **Economic Development**

The City of Strongsville is home to a diverse, growing local economy that maintains a solid tax base through established business parks and a thriving commercial sector. Development in the City of Strongsville has closely followed the City's Comprehensive Master Plan, which was first developed in the early 1960s and has been modified regularly to accommodate changes in the economic climate. As part of that plan, four industrial development areas, totaling over 2,362 acres, have been established within the City featuring large setbacks and ample green space, resulting in a "park-like" atmosphere. A summary of each of the four business parks is listed below:

#### The Strongsville Business & Technology Park

- 1,693 acres; 70% developed
- 3,850,923 SF of build-out with a 2.8% vacancy rate
- Home to over 70 companies that employ over 3,000 employees
- Ranked as the #1 industrial park in Northeast Ohio by Crain's Cleveland Business (9/2019)
- Over 500 acres of undeveloped, greenfield land available for future industrial development
- Major employers in the park: Momentive Quartz Technologies, Vitamix, Foundation Software, Clark Reliance's Corporate Headquarters, Sparton Medical Devices, CCL Industries' North American Headquarters, and Eberhard Manufacturing

#### The Dow Circle Research & Development Park

- 258 acres; 95% developed
- 910,112 SF of build-out with a 2.61% vacancy rate
- Home to over 30 companies that employ over 2,600 employees
- Major employers in the park: Regional Headquarters for Enterprise Rental Car, Lumitex, Akzo Nobel Coatings RD&I Center, & PNC Bank's Technology Center

#### The Progress Drive Business Park

- 325 acres; 96% developed
- 1,513,726 SF of build-out with a 1.98% vacancy rate
- Home to over 40 companies that employ over 2,000 employees
- Major employers in the park: Corporate Headquarters of Atlantic Tool & Die, PPG Industries, and the Corporate Headquarters for Insight/Chemical Services

#### Park 82

- 86 acres; 100% developed
- 1,349,280 SF of build-out with 5.11% vacancy rate
- Home to over 15 companies that employ over 1,000 employees
- Major employers in the park: Darice Inc, (a division of Michael's), Intralot, and Dealer Tire

Overall, Strongsville's business parks are home to 7,624,041 SF of industrial/high tech build-out with an occupancy rate at 97%, as of December 31, 2019.

Job growth and business retention continued to be robust within the business parks in 2019. A highlight of several projects within the business parks include:

#### **CCL North American Headquarters**

- -Company Description: Manufacturer
- -Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- -Purchased 22.6 acres within the business park from the City of Strongsville to construct a new 112,000 SF manufacturing facility and office, establishing Strongsville as their new North American

Headquarters.

-Project will retain 246 existing employees and create 150 new jobs

#### Viccarone Heating & Air Conditioning

- -Company Description: Heating & Air Conditioning
- -Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- -Constructing new 17,895 SF corporate headquarters featuring corporate offices and warehouse space

#### **Solutions Industries**

- -Company Description:
- -Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- -Leased 78,000 SF
- -Relocated their corporate office and distribution center to Strongsville

#### Union Home Mortgage

- -Company Description: Mortgage Broker
- -Business Park: Dow Circle Research & Development Park
- -Continued buildout of corporate campus by occupies newly renovated 21,800 SF office building while beginning redevelopment of the 60,969 SF former ITT Tech office space
- -Company continues to aggressively expand their Corporate Headquarters within Strongsville with additional office facility renovations

#### Foundation Software

- -Company Description: Software Developer & Payroll Specialist for the Construction Industry
- -Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park & the Royalton Collection
- -Completed renovations and occupied new 120,000 SF corporate headquarters within the Royalton Collection
- -The company maintains their Foltz Parkway location and employs over 300 individuals within Strongsville

#### Patituce & Associates

- -Company Description: Law Firm
- -Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- -Purchased 15,000 SF office building within for new legal offices
- -Relocating 15+ new jobs to the City of Strongsville

#### Mills Business Park – Phase II

- -Company Description: Industrial Developer
- -Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- -Scannell Properties began construction of Phase II of the Mills Business Park project featuring a new 179,604 SF multi-tenant industrial building
- -Project construction is scheduled to be completed in 2020 with 30% of the new facility currently preleased

To facilitate the expansion and attraction of economic development projects, the City utilizes four tax incentive programs:

#### • Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Program

The City has established nineteen (19) Pre-1994 CRAs within and surrounding Strongsville's business parks. Improvements within these CRAs are granted an exemption from real estate property taxes for 100% of the incremental increase in assessed value for a period of up to 15 years.

#### • Strongsville Job/Payroll Creation Incentive Grant Program

The City of Strongsville utilizes an incentive program designed to attract large end-users with significant payroll to the community. Under the Strongsville Job/Payroll Creation Incentive Grant Program, a company that creates and maintains over \$6 million in new annual payroll within the City is eligible for an annual grant payment based on a percentage of the annual payroll withholding taxes generated by the project.

#### • Enterprise Zone Program

The City's Enterprise Zone Program provides tax incentives in a designated Enterprise Zone to businesses that agree to invest in capital improvements and create or retain jobs. Tax incentives under this program are negotiated and can provide tax abatements of up to 75% for a term of up to ten years, subject to City, County and State approval.

#### • Foreign Trade Zone (FTZ)

The City has seven (7) established FTZs within the City's business parks. FTZs allow companies to defer, reduce, or eliminate US Customs' duties.

The City has also created a Community Improvement Corporation, to facilitate future economic development. This non-profit corporation is registered with the State of Ohio and it is separate from the City, with its own code of regulations and directors. This corporation can be used to facilitate private entity borrowing or to hold properties, as approved by the City, for use in enhancing business opportunities.

In addition to the local tax incentive programs, the City of Strongsville utilizes County programs such as the Storefront Renovation Program and Brownfield Redevelopment Funds, as well as State programs for job creation and workforce development.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning, Initiatives and Accomplishments**

The City is very pleased that Moody's Investors Services reaffirmed the City's Aaa bond rating on November 19, 2019. This is the highest rating a city can receive, which attests to the City's prudent fiscal management and strong economic health.

The City's elected and appointed officials consider many factors when setting the budget parameters for each year. Budget priorities for the past several years continue to include; ensuring public safety, regionalism, providing high quality services, job creation and retention, maintaining infrastructure, and prudent fund balances to protect the City's Aaa bond rating. The City keeps these objectives in mind while diligently monitoring revenues and expenditures on a daily basis. The City continues to practice measures of cost containment. The City also strives to maintain adequate reserves to meet matching grant requirements enabling the City to pursue any grants or donations to fund operations and specific capital projects.

Although the City has not adopted a formal minimum fund balance policy, we have always strived to maintain fund balances that would finance at least a minimum of three months (25 percent) of operations. The Finance Department reviews all transactions on an on-going basis and balances bank accounts daily.

The City administration prepared and City Council adopted the 2019 annual budget prior to December 31, 2018. This affords City Departments the opportunity to bid projects beginning in January in order to take advantage of lower bids and save on construction projects.

The Earned Benefits, Health Insurance Reserve and Workers Compensation Reserve funds are all used to accumulate funds that can be used during times of higher expenditures or lower revenues. They are designed to smooth cash inflows and outflows in other operating funds. On generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis, the Earned Benefits fund was presented in the general fund and the Hospitalization Reserve fund and the Workers' Compensation Reserve fund were allocated back into the funds which contributed to it.

The City of Strongsville's Finance Department was proud to receive its 8<sup>th</sup> consecutive, Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2017. It was also the 6<sup>th</sup> year that the Finance Department produced its award winning Popular Annual Financial Report.

The Mayor, Economic Development Director and Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Specialist, have aggressively pursued the use of TIF Financing as an economic development tool. The City currently has eighteen state approved areas designated as TIF Financing Districts with four pending. Total TIF revenue collected since the inception of the TIF program has now reached \$14,305,215.

The City's Engineering Department has developed a proactive 10-phase Sanitary Sewer Capital Improvement Plan designed to eliminate 663 of the 850 septic systems in place throughout the City. The first six phases of this plan have been completed at a total construction cost of \$7,368,715. These projects were partially financed with grants from the Ohio Public Works Commission and Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District totaling \$2,480,307 and loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority totaling \$2,187,181.

These loans were obtained to initially pay the residents' share of the construction costs, which will be repaid from the proceeds of special assessments levied against the property owners who benefitted from these projects. Construction on Phase VII and the elimination of 35 systems is scheduled to be completed in 2020 at an estimated cost of \$1,256,275.

The City's Fire & Emergency Services Department utilized a \$161,764 energy efficiency infrastructure grant from the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). The grant was used in the reconstruction of Ward 1 Fire Station and will improve the energy efficiency of the facility.

The City's Senior Center received a \$100,000 grant from Cuyahoga County Division of Senior & Adult Services through its Community Social Services Program, to assist in senior adult development programs and transportation services.

The City's Recreation Department received a \$40,000 State of Ohio Nature Works grant from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR). The grant was utilized to furnish the second phase of an ADA-compliant playground which includes a zip line and a large play structure.

The City's Engineering Department was awarded a \$624,750 grant from the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District through its Member Community Infrastructure Grant Program for the Willow Lane Sanitary Sewer Project. This project includes the construction of an 8" sanitary sewer and appurtenances to eliminate existing septic systems.

The City's Engineering Department was also awarded a \$1,435,000 grant from the Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency (NOACA) for the Citywide Traffic Signal Project. This project includes upgrading all 57 signalized intersections in the city with a computerized system that monitors traffic patterns to improve the overall efficiency and safety of traffic flow.

The City has continued its commitment to improve infrastructure throughout the City, and to also upgrade its vehicle fleet and equipment. Approximately \$4.4 million was spent on roadway projects, concrete replacement and asphalt reconstruction and replacement, while a combined \$1.9 million was spent on the replacement of police radios, a city wide server, an ambulance, six pickup trucks, five police vehicles, a Cushman, six trailers, Scag lawn mower, baseball field groomer and various sanitary sewer equipment.

In 2019 the City hosted the 10th annual Strongsville Community Business Expo, a community-friendly event designed to support the local business community by increasing exposure of the goods and services they provide to the public. This event, which is marketed with social media boosts, radio spots, and advertisements in area newspapers. The Business Expo attracted over 100 business vendors that provided product demonstrations, samples and promotional literature to thousands of area residents and businesses.

For more than nineteen years, Strongsville has offered its residents curbside recycling. In 2019, a \$5,000 grant was received to design and distribute the City's Recycling newsletter, "Keeping Strongsville Green". Over 18,000 households now receive this newsletter that promotes the City's recycling program.

The City received its 24th – Tree City USA Award, sponsored by the National Arbor Day Foundation in cooperation with the U.S. Forest Service, the U.S. Conference of Mayors, the National Association of State Foresters, and the National League of Cities.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Strongsville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A certificate is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The successful completion of a report of this scope depends upon the dedicated contributions of many employees. The sincere appreciation of those primarily responsible for the completion of this CAFR is extended to all contributors, but especially those employees in the Department of Finance who have spent their time and energy on various parts of the report, and to the staff from James G. Zupka, Certified Public Accountants, Incorporated, for their assistance in compiling the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

In addition, we would like to thank the members of Strongsville City Council, for their support in striving for excellence in financial reporting and disclosure.

Respectfully submitted,

mes B. Berul

Thomas P. Perciak

Mayor

Joseph K. Dubovec, CPA

Director of Finance

## City of Strongsville, Ohio Elected Officials December 31, 2019

		Term
Official	<u>Term</u>	Expiration
Mayor:		
Thomas P. Perciak	4 years	December 31, 2023
Council Members:		
At-Large:		
Joseph C. DeMio - President	4 years	December 31, 2021
James E. Carbone - President Pro Tem	4 years	December 31, 2021
Matthew A. Schonhut	4 years	December 31, 2021
Wards:		
Mathew P. Patten (Ward 1)	4 years	December 31, 2019
Annmarie P. Roff (Ward 2)	4 years	December 31, 2019
Kelly A. Kosek (Ward 3)	4 years	December 31, 2019
Gordon C. Short (Ward 4)	4 years	December 31, 2019

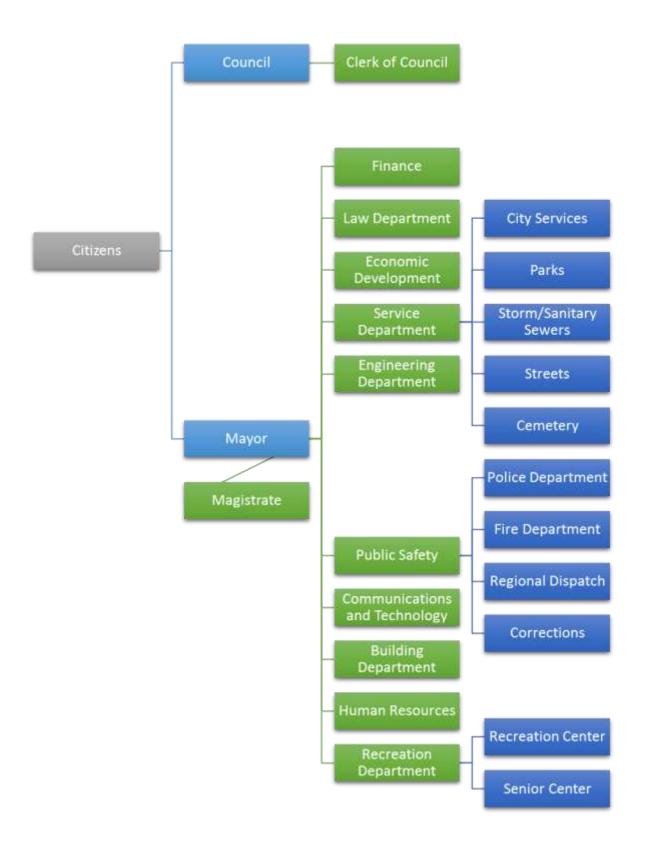
Appointed Officials December 31, 2019

Law Director: Communication & Technology Director: Neal M. Jamsion David E. Sems Assistant Law Director: **Human Resources Director:** Daniel J. Kolick Stephen F. Kilo Finance Director: Recreation, Parks & Senior Services Director: Joseph K. Dubovec, CPA Bryan V. Bogre Chief of Police: Service Director: Joseph M. Walker Mark Fender **Economic Development Director:** Chief of Fire: Brent T. Painter John D. Draves City Engineer: Magistrate: Kenneth P. Mikula Kenneth A. Kraus **Building Commissioner:** City Prosecutor: Anthony J. Biondillo John Castele Clerk of Council (Appointed by Council): Public Safety Director:

Aimee K. Pientka

Charles W. Goss

Organizational Chart December 31, 2019



Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

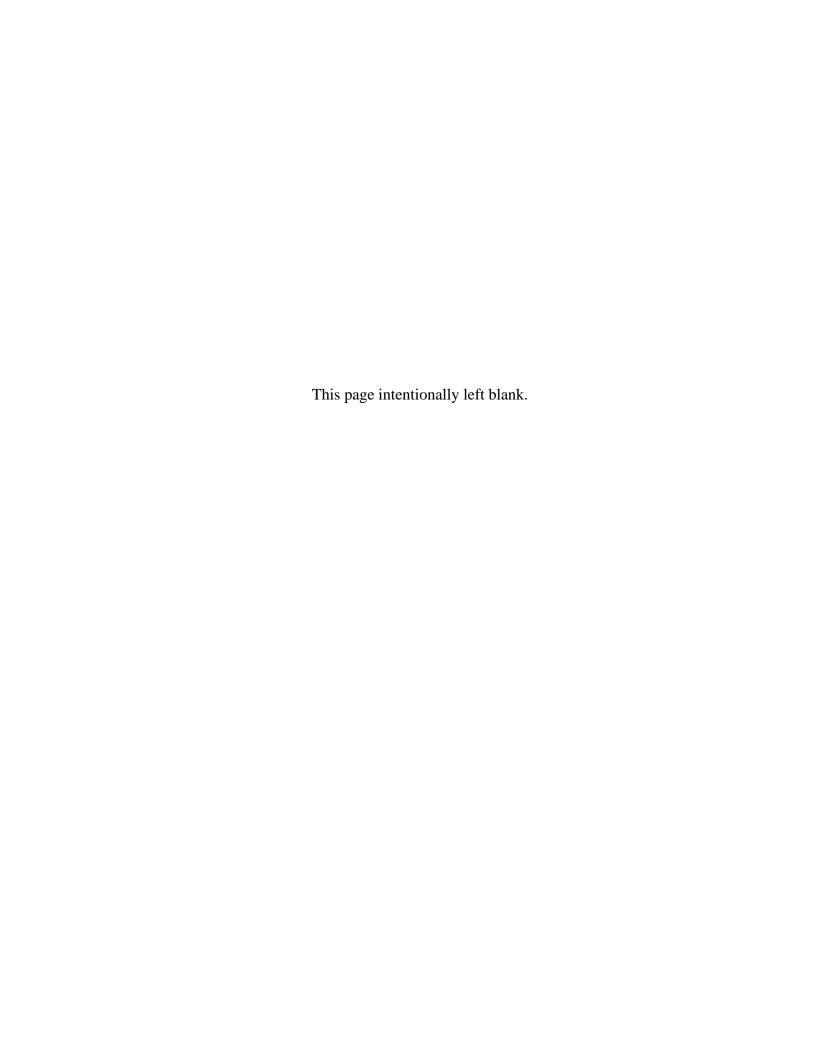
## City of Strongsville Ohio

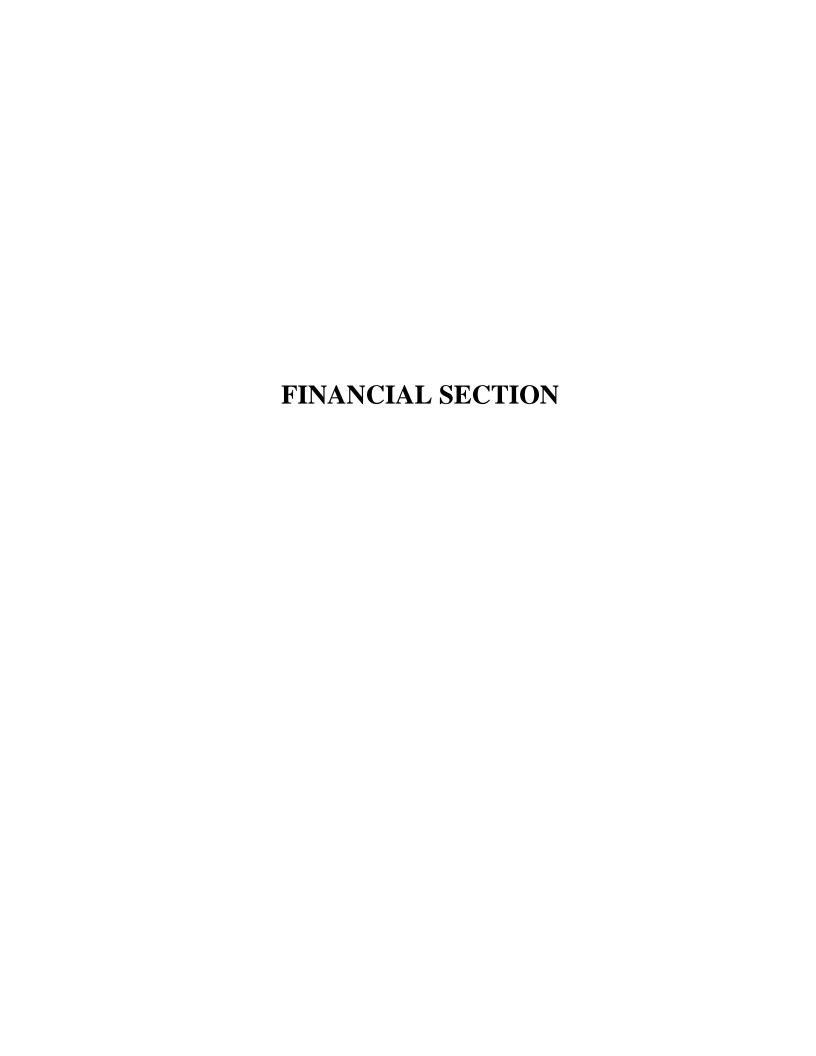
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2018** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









Lausche Building, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor 615 Superior Avenue, NW Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 (216) 787-3665 or (800) 626-2297 NortheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Strongsville Cuyahoga County 16099 Foltz Industrial Parkway Strongsville, Ohio 44149

To the City Council:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

City of Strongsville Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund, and Fire Levy Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

City of Strongsville Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Keeth John

Columbus, Ohio

June 26, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

As management of the City of Strongsville (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information contained in the financial statements and the notes thereof.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2019 by \$198,312,435.
- The City's total net position increased \$26,050,872 or 15.12 percent in 2019. Net position of the governmental activities increased \$24,633,861, which represents a 21.42 percent increase from 2018. Net position of the business-type activities increased \$1,417,011 or 2.48 percent from 2018.
- The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund made a change in its health care model resulting in a decrease in its current year OPEB expense. This change decreased the City's Security of persons and property expense by \$23,721,154 or 77.05 percent from 2018.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$20,875,469 at the end of the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$15,575,515 or 41.13 percent of the total General Fund expenditures (including transfers out). The General Fund experienced an increase of \$3,319,668 in its fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in one column.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the residual being reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, security of persons and property, public health services, transportation, community environment, basic utility services, leisure time activities, and interest and fiscal charges. The business-type activities include sanitary sewer services and improvements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 19 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 33 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund, Fire Levy Fund, General Bond Retirement Fund, and General Capital Improvement Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 28 governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-28 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its sanitary sewer operations. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally to the City's various functions. The City has two Internal Service Funds to account for workers' compensation coverage and health insurance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sanitary sewer operations, as it is considered a major fund and the internal service funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-32 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds.

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and can be found on pages 33-89.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information that the City believes readers will find useful. After the notes to the financial statements, the required supplementary information and notes to the required supplementary information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental and proprietary funds are presented, as well as individual detailed budgetary comparisons for non-major funds. This information can be found on pages 90-164 of the report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector. The accrual basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and the changes in that position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into the following categories:

- Assets
- Deferred Outflows of Resources
- Liabilities
- Deferred Inflows of Resources
- Net Position (Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources minus Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources)
- Program Expenses and Revenues
- General Revenues
- Net Position Beginning and End of Year

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

# The City of Strongsville as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole. The following provides a summary of the City's net position for 2019 compared to 2018.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total		
	2019	2018 *	2019	2018	2019	2018 *	
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$ 74,118,673	\$ 64,869,791	\$ 17,307,423	\$ 15,931,199	\$ 91,426,096	\$ 80,800,990	
Capital assets, net	196,383,532	198,250,699	46,377,479	46,574,994	242,761,011	244,825,693	
Net Pension Asset	68,796	72,967	5,178	5,492	73,974	78,459	
Total Assets	270,571,001	263,193,457	63,690,080	62,511,685	334,261,081	325,705,142	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferral on Refunding	2,031,185	2,290,079	-	-	2,031,185	2,290,079	
Pension	18,911,929	8,433,983	545,023	261,029	19,456,952	8,695,012	
OPEB	4,042,615	4,249,736	75,194	65,362	4,117,809	4,315,098	
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>							
of Resources	24,985,729	14,973,798	620,217	326,391	25,605,946	15,300,189	
LIABILITIES							
Current and other liabilities	3,811,723	8,090,532	251,214	530,127	4,062,937	8,620,659	
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	13,071,499	6,281,335	484,455	443,355	13,555,954	6,724,690	
Due in more than one year:							
Net Pension Liability	69,361,444	48,136,642	1,802,723	1,026,619	71,164,167	49,163,261	
Net OPEB Liability	16,067,834	41,239,044	828,079	706,961	16,895,913	41,946,005	
Other Amounts	38,491,254	41,740,979	2,262,144	2,598,997	40,753,398	44,339,976	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	140,803,754	145,488,532	5,628,615	5,306,059	146,432,369	150,794,591	
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES							
Property Taxes	9,864,587	9,549,447	-	-	9,864,587	9,549,447	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,196,451	1,823,873	-	-	2,196,451	1,823,873	
Pension	1,208,574	5,209,783	26,556	243,485	1,235,130	5,453,268	
OPEB	1,823,808	1,069,925	2,247	52,664	1,826,055	1,122,589	
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>							
of Resources	15,093,420	17,653,028	28,803	296,149	15,122,223	17,949,177	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in							
Capital Assets	158,096,697	157,042,285	43,960,039	43,847,136	202,056,736	200,889,421	
Restricted	22,079,657	22,449,428	43,700,039	45,047,130	22,079,657	22,449,428	
Unrestricted	(40,516,798)	(64,466,018)	14,692,840	13,388,732	(25,823,958)	(51,077,286)	
Total Net Position	\$ 139,659,556	\$ 115,025,695	\$ 58,652,879	\$ 57,235,868	\$ 198,312,435	\$ 172,261,563	
Total Net I Ushion	ψ 137,037,330	ψ 113,023,093	Ψ 30,032,019	ψ 31,233,606	ψ 170,312,433	ψ 1/2,201,303	

<sup>\*</sup> Restated

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the City at December 31, 2019 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The City previously adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and net pension asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position may serve as useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2019 by \$198,312,435. Due to the GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City reports a net pension of liability of \$71,164,167 and net OPEB liability of \$16,895,913. The recording of these pension and OPEB liabilities results in the City reporting total unrestricted net position of a negative \$25,823,958 and the governmental activities unrestricted net position was a negative \$40,516,798, respectively. The unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities was \$14,692,840, with net investment in capital assets accounting for \$43,960,039 or 74.95 percent of the total business-type activities' net position. It is important to note that the unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities, \$14,692,840, may not be used to fund governmental activities.

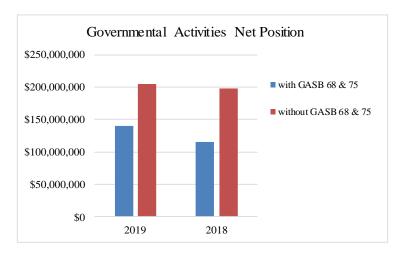
The largest portion of the City's total net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding along with any related deferred outflows/inflows of resources. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

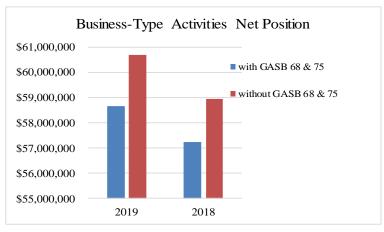
Total assets increased from 2018 to 2019 in the amount of \$8,555,939, while the City's total liabilities decreased by \$4,362,222. The increase in assets was primarily due to an increase in pooled cash and cash equivalents. Cash increased due to the following: Income tax revenue increased due to a continued healthy economy. Property taxes increased due to the sexennial reappraisal by the county in 2018, which was first reflected in the 2019 Distributions to the City. Payments in lieu of Taxes increased as monies from new Tax Increment Financing projects were first received in 2019. Investment earnings increased due to having more funds to invest, higher interest rates, and an increase in the fair market value of the City's portfolio. Increases in the state levied/shared gas tax, the return of State Local Government funding for City's that levy an income tax, as well as the sale of City land for \$650,000 also contributed to an increase in cash. Cash also increased due to the accumulation of resources for 2020 capital projects coupled with unspent resources for 2019 construction projects currently in progress. The decrease in liabilities is primarily the result of an increase in the Net Pension Liability of \$22,000,906 offset by a decrease in the Net OPEB Liability of \$25,050,092. The scheduled retirement of the City's long-term debt also contributed to the decrease in liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 75 requires the reader to perform additional calculations to determine the City's Total Net Position at December 31, 2019 without the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 75. This is an important exercise, as the State Pension Systems (OPERS & OP&F) collect, hold, invest, and distribute pensions to our employees, not the City of Strongsville. These calculations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	siness-Type Activities
Total Net Position at December 31, 2019 (with GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 139,659,556	\$ 58,652,879
GASB 68/75 Calculations:		
Add:		
Deferred Inflows related to Pension	1,208,574	26,556
Deferred Inflows related to OPEB	1,823,808	2,247
Net Pension Liability	69,361,444	1,802,723
Net OPEB Liability	16,067,834	828,079
Less:		
Net Pension Asset	(68,796)	(5,178)
Deferred Outflows related to Pension	(18,911,929)	(545,023)
Deferred Outflows related to OPEB	(4,042,615)	(75,194)
Total Net Position (without GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 205,097,876	\$ 60,687,089





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for the current year.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
REVENUES						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 9,126,383	\$ 7,993,148	\$ 7,898,147	\$ 7,639,666	\$ 17,024,530	\$ 15,632,814
Operating grants and contributions	3,656,675	2,416,764	-	-	3,656,675	2,416,764
Capital grants and contributions	588,890	4,416,614	1,090,354	1,622,890	1,679,244	6,039,504
Total Program Revenues	13,371,948	14,826,526	8,988,501	9,262,556	22,360,449	24,089,082
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	10,014,574	9,324,478	-	-	10,014,574	9,324,478
Municipal income taxes	37,453,465	35,702,476	-	-	37,453,465	35,702,476
Other taxes	1,267,421	1,303,597	-	-	1,267,421	1,303,597
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,061,623	1,588,960	-	-	2,061,623	1,588,960
Grants and entitlements	1,991,522	1,757,839	-	-	1,991,522	1,757,839
Investment income	1,530,571	907,713	333,766	278,014	1,864,337	1,185,727
All other revenues	482,504	168,100		9,475	482,504	177,575
Total General Revenues	54,801,680	50,753,163	333,766	287,489	55,135,446	51,040,652
Total Revenues	68,173,628	65,579,689	9,322,267	9,550,045	77,495,895	75,129,734
EXPENSES						
Program Expenses:						
Security of persons and property	7,065,433	30,786,587	-	-	7,065,433	30,786,587
Public health services	742,149	694,657	-	-	742,149	694,657
Leisure time activities	6,934,786	6,362,268	-	-	6,934,786	6,362,268
Community environment	2,099,904	1,936,789	-	-	2,099,904	1,936,789
Basic utility services	2,643,767	2,470,103	-	-	2,643,767	2,470,103
Transportation	17,664,738	17,026,618	-	-	17,664,738	17,026,618
General government	5,281,083	4,747,998	-	-	5,281,083	4,747,998
Interest and fiscal charges	1,214,403	1,249,396	60,523	70,161	1,274,926	1,319,557
Sanitary sewer			7,738,237	6,606,738	7,738,237	6,606,738
Total Expenses	43,646,263	65,274,416	7,798,760	6,676,899	51,445,023	71,951,315
Change in Net Position before Transfers	24,527,365	305,273	1,523,507	2,873,146	26,050,872	3,178,419
Transfers	106,496	1,587,555	(106,496)	(1,587,555)	-	-
Change in Net Position	24,633,861	1,892,828	1,417,011	1,285,591	26,050,872	3,178,419
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated	115,025,695	113,132,867	57,235,868	55,950,277	172,261,563	169,083,144
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 139,659,556	\$ 115,025,695	\$ 58,652,879	\$ 57,235,868	\$ 198,312,435	\$ 172,261,563

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$24,633,861. In 2018, pension and OPEB expense (including contractually required contributions) for Governmental funds was \$6,112,247. In 2019 pension and OPEB expense (including contractually required contributions) was (\$17,460,388) for a decrease in expenses of \$23,572,635. This decrease is attributable to The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) making a change to its health care model. Beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changing from the current health care model to the stipend-based health care model, OP&F management expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years. This change decreased the City's Security of persons and property expense by \$23,721,154 from 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

Several types of revenues fund the City's governmental activities with the City's income tax being the biggest contributor. The income tax rate was 2.00 percent for 2019, the same as the prior year. Both residents of the City and non-residents who work in the City are subject to the income tax. However, if residents work in a different locality that has a municipal income tax, the City provides a 75.00 percent credit up to 2.00 percent for those who pay income tax to another City. City Council could by Ordinance, choose to reduce that income tax credit and create additional revenues for the City. The municipal income tax revenue for 2019 was \$37,453,465. Of the \$68,173,628 in total program and general revenues, municipal income tax accounts for 54.94 percent of that total.

Property taxes of \$10,014,574 account for 14.69 percent of total revenues; charges for services account for 13.39 percent of total revenues; operating and capital grants and contributions, and general revenues from grants and entitlements account for 9.15 percent of total governmental revenues; and investment earnings, other taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, and all other revenues make up the remaining 7.83 percent. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$3,827,724 in 2019 because the City received more infrastructure donations in 2018.

The City monitors its sources of revenues very closely for fluctuations. Municipal income taxes, property taxes, Charges for services, Payments in lieu of taxes, and Investment income all increased in 2019 due to a continued healthy economy with minimal delinquencies.

The provisions of GASB Statements 68 and 75 required the City to recognize a pension/OPEB adjustment that reduced expenses by \$23,572,635 in 2019 compared to 2018. As a result, it is difficult to ascertain the true operational cost of services and the changes in the cost of services from year to year. The table below shows the total cost of services by function with the GASB Statements 68 and 75 pension and OPEB costs removed.

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
EXPENSES					
Program Expenses:					
Security of persons and property	\$ 27,796,688	\$ 26,421,077			
Public health services	710,303	677,034			
Leisure time activities	6,067,645	5,904,069			
Community environment	1,771,199	1,767,149			
Basic utility services	2,643,767	2,470,103			
Transportation	16,349,518	16,310,136			
General government	4,553,128	4,363,205			
Interest and fiscal charges	1,214,403	1,249,396			
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$ 61,106,651	\$ 59,162,169			

Using the adjusted amounts from the table above, the City's total governmental activities experienced a 3.29 percent increase in 2019 program expenses when compared to 2018 expenses. The largest program function for the City is security of persons and property. During 2019, 45.49 percent of all program expenses relate to security of persons and property, which includes Police and Fire protection. The expenses of this program experienced a 5.21 percent increase from 2018 to 2019. This increase was due to full staffing levels throughout 2019 made possible by lateral transfers from other departments, the addition of a new first responders pay bonus, and the purchase of various special operating equipment used in the fire department.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

The second largest program function of the City is transportation and the expenses of this program increased 0.24 percent. During 2019, 26.76 percent of program expenses relate to transportation, which includes road repairs and snow removal. The annual depreciation expense that is included in the total transportation expense is \$6,901,846.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities of the City, which pertain to the City's sanitary sewer operations, increased the City's total net position by \$1,417,011. A variety of factors contributed to this change. Operating revenues increased about 3.38 percent because the City's rates increased in conjunction with a rate increase from the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District (NEORSD) however the volume of sewage treated expressed in MFC (Thousand cubic feet) decreased. Salaries and fringe benefits increased because an additional three man sewer crew was redeployed from the Street Department in an effort to do more sewer cleaning which should also help prevent drainage issues. Contract services increased by about 22.7 percent as maintenance costs for our aging sewer plants and expenses related to sewer line cleaning and grouting increased. Net position also increased because in 2018 Sanitary Sewer fund capital distributions to Governmental activities were \$1,587,555 compared to only \$106,496 in 2019.

#### **Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported an ending combined fund balance of \$48,104,575, an increase of \$11,372,686 in comparison with the prior year. \$15,539,787 of the ending combined fund balance for 2019 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *or committed* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is not in spendable form or it has already been restricted or committed by external or internal constraints.

All governmental funds had total revenues of \$67,461,541 and expenditures of \$63,003,445 (not including other financing sources and uses) with revenues exceeding expenditures by \$4,458,096. Total revenues increased 9.19 percent in 2019 while expenditures increased 2.89 percent in 2019. The revenue increase was mainly due to a healthy economy and low unemployment resulting in increased income tax collections, charges for services and interest income. The largest expenditure increase was in Security of Persons and Property due to increased costs associated with providing Police and Fire services.

#### **General Fund Analysis**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the beginning of the current year, total restated fund balance for the General Fund was \$17,555,801. General Fund expenditures (including transfers out) for the current year were \$37,870,970, with revenues and other financing sources of \$41,190,638, leaving a fund balance of \$20,875,469, and an unassigned balance of \$15,575,515 in the General Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures (including transfers out). The General Fund's unassigned fund balance represents 41.13 percent of total General Fund expenditures (including transfers out) while total fund balance represents 55.12 percent of that same amount. In 2019, the fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$3,319,668 when compared to 2018. Revenue highlights include an increase in income taxes of \$1,660,641 due a healthy economy and low unemployment. Charges for services increased because Olmsted Township joined the City's Joint Dispatch Center in 2019 and we collected a full years' of charges from the City of Brook Park in 2019 versus only two months of fees in 2018. Finally, interest income increased by about 75 percent in 2019. Most of the increase in expenditures was due to higher personnel costs in the Security of Persons & Property expense function.

### **Other Major Governmental Funds Analysis**

The City's Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund experienced an increase of \$1,976,928 in its 2019 fund balance when compared to 2018 primarily due to an increase in the Ohio gas tax that went into effect in July of 2019, as well as a healthy increase in income taxes and the issuance of a long term note. Capital outlays decreased by \$450,249 mostly due to a large purchase of snow plowing equipment of \$727,405 made in 2018.

The City's Fire Levy Fund experienced a decrease of \$961,603 in its 2019 fund balance when compared to 2018. Property taxes increased by \$182,812 due to the 2018 county reappraisal first collected in 2019. Expenditures for capital outlay increased by \$129,848 primarily due to the purchase of SCUBA and extraction equipment, as well as expenditures of \$180,000 for the replacement of turn out gear which occurs every five years accounted for most of the increase in expenditures. A planned decision to reduce the Operating Transfer in from the General Fund also contributed to the decrease in fund balance.

The City's General Bond Retirement Fund balance experienced an increase of \$464,992 in 2019. Almost all of this change in fund balance was because of an increase in property taxes due to the county reappraisal of real property in 2018 that was first collected and remitted to the City in 2019.

The City's General Capital Improvement Fund experienced an increase of \$3,441,446 in its 2019 fund balance when compared to 2018. Notable items include a Federal Grant passed thru the Ohio Department of Transportation of \$199,296 for sidewalk and traffic signal improvements and an Energized Community Grant from NOPEC for \$161,764 which funded energy conservation projects for Fire Station Number One. The other major item contributing to the increase in fund balance was a one-time sale of City owned property for \$650,000 which will be used for development and the issuance of a long-term note in the amount of \$3,000,000.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for transactions on a cash basis. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of 2019, the City amended its General Fund budget on various occasions. All recommendations for budget changes come to the Finance Committee of City Council for review before going to the whole Council for ordinance enactment on the change. The City does allow small interdepartmental budget changes that modify line items within departments within the same fund. The General Fund supports many of the City's major activities such as the Police Department, Fire Department, Service Department, and Recreation Department, as well as most legislative and executive activities. The General Fund is monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or overspending by individual departments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

For the General Fund, original budgeted revenues (including other financing sources) were \$38,845,239. The final budgeted revenue amount (including other financing sources) was \$43,731,483. This increase was due to an increase in the estimates for income taxes, interest income, advances-in and charges for services. The actual revenues (including other financing sources) were lower than the final budgeted amounts by \$410,325.

Original General Fund budgeted expenditures (including other financing uses) were \$38,741,000 and the final amended budgeted expenditures (including other financing uses) were \$43,425,700. The main contributors to this increase was an increase in transfers out of \$2,000,000 to provide resources for future capital projects and an increase of \$2,000,000 for a temporary advance to the TIF Capital Improvement Fund which was repaid in 2019 upon the issuance of Bond Anticipation Notes. Actual General Fund expenditures (including other financing uses) were \$41,645,386 or 4.10 percent less than the final budgeted amounts. Positive expenditure variances were most notable in the security of persons and property and general government expense functions due to operating expenditures being less than originally estimated.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets - The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019, amounts to \$242,761,011 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, streets, sidewalks, bridges, traffic signalization, and storm and sanitary sewers.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 11,322,884	\$ 11,584,462	\$ 1,508,079	\$ 1,508,079	\$ 12,830,963	\$ 13,092,541	
Construction in progress	3,623,987	1,556,430	2,674,804	1,893,939	6,298,791	3,450,369	
<b>Total Non-Depreciable</b>	14,946,871	13,140,892	4,182,883	3,402,018	19,129,754	16,542,910	
Buildings	39,578,609	40,274,863	3,703,594	3,866,562	43,282,203	44,141,425	
Land improvements	1,872,456	1,857,413	260,714	266,396	2,133,170	2,123,809	
Machinery and equipment	1,945,458	1,309,888	1,513,303	1,682,329	3,458,761	2,992,217	
Furniture and fixtures	124,703	140,896	986	986	125,689	141,882	
Vehicles	4,885,248	5,391,566	770,791	821,868	5,656,039	6,213,434	
Infrastructure:							
Streets	68,013,104	68,957,000	-	-	68,013,104	68,957,000	
Bridges	141,246	148,960	-	-	141,246	148,960	
Storm sewers	59,524,928	61,267,967	-	-	59,524,928	61,267,967	
Sidewalks	2,362,202	2,526,857	-	-	2,362,202	2,526,857	
Traffic signalization	2,988,707	3,234,397	-	-	2,988,707	3,234,397	
Sanitary sewers			35,945,208	36,534,835	35,945,208	36,534,835	
Total Depreciable,							
Net of Depreciation	181,436,661	185,109,807	42,194,596	43,172,976	223,631,257	228,282,783	
Total Capital Assets,							
Net of Depreciation	\$ 196,383,532	\$ 198,250,699	\$ 46,377,479	\$ 46,574,994	\$ 242,761,011	\$ 244,825,693	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

Major capital asset events during 2019 included the following:

- Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$2,064,682;
- Governmental activity capital assets decreased by \$1,867,167 (net of accumulated depreciation). This decrease was due to current year depreciation expense exceeding capital additions.
- Business-type activity capital assets decreased by \$197,515 (net of accumulated depreciation). This decrease was also due to current year depreciation expense exceeding capital additions.

Refer to Note 10 of the basic financial statements for more detail on capital asset activity.

**Debt** - The General Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund is funded primarily with 2.3 mills of the City's inside property tax millage, property tax related intergovernmental revenues, and General Fund transfers. At December 31, 2019, the City had \$42,345,626 of long-term bonds, notes and loans outstanding, with \$39,928,186 in governmental activities and \$2,417,440 in business-type activities and is included herein.

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2019	2018	2019		2018		2019	2018	
C 1011' ' D 1	¢ 22 000 000	¢ 24 945 000	¢.		Ф		¢ 22 000 000	¢ 24 945 000	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 32,090,000	\$ 34,845,000	\$	-	2	-	\$ 32,090,000	\$ 34,845,000	
Long-term Notes	6,100,000	-		-		-	6,100,000	-	
OPWC Loan	1,738,186	1,846,822	ç	13,405		962,778	2,651,591	2,809,600	
OWDA Loans			1,5	504,035		1,765,080	1,504,035	1,765,080	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 39,928,186	\$ 36,691,822	\$ 2,4	117,440	\$ 2,727,858		\$ 42,345,626	\$ 39,419,680	

In a continuing effort to be conscientious about how taxpayer dollars are spent, the City has received a Aaa rating from Moody's Investors Service. This rating was recently reaffirmed by Moody's in conjunction with its most recent annual review of the City's financial statements. Strongsville remains one of the few cities in Ohio to have been awarded this rating.

The City is within all of its legal debt limitations. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt (as defined in the Ohio Revised Code) of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5 percent of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5 percent of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by the ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2019, the City's overall legal debt margin was at \$132,787,796 and the unvoted legal debt margin was at \$51,744,766. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is limited to ten mills. This millage is measured against the property values in each overlapping district.

Refer to Notes 14 and 15 of the basic financial statements for more detail on short-term and long-term debt activity.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 Unaudited

#### **Economic Factors**

The total negative financial impact caused by the Federal and State-wide lockdown due to the Covid-19 outbreak has not yet been determined. The City's elected and appointed officials are monitoring the loss of all revenues on a daily basis. Expense budgets for the current year are being reexamined and reduced and non-essential purchases are being postponed. The City's administration is actively pursuing all grants and reimbursements to fund operations.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives, spends, or invests. If you have any questions about this report or need financial information contact Director of Finance, Joseph K. Dubovec, CPA, City of Strongsville, 16099 Foltz Parkway, Strongsville, Ohio 44149, telephone 440-580-3100.

City of Strongsville, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS  Finite in People of Cook and Cook Engineering	¢ 46.221.041	¢ 14.174.560	¢ (0.406.500
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 46,321,941	\$ 14,174,568	\$ 60,496,509 782,430
Materials and Supplies Inventory Accounts Receivable	782,430 866,686	1,592,910	2,459,596
Accounts Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable	225,590	1,392,910	2,439,390
Intergovernmental Receivable	5,503,232	-	5,503,232
Hotel Taxes Receivable	17,679	_	17,679
Franchise Taxes Receivable	184,558	_	184,558
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes Receivable	27,795	_	27,795
Prepaid Items	843,786	149,108	992,894
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable	9,218,458	-	9,218,458
Property Taxes Receivable	10,125,405	_	10,125,405
Special Assessments Receivable	1,113	1,390,837	1,391,950
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	14,946,871	4,182,883	19,129,754
Depreciable Capital Assets	181,436,661	42,194,596	223,631,257
Net Pension Asset	68,796	5,178	73,974
Total Assets	270,571,001	63,690,080	334,261,081
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferral on Refunding	2,031,185	_	2,031,185
Pension	18,911,929	545,023	19,456,952
OPEB	4,042,615	75,194	4,117,809
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	24,985,729	620,217	25,605,946
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	635,212	78,132	713,344
Contracts Payable	1,272,040	70,132	1,272,040
Accrued Wages and Benefits	868,770	39,340	908,110
Intergovernmental Payable	200,283	5,999	206,282
Accrued Interest Payable	140,640	-	140,640
Retainage Payable	140,255	127,743	267,998
Unearned Revenue	554,523	-	554,523
Long-term Liabilities:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Due within one year	13,071,499	484,455	13,555,954
Due in more than one year:			
Net Pension Liability	69,361,444	1,802,723	71,164,167
Net OPEB Liability	16,067,834	828,079	16,895,913
Other Amounts Due in more than one year	38,491,254	2,262,144	40,753,398
Total Liabilities	140,803,754	5,628,615	146,432,369
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	9,864,587	-	9,864,587
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,196,451	-	2,196,451
Pension	1,208,574	26,556	1,235,130
OPEB	1,823,808	2,247	1,826,055
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,093,420	28,803	15,122,223
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	158,096,697	43,960,039	202,056,736
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	4,440,553	-	4,440,553
Capital Projects	7,579,695	-	7,579,695
Police and Fire	652,484	-	652,484
Streets and Highways	7,773,531	-	7,773,531
Drainage Levy	1,472,543	-	1,472,543
Other Purposes	160,851	-	160,851
Unrestricted Total Not Position	(40,516,798)	14,692,840	(25,823,958)
Total Net Position	\$ 139,659,556	\$ 58,652,879	\$ 198,312,435

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Prog	ram Revenue	S	
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Frants and Intributions
<b>Primary Government:</b>							
Governmental activities:							
Security of Persons and Property	\$	7,065,433	\$ 4,078,643	\$	135,317	\$	161,764
Public Health Services		742,149	69,050		-		-
Leisure Time Activities		6,934,786	3,129,469		218,400		49,496
Community Environment		2,099,904	1,350,004		5,000		-
Basic Utility Services		2,643,767	57,640		-		-
Transportation		17,664,738	13,792		3,297,958		377,630
General Government		5,281,083	427,785		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,214,403	 -		-		
<b>Total Governmental activities</b>		43,646,263	9,126,383		3,656,675		588,890
<b>Business-type activities:</b>							
Sanitary Sewer		7,798,760	7,898,147		-		1,090,354
<b>Total Business-type activities</b>		7,798,760	7,898,147		-		1,090,354
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	51,445,023	\$ 17,024,530	\$	3,656,675	\$	1,679,244

#### **General Revenues:**

Property Taxes levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service Purpose

Other Purposes

Municipal Income Taxes levied for:

General Purposes

Other Purposes

**Hotel Taxes** 

Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Payments in Lieu of Taxes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Income

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

All Other Revenues

Transfers

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated

**Net Position - End of Year** 

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Governmental		Business-type	
Activities	<u> </u>	Activities	Total
\$ (2,689,	709) \$	-	\$ (2,689,709)
(673,	099)	-	(673,099)
(3,537,	421)	-	(3,537,421)
(744,	900)	-	(744,900)
(2,586,	127)	-	(2,586,127)
(13,975,	358)	-	(13,975,358)
(4,853,	298)	-	(4,853,298)
(1,214,	403)	-	(1,214,403)
(30,274,	315)	-	(30,274,315)
	<u> </u>	1,189,741	1,189,741
	<u> </u>	1,189,741	1,189,741
(30,274,	315)	1,189,741	(29,084,574)
492,	537	_	492,537
3,324,		_	3,324,843
6,197,		_	6,197,194
0,177,			0,177,171
33,415,	106	-	33,415,106
4,038,	359	-	4,038,359
176,	880	-	176,880
355,	213	-	355,213
735,	328	-	735,328
2,061,	623	-	2,061,623
1,991,	522	-	1,991,522
1,530,	571	333,766	1,864,337
431,	501	-	431,501
51,	003	-	51,003
106,	496	(106,496)	<u>-</u>
54,908,	176	227,270	55,135,446
24,633,	861	1,417,011	26,050,872
115,025,	695	57,235,868	172,261,563
\$ 139,659,	556 \$	5 58,652,879	\$ 198,312,435

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

ASSETS		General Fund	M	Street onstruction, aintenance & Repair		Fire Levy	<u> </u>	General Bond Retirement	In	General Capital nprovement
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,170,052	\$	4.325.046	\$	1,312,110	\$	2,770,771	\$	7,937,841
Materials and Supplies Inventory	-	72,772	7	709,658	-	-	-	-,,	-	-
Accrued Interest Receivable		198,649		15,049		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable		659,827		12,642		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		387,408		1,684,034		276,178		203,749		174,617
Prepaid Items		96,958		66,429		53,750		_		-
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable		8,225,880		992,578		-		_		-
Property Taxes Receivable		490,276		-		4,550,825		3,357,338		-
Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-		-		1,113
Hotel Taxes Receivable		17,679		-		-		-		-
Franchise Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		184,558
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes Receivable	Φ.	- 25 210 501	Φ.	7.005.426	Φ.	- 102.062	Φ.		Φ.	- 0.200.120
Total Assets	\$	25,319,501	\$	7,805,436	\$	6,192,863	\$	6,331,858	\$	8,298,129
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	Φ.	207 707	•	00.052	•	15.015	•		Φ.	4.002
Accounts Payable	\$	397,797	\$	99,063	\$	15,215	\$	-	\$	4,882
Accrued Wages and Benefits		439,150		111,769		259,701		-		1 112 700
Contracts Payable		-		16 100		2.720		-		1,113,799
Intergovernmental Payable		32,337		16,189		3,739		-		20 5 4 2
Accrued Interest Payable		-		14,132		-		-		38,542
Retainage Payable		1 100		-		-		-		77,850
Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue		1,100		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		870,384		241,153		278,655		-		1,235,073
Total Liabilities		070,304		241,133		276,033				1,233,073
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property Taxes and Payments in Lieu of Taxes		477,647		-		4,433,601		3,270,857		-
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		12,629		-		117,224		86,481		-
Unavailable Revenue - Income Taxes		2,762,644		333,029		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Other		320,728		1,237,993		276,178		203,749		74,826
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		3,573,648		1,571,022		4,827,003		3,561,087		74,826
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		169,730		776,087		53,750		-		-
Restricted		-		5,217,174		1,033,455		2,770,771		6,988,230
Committed		5,130,224		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		15,575,515		- 5.002.255		1.007.207				-
Total Fund Balances		20,875,469		5,993,261		1,087,205		2,770,771		6,988,230
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	25,319,501	\$	7,805,436	\$	6,192,863	\$	6,331,858	\$	8,298,129

Go	Other overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds	Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fu Net Position of Governmental Ac December 31, 2019			
\$	10,988,870	\$	42,504,690	Total Governmental Funds Balance		\$	48,104,575
	-		782,430				
	11,892		225,590	Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net P	Position		
	194,217		866,686	are different because:			
	1,100		1,100				
	2,604,461		5,330,447	Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resor	urces		107 202 522
	106,192		323,329	and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			196,383,532
	1,726,966		9,218,458 10,125,405	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period exp	andituras		
	1,720,900		1,113	and, therefore, are unavailable revenue in the funds:	enatures		
	_		17,679	and, therefore, are unavariable revenue in the railas.			
	_		184,558	Delinquent property taxes \$	260,818		
	27,795		27,795	Municipal income taxes	3,095,673		
\$	15,661,493	\$	69,609,280	Special assessments	1,113		
				Intergovernmental	2,156,666		
				Franchise Taxes	73,713		
				Charges for services	164,467		
				Total			5,752,450
\$	118,255	\$	635,212				
	58,150		868,770	In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding			
	158,241		1,272,040	bonds, whereas in Governmental funds, an interest expenditure			
	111,600		163,865	is reported when due.			(85,188)
	2,778		55,452				
	62,405		140,255	Internal Service funds are used by management to charge costs			
	-		1,100	of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The asse			
	554,523		554,523	and liabilities of the Internal Service funds are included in Governm	nental		1.076.176
	1,065,952		3,691,217	Activities in the Statement of Net Position.			1,976,176
				The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payal	hle in the		
	3,878,933		12,061,038	current period, and the net pension asset is not available for spendir			
	44,484		260,818	current period; therefore the asset, liability, and related deferred in	flows/		
	-		3,095,673	outflows are not reported in governmental funds:			
	282,485		2,395,959				
	4,205,902		17,813,488	Deferred Outflows - Pension	18,911,929		
				Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,208,574)		
				Net Pension Asset	68,796		
	106,192		1,105,759	· ·	(69,361,444)		
	6,987,025		22,996,655	Deferred Outflows - OPEB	4,042,615		
	3,332,150		8,462,374	Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,823,808)		
	(35,728)		15,539,787		(16,067,834)		(55.400.000)
	10,389,639		48,104,575	Total			(65,438,320)
•	15,661,493	<b>¢</b>	69,609,280	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payab	la in tha		
Þ	13,001,493	\$	09,009,280		ne in the		
				current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
				General obligation bonds	(32,090,000)		
				Long Term Notes	(6,100,000)		
				OPWC loan	(1,738,186)		
				Unamortized premiums	(1,756,160)		
				Capital Leases	(23,271)		
				Deferral on refunding	2,031,185		
				Compensated absences	(7,160,642)		
				Total	<u> </u>	\$	(47,033,669)
				Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	139,659,556
				1.00 2 Obliver of Governmental factivities		Ψ	107,007,000

# City of Strongsville, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General Fund	Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair	Fire Levy	General Bond Retirement	General Capital Improvement
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 490.299	\$ -	\$ 4,464,174	\$ 3,310,310	\$ -
Municipal Income Taxes	33,706,024	4,074,720	\$ 4,404,174	\$ 3,310,310	<b>5</b> -
Hotel Taxes	176,880	4,074,720	-	-	-
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes	170,000	-	-	-	-
Franchise Taxes	-	-	-	-	734,801
Payments in Lieu of Taxes				_	754,001
Intergovernmental	869,146	2,511,708	557,448	410,027	361,060
Interest	1.310.099	119,371	557,446	410,027	6.094
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	1.185.731	119,371	2,720	_	0,094
Fines and Forfeitures	824,776		2,720		
Charges for Services	2,158,279	12,642	6.093		900
Contributions and Donations	3,377	12,642	5,410	_	-
Special Assessments	5,511	_	5,410	_	8,335
All Other Revenues	436,213	_	_	_	0,333
Total Revenues	41,160,824	6,718,441	5,035,845	3,720,337	1,111,190
EXPENDITURES					
Security of Persons and Property	15,503,017	_	8,217,600	_	_
Public Health Services	349,028	_	_	_	_
Leisure Time Activities	326,813	-	_	-	-
Community Environment	1,585,511	-	-	-	-
Basic Utility Services	2,498,222	-	-	-	-
Transportation	86,038	9,283,187	_	-	145,107
General Government	4,429,233	-	-	_	2,247
Capital Outlay	154,598	567,524	129,848	_	4,105,247
Debt Service:				-	
Principal Retirement	5,710	18,906	-	2,458,636	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	800	40,994	-	893,500	67,143
Debt Issuance Costs				54,861	
Total Expenditures	24,938,970	9,910,611	8,347,448	3,406,997	4,319,744
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	16,221,854	(3,192,170)	(3,311,603)	313,340	(3,208,554)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets	833	69,098	-	-	650,000
Inception of Capital Lease	28,981	-	-	-	-
Bond Anticipation Notes	-	1,100,000	-	-	3,000,000
Premium on Debt Issuance	-	-	-	51,652	-
Transfers In	-	4,000,000	2,350,000	100,000	3,000,000
Transfers Out	(12,932,000)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,902,186)	5,169,098	2,350,000	151,652	6,650,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,319,668	1,976,928	(961,603)	464,992	3,441,446
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated	17,555,801	4,016,333	2,048,808	2,305,779	3,546,784
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 20,875,469	\$ 5,993,261	\$ 1,087,205	\$ 2,770,771	\$ 6,988,230

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Chang in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activit For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	
\$ 1,705,184	\$ 9,969,967 37,780,744	Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$ 11,372,686
355,213	176,880 355,213 734,801	Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
2,061,623	2,061,623	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
778,755	5,488,144	Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their	
95,007	1,530,571	estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
112,350	1,300,801	depreciation exceeded capital outlay and donations in the current period.	
85,969 4,341,889	910,745 6,519,803	Capital outlay \$ 7,560,177	
127,911	136,698	Infrastructure donations 106,496	
-	8,335	Depreciation (9,231,384)	
51,003	487,216	Total	(1,564,711)
9,714,904	67,461,541	In the Statement of Activities, only the loss on the disposal of capital assets is	
		reported, whereas, in the Governmental Funds, the proceeds from the disposals	
3,078,469	26,799,086	increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the	
357,275	706,303	change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets.	(302,456)
4,959,299	5,286,112	Possession the Continuous of Audicities (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
169,921 145,545	1,755,432 2,643,767	Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
115,788	9,630,120	resources are not reported as revenues in the runds.	
35,879	4,467,359	Delinquent property taxes 44,607	
2,602,960	7,560,177	Municipal income taxes (327,279)	
405.000	2 000 252	Special assessments (8,003)	
405,000 209,189	2,888,252 1,211,626	Intergovernmental 611,928 Franchise Taxes 527	
350	55,211	Charges for services (41,194)	
12,079,675	63,003,445	Total	280,586
(2,364,771)	4,458,096		
14,026	733,957 28,981	Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	
2,000,000	6,100,000	Pension	4,568,086
4,482,000	51,652 13,932,000	OPEB	72,614
(1,000,000) 5,496,026 3,131,255	(13,932,000) (13,932,000) 6,914,590 11,372,686	Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability and net pension asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.	
7,258,384 \$ 10,389,639	36,731,889 \$ 48,104,575	Pension OPEB	(11,317,904) 24,137,592
		Repayment of bond principal, loans and leases are expenditures in the Governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	2,888,252
		Other financing sources in the Governmental funds increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. These sources were attributed to the issuance of a capital lease and long-term note.	(6,180,633)
		Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental funds.	
		Compensated absences (356,048) Accrued interest on bonds 6,765 Amortization of premiums 304,564 Amortization of deferral on refunding (258,894)	(202 (12)
		Total	(303,613)
		Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge costs to certain	
		activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of Internal Service funds are reported in the Governmental Activities.	 983,362
		Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 24,633,861

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Revenues:         Criginal         Final         Actual         (Negative)           Municipal Income Taxes         \$ 32,230,000         \$ 33,500,000         \$ 33,479,171         \$ (20,829)           Property Taxes         458,145         490,299         490,299         -           Hotel Taxes         180,000         180,000         166,755         (13,245)           Intergovernmental Revenues         644,394         832,784         825,334         (7,450)           Charges for Services         1,993,600         2,179,100         2,154,905         (24,195)           Fees, Licenses, and Permits         1,030,500         1,192,500         1,185,731         (6,769)           Fines and Forfeitures         800,500         975,500         868,451         (107,049)           Interest Income         720,000         965,000         967,724         2,724           Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         416,24,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498 <th></th> <th colspan="2">Budgeted Amounts</th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">Variance with Final Budget Positive</th>		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Municipal Income Taxes         \$ 32,230,000         \$ 33,500,000         \$ 33,479,171         \$ (20,829)           Property Taxes         448,145         490,299         490,299         -           Hotel Taxes         180,000         180,000         166,755         (13,245)           Intergovernmental Revenues         644,394         832,784         825,334         (7,450)           Charges for Services         1,993,600         2,179,100         2,154,905         (24,195)           Fees, Licenses, and Permits         1,030,500         1,192,500         1,185,731         (6,769)           Fines and Forfeitures         800,500         975,500         868,451         (107,049)           Interest Income         720,000         965,000         967,724         2,724           Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellancous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         2         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Expenditures         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,50         437,600         417,829	Damanasa	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Property Taxes		¢ 22 220 000	¢ 22 500 000	¢ 22 470 171	¢ (20,920)	
Hotel Taxes	<u> </u>				\$ (20,629)	
Intergovernmental Revenues         644,394         832,784         825,334         (7,450)           Charges for Services         1,993,600         2,179,100         2,154,095         (24,195)           Fees, Licenses, and Permits         1,030,500         1,192,500         1,185,731         (6,769)           Fines and Forfeitures         800,500         975,500         868,451         (107,049)           Interest Income         720,000         965,000         967,724         2,724           Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures           Current:           Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         1,779,600         1,798,000         17,560,064         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589					(12 245)	
Charges for Services         1,993,600         2,179,100         2,154,905         (24,195)           Fees, Licenses, and Permits         1,030,500         1,192,500         1,185,731         (6,769)           Fines and Forfeitures         800,500         975,500         868,451         (107,049)           Interest Income         720,000         965,000         967,724         2,724           Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures:           Current:         Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589						
Fees, Licenses, and Permits         1,030,500         1,192,500         1,185,731         (6,769)           Fines and Forfeitures         800,500         975,500         868,451         (107,049)           Interest Income         720,000         965,000         967,724         2,724           Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures:           Current:         Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840	6					
Fines and Forfeitures         800,500         975,500         868,451         (107,049)           Interest Income         720,000         965,000         967,724         2,724           Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures:           Current:         Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         147,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156 <td< th=""><th>•</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	•					
Interest Income   720,000   965,000   967,724   2,724   Contributions and Donations   1,000   1,000   3,377   2,377   Miscellaneous   787,100   1,308,300   1,072,578   (235,722)   Total Revenues   38,845,239   41,624,483   41,214,325   (410,158)   Expenditures:						
Contributions and Donations         1,000         1,000         3,377         2,377           Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures:           Current:         Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Sale of Capital Assets         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         2,106,000         2,106,000 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Miscellaneous         787,100         1,308,300         1,072,578         (235,722)           Total Revenues         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures:           Current:         Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         2,468,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         2         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances Out         -         2,000,000         2,106,000         -           Total Other		*				
Expenditures:         38,845,239         41,624,483         41,214,325         (410,158)           Expenditures:           Current:           Security of Persons and Property         15,757,000         16,119,600         15,508,020         611,580           Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         2,106,000         2,106,000         2,106,000         -           Sale of Capital Assets         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances Out         -         (2,000,000) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Expenditures:   Current:   Security of Persons and Property   15,757,000   16,119,600   15,508,020   611,580   Public Health Services   367,200   367,200   348,702   18,498   Leisure Time Activities   432,500   437,600   417,829   19,771   Community Environment   1,779,600   1,798,000   1,566,964   231,036   Basic Utility Services   2,600,000   2,600,000   2,488,411   111,589   General Government   5,572,700   5,871,300   5,083,460   787,840   Total Expenditures   26,509,000   27,193,700   25,413,386   1,780,314     Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures   12,336,239   14,430,783   15,800,939   1,370,156   Other Financing Sources (Uses)   Sale of Capital Assets   - 1,000   833   (167)   Advances Out   - 2,106,000   2,106,000   - 2,106,000   Advances Out   - 2,106,000   2,000,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000   - 2,106,000						
Current:   Security of Persons and Property   15,757,000   16,119,600   15,508,020   611,580   Public Health Services   367,200   367,200   348,702   18,498   Leisure Time Activities   432,500   437,600   417,829   19,771   Community Environment   1,779,600   1,798,000   1,566,964   231,036   Basic Utility Services   2,600,000   2,600,000   2,488,411   111,589   General Government   5,572,700   5,871,300   5,083,460   787,840     Total Expenditures   26,509,000   27,193,700   25,413,386   1,780,314	Total Revenues	38,845,239	41,624,483	41,214,325	(410,158)	
Current:   Security of Persons and Property   15,757,000   16,119,600   15,508,020   611,580   Public Health Services   367,200   367,200   348,702   18,498   Leisure Time Activities   432,500   437,600   417,829   19,771   Community Environment   1,779,600   1,798,000   1,566,964   231,036   Basic Utility Services   2,600,000   2,600,000   2,488,411   111,589   General Government   5,572,700   5,871,300   5,083,460   787,840     Total Expenditures   26,509,000   27,193,700   25,413,386   1,780,314	Expenditures:					
Public Health Services         367,200         367,200         348,702         18,498           Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         1         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances Out         -         (2,000,000)         (2,000,000)         -           Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783	_					
Leisure Time Activities         432,500         437,600         417,829         19,771           Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         5         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances Out         -         2,106,000         2,106,000         -           Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950	Security of Persons and Property	15,757,000	16,119,600	15,508,020	611,580	
Community Environment         1,779,600         1,798,000         1,566,964         231,036           Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Sale of Capital Assets         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         2,106,000         2,106,000         -           Advances Out         -         (2,000,000)         (2,000,000)         -           Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Public Health Services		367,200	348,702	18,498	
Basic Utility Services         2,600,000         2,600,000         2,488,411         111,589           General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         5         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         2,106,000         2,106,000         -           Advances Out         -         (2,000,000)         (2,000,000)         -           Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Leisure Time Activities	432,500	437,600	417,829	19,771	
General Government         5,572,700         5,871,300         5,083,460         787,840           Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         3         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances Out         -         2,106,000         2,106,000         -           Transfers Out         1         (2,000,000)         (2,000,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,779,600	1,798,000	1,566,964	231,036	
Total Expenditures         26,509,000         27,193,700         25,413,386         1,780,314           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         12,336,239         14,430,783         15,800,939         1,370,156           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         1,000         833         (167)           Advances In         -         2,106,000         2,106,000         -           Advances Out         -         (2,000,000)         (2,000,000)         -           Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       12,336,239       14,430,783       15,800,939       1,370,156         Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Sale of Capital Assets       -       1,000       833       (167)         Advances In       -       2,106,000       2,106,000       -         Advances Out       -       (2,000,000)       (2,000,000)       -         Transfers Out       (12,232,000)       (14,232,000)       (14,232,000)       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (12,232,000)       (14,125,000)       (14,125,167)       (167)         Net Change in Fund Balance       104,239       305,783       1,675,772       1,369,989         Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated       8,193,950       8,193,950       8,193,950       -						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)       12,336,239       14,430,783       15,800,939       1,370,156         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       3       1,000       833       (167)         Advances In       -       2,106,000       2,106,000       -         Advances Out       -       (2,000,000)       (2,000,000)       -         Transfers Out       (12,232,000)       (14,232,000)       (14,232,000)       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (12,232,000)       (14,125,000)       (14,125,167)       (167)         Net Change in Fund Balance       104,239       305,783       1,675,772       1,369,989         Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated       8,193,950       8,193,950       8,193,950       -	Total Expenditures	26,509,000	27,193,700	25,413,386	1,780,314	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Sale of Capital Assets       -       1,000       833       (167)         Advances In       -       2,106,000       2,106,000       -         Advances Out       -       (2,000,000)       (2,000,000)       -         Transfers Out       (12,232,000)       (14,232,000)       (14,232,000)       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (12,232,000)       (14,125,000)       (14,125,167)       (167)         Net Change in Fund Balance       104,239       305,783       1,675,772       1,369,989         Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated       8,193,950       8,193,950       8,193,950       -	Excess of Revenues Over					
Sale of Capital Assets       -       1,000       833       (167)         Advances In       -       2,106,000       2,106,000       -         Advances Out       -       (2,000,000)       (2,000,000)       -         Transfers Out       (12,232,000)       (14,232,000)       (14,232,000)       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (12,232,000)       (14,125,000)       (14,125,167)       (167)         Net Change in Fund Balance       104,239       305,783       1,675,772       1,369,989         Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated       8,193,950       8,193,950       8,193,950       -	(Under) Expenditures	12,336,239	14,430,783	15,800,939	1,370,156	
Sale of Capital Assets       -       1,000       833       (167)         Advances In       -       2,106,000       2,106,000       -         Advances Out       -       (2,000,000)       (2,000,000)       -         Transfers Out       (12,232,000)       (14,232,000)       (14,232,000)       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (12,232,000)       (14,125,000)       (14,125,167)       (167)         Net Change in Fund Balance       104,239       305,783       1,675,772       1,369,989         Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated       8,193,950       8,193,950       8,193,950       -	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Advances Out         -         (2,000,000)         (2,000,000)         -           Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Sale of Capital Assets	-	1,000	833	(167)	
Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Advances In	_	2,106,000	2,106,000	=	
Transfers Out         (12,232,000)         (14,232,000)         (14,232,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Advances Out	-	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (12,232,000)         (14,125,000)         (14,125,167)         (167)           Net Change in Fund Balance         104,239         305,783         1,675,772         1,369,989           Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Transfers Out	(12,232,000)			-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated         8,193,950         8,193,950         8,193,950         -	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(167)	
	Net Change in Fund Balance	104,239	305,783	1,675,772	1,369,989	
	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated	8,193,950	8,193,950	8,193,950	-	
	Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 8,298,189	\$ 8,499,733	\$ 9,869,722	\$ 1,369,989	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 3,970,000	\$ 4,200,000	\$ 4,048,100	\$ (151,900)
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,950,000	2,510,700	2,352,761	(157,939)
Charges for Services	-	11,000	10,196	(804)
Interest Income	89,000	95,000	94,868	(132)
Miscellaneous		112,300	-	(112,300)
Total Revenues	6,009,000	6,929,000	6,505,925	(423,075)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation	10,729,800	10,509,800	10,076,603	433,197
Debt Service	1,639,000	1,639,000	1,638,550	450
Total Expenditures	12,368,800	12,148,800	11,715,153	433,647
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(6,359,800)	(5,219,800)	(5,209,228)	10,572
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of Capital Assets	20,000	70,000	69,098	(902)
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Transfers In	4,100,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	5,220,000	5,170,000	5,169,098	(902)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,139,800)	(49,800)	(40,130)	9,670
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,352,289	4,352,289	4,352,289	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,212,489	\$ 4,302,489	\$ 4,312,159	\$ 9,670

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Fire Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
<b>D</b>	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ 4 150 550	Φ 4 464 1 <b>7</b> 4	Φ 4 464 1 <b>7</b> 4	Ф	
Property Taxes	\$ 4,150,559	\$ 4,464,174	\$ 4,464,174	\$ -	
Intergovernmental Revenues	556,191	557,505	557,448	(57)	
Charges for Services	600	6,600	6,093	(507)	
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	2,800	2,800	2,720	(80)	
Contributions and Donations	3,000	5,000	5,410	410	
Miscellaneous		174,700		(174,700)	
Total Revenues	4,713,150	5,210,779	5,035,845	(174,934)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property	8,558,400	8,947,800	8,347,851	599,949	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,845,250)	(3,737,021)	(3,312,006)	425,015	
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	3,000,000	2,350,000	2,350,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(845,250)	(1,387,021)	(962,006)	425,015	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,274,116	2,274,116	2,274,116		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,428,866	\$ 887,095	\$ 1,312,110	\$ 425,015	

# City of Strongsville, Ohio Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities	
	Sanitary	Internal	
	Sewer	Service	
	Fund	Funds	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,174,568	\$ 3,817,251	
Accounts Receivable	1,592,910	-	
Intergovernmental Receivable	-	172,785	
Prepaid Items	149,108	520,457	
Special Assessments Receivable	1,390,837	-	
Total Current Assets	17,307,423	4,510,493	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land	1,508,079	-	
Construction in Progress	2,674,804	-	
Depreciable Assets, Net of Depreciation	42,194,596	-	
Net Pension Asset	5,178		
Total Noncurrent Assets	46,382,657		
Total Assets	63,690,080	4,510,493	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	545,023	_	
OPEB	75,194	_	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	620,217		
I IA DII VENEG			
LIABILITIES Comment Linkilision			
Current Liabilities:	79 122		
Accounts Payable	78,132	-	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	39,340	-	
Retainage Payable	127,743	-	
Intergovernmental Payable	5,999	36,418	
Compensated Absences Payable	162,957	-	
Claims Payable	-	442,503	
OWDA Loans Payable	272,125	-	
OPWC Loans Payable	49,373	-	
Total Current Liabilities	735,669	478,921	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences Payable	166,202	_	
Claims Payable	100,202	2,055,396	
OWDA Loans Payable	1,231,910	2,033,370	
OPWC Loans Payable	864,032	_	
Net Pension Liability	1,802,723	-	
	828,079	-	
Net OPEB Liability  Total Non-compact Liabilities		2.055.206	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	4,892,946	2,055,396	
Total Liabilities	5,628,615	2,534,317	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	26,556	-	
OPEB	2,247	-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,803		
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	43,960,039	_	
Unrestricted	14,692,840	1,976,176	
Total Net Position	\$ 58,652,879	\$ 1,976,176	
A VENA A 100 A UDINAMA	Ψ 30,032,077	Ψ 1,770,170	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Strongsville, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Sanitary Sewer Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 7,765,647	\$ 6,421,797	
Miscellaneous	122 500	500,367	
Other Services	132,500	- 000 164	
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	7,898,147	6,922,164	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	1,265,127	_	
Fringe Benefits	833,980	_	
Materials and Supplies	117,912	_	
Contractual Services	3,498,247	2,113,618	
Depreciation	2,015,470	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Claims	-	3,825,184	
Other	7,501	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total Operating Expense	7,738,237	5,938,802	
Operating Income	159,910	983,362	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest	333,766	_	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(60,523)	_	
Capital Distribution	(106,496)	_	
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	166,747		
Income before Capital Contributions and Transfers	326,657	983,362	
Capital Contributions from Special Assessments	287,787	_	
Capital Contributions from Grants	450,000	-	
Capital Contributions from Tap In Fees	352,567	-	
Change in Net Position	1,417,011	983,362	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	57,235,868	992,814	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 58,652,879	\$ 1,976,176	
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City of Strongsville, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Sanitary Sewer Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$ 7,845,785	\$ 493,334	
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	-	5,928,463	
Other Cash Receipts	-	398,988	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(1,240,304)	-	
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(496,060)	-	
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(3,640,772)	(2,625,738)	
Cash Payments for Claims	-	(3,628,610)	
Other Cash Payments	(7,451)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,461,198	566,437	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Grants Received Capital Contributions from Tap In Fees Capital Contributions from Special Assessments Principal Paid on Debt Interest Paid on Debt Payments for Capital Acquisitions Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	450,000 352,567 141,647 (310,418) (60,523) (2,208,107) (1,634,834)	- - - - - -	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on Investments	360,226		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	360,226	-	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,186,590	566,437	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	12,987,978	3,250,814	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 14,174,568	\$ 3,817,251	
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		(Continued)	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Business-Type Activities Sanitary Sewer Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income	\$ 159,910	\$	983,362	
Adjustments:				
Depreciation	2,015,470		-	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Accounts Receivable	(52,362)		-	
Intergovernmental Receivable	-		(101,379)	
Prepaid Items	(17,592)		(520,457)	
Net Pension Asset	314		-	
(Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	(283,994)		-	
(Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	(9,832)		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities::				
Accounts Payable	(6,971)		(4,199)	
Accrued Wages	10,158		-	
Intergovernmental Payable	1,556		12,536	
Claims Payable	-		196,574	
Compensated Absences Payable	14,665		-	
Net Pension Liability	776,104		-	
Net OPEB Liability	121,118		-	
(Decrease) in Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pension	(216,929)		-	
(Decrease) in Deferred Inflow of Resources - OPEB	 (50,417)			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,461,198	\$	566,437	

### NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The net impact of accruals in the Sanitary Sewer fund related to capital assets are in the amount of \$283,656. In 2019, Capital Contributions were made to Governmental Activities in the amount of \$106,496.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 1 – Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Strongsville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio in 1958. The City operates under and is governed by a Mayor/Council form of government in accordance with the general laws of the State of Ohio. In addition, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government under the Ohio Constitution, to the extent not in conflict with the applicable general laws of Ohio.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. This definition of reporting entity is found in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34*.

The City's primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. The City provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: police and fire protection, road maintenance and repair, snow removal, traffic signalization, street lighting, storm and sanitary sewers, waste collection and general administrative services. None of these services are provided by legally separate organizations; therefore, these operations are included in the primary government. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by Council through the budgetary process.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations which are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The reporting entity of the City does not include any component units.

The City's financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions for which the City is financially accountable.

Also, the City is associated with five jointly governed organizations, one related organization, and one insurance pool that are further described in Notes 19, 20 and 21.

### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. As a general rule, the activities of the internal service fund are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. An exception to this general rule is that interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business-type activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

**Fund Financial Statements** - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources of this fund include: municipal income taxes, charges for services, local government assistance funds; and to a lesser degree, various fees, licenses and permits, property taxes, and fines and forfeitures. This fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair (SCMR) Fund - This fund is required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for revenue from the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees. The Ohio Revised Code requires that 92.50 percent of these revenues be used for the maintenance and repair of streets within the City. As provided in the Codified Ordinance Section 881.01, this fund is credited with one-sixth of the proceeds realized from the first 1.50 percent (referred to as the Base Tax) of the 2.00 percent municipal income tax. Operating deficiencies are subsidized by an operating transfer from the General Fund.

Fire Levy Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of two voted property tax levies (gross and effective millage are 3.50 and 3.094, respectively, for tax year 2018/collection year 2019) approved for the purpose of providing and maintaining a full-time Fire Department. Transfers from the General Fund are necessary to cover the operating costs in excess of operating revenues.

General Bond Retirement Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds of a 2.30 mill inside property tax levy used to accumulate resources for the payment of principal, interest and fiscal charges on general obligation.

General Capital Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for the Cable TV Franchise fees and other resources that are used to construct, equip and furnish the capital assets used by the various departments of the city, as well as for various infrastructure projects.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

*Enterprise Funds* - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City's only enterprise fund is the Sanitary Sewer Fund which accounts for sewer construction projects and sanitary sewer services provided to the residential and commercial users in the City.

Internal Service Funds - Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds are the Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund and the Health Insurance Reserve Fund. Both funds account for the accumulation of resources, primarily interfund chargebacks, to pay workers' compensation claims, health care claims, administrative fees and stop loss insurance premiums.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City has no fiduciary funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

**Fund Financial Statements** - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources along with current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources along with all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within forty-five days of year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and entitlements, fees, and rentals.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for a deferral on refunding and for pension and OPEB plans. A deferral on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenues. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2019, but which were levied to finance year 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes (\$260,818), income taxes (\$3,095,673), intergovernmental grants (\$2,156,666), cable TV franchise fees (\$73,713), special assessments (\$1,113), and charges for services (\$164,467). These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 12 and 13).

**Expenses/Expenditures** - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Non-participating contracts such as non-negotiable certificates of deposits are reported at cost.

During 2019, the City's investments were limited to State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), negotiable certificates of deposits, United States Agency debt securities, Commercial Paper and money market mutual funds. The City's investment in State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the City. The city measurers their investment in STAR Ohio as the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice should be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the daily transactions to \$100 million. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The City's policy is to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$1,310,099 which includes \$933,445 assigned from other City funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

#### F. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2019, consist of municipal income taxes, property taxes, other local taxes, amounts due from other governments, accounts (billings for user charged services), and special assessments. All are deemed collectible in full.

#### G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when consumed. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2019, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

#### I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, sanitary sewers, storm sewers, sidewalks, and traffic signals. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
<u>Description</u>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Land Improvements	15-20 years	15-20 years
Buildings	50 years	50 years
Furniture and Fixtures	7-10 years	7-10 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 years	5-20 years
Vehicles	3-6 years	3-6 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years	50 years

#### J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "Interfund receivables/payables." Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off, or as some other form of compensation, because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Employees earn vacation and sick leave at different rates depending upon length of service and type of employment. Vacation leave is recognized when earned. All full-time City employees earn vacation at varying rates based upon length of service. An employee's vacation leave balance will carry over into the next fiscal year if it is not used. Upon retirement, termination, lay-off or death, employees or their estate are paid accumulated vacation leave. Full-time employees earn sick leave at a rate of 4.60 hours per 80 hours of service up to a maximum of 120 hours per year. Staff firefighters earn sick leave at a rate of 12 hours per month up to a maximum of 144 hours per year. Unused sick leave shall accumulate without limit. Upon retirement, employees can be paid varying amounts of their unused sick leave balance based on criteria contained in union agreements and the City's codified ordinances. Beginning in 2013, some employees having 25 or more years of service with the City may annually elect to convert to cash up to one-half of the value of their accumulated sick leave balance that exceeds 1,000 hours.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

### M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not spendable in form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of the City's Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City's Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts would represent intended uses established by City Council.

*Unassigned* – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In the other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### O. Net Position

Net Position is the residual amount when comparing assets and deferred outflows of resources to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The restricted component of net position is reported when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$22,079,657 of the restricted component of net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation. The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available.

#### P. Grants and Intergovernmental Revenues

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues in the period when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available.

#### O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for sewer services and the interfund charges of the workers' compensation and health insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

#### R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in governmental and proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### S. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditure/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2019.

#### U. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### V. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the personal service and other expenditure level for all funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2019.

**Encumbrances** - Encumbrances outstanding at year end represent the estimated amount of expenditures that will ultimately result if unperformed contracts in process (for example, purchase orders and contracted services) are completed. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance for subsequent year expenditures in the governmental funds. The City had no outstanding encumbrances at December 31, 2019.

*Lapsing of Appropriations* - At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### Note 3 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

During the year, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2019 financial statements; however, there was no effect on the beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*). The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statements information for certain component units. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effect Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The City has postponed the implementation of GASB Statement No. 83.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the City will no longer be reporting fiduciary funds. The City reviewed its fiduciary funds and all of the funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. The schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual beginning fund balance for the General Fund was restated from \$8,126,489 to \$8,193,950.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on Governmental fund balance/net position.

		General Bond				
		General Fund	 laintenance & Repair	Fire Levy	Retirement	
Fund Balance December 31, 2018	\$	17,488,340	\$ 4,016,333	\$ 2,048,808	\$ 2,305,779	
Adjustments: GASB Statement No. 84		67,461	 -	-		
Restated Fund Balance December 31, 2018	\$	17,555,801	\$ 4,016,333	\$ 2,048,808	\$ 2,305,779	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

	In	General Capital nprovement	Other Governmental			Total overnmental Funds
Fund Balance December 31, 2018	\$	3,546,784	\$	7,220,341	\$	36,626,385
Adjustments: GASB Statement No. 84 Restated Fund Balance December 31, 2018	\$	3,546,784	\$	38,043 7,258,384	\$	105,504 36,731,889
Net Position December 31, 2018				Governmenta Activities \$ 114,920,19		
Adjustments: GASB Statement No. 84				105,50	<u> 14</u>	
Restated Net Position December	31, 2	2018	_	\$ 115,025,69	5	

#### Note 4 – Accountability

Fund balances at December 31, 2019 included the following individual fund deficit:

	I	Deficit
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Westwood Commons TIF	\$	35,728

The General Fund is liable for any deficits in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- Some funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds.

		Street Construction.	
		Fire	
	General	and Repair	Levy
Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$ 3,319,66	8 \$ 1,976,928	\$ (961,603)
Net Adjustment			
Revenue Accruals	2,130,52	0 (212,516)	-
Expenditure Accruals	(2,682,89	6) (1,804,542)	(403)
Funds with Separate Legally Adopted Budgets	(1,091,52	0) -	
Net Change in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,675,77	2 \$ (40,130)	\$ (962,006)

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### Note 6 - Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	G	eneral	Cor Ma	Street astruction, intenance Repair		Fire Levy	В	neral ond rement	Ca	neral pital ovement	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Nonspendable														
Prepaid Items	\$	96,958	\$	66,429	\$	53,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	106,192	\$	323,329
Inventories		72,772		709,658				-		-		-		782,430
Total Nonspendable		169,730		776,087		53,750			-			106,192		1,105,759
Restricted for														
Police Pension		-		-		-		-		-		172,828		172,828
Fire Pension		-		-		-		-		-		253,525		253,525
Fire Services		-		-	1	,033,455		-		-		-	1	1,033,455
Other Law Enforcement		-		-		-		-		-		150,419		150,419
Streets and Highways		-	5	5,217,174		-		-		-		1,282,866	(	5,500,040
Clerk of Court Computerization		-		-		-		-		-		132,596		132,596
Drainage Levy		-		-		-		-		-		1,427,220	1	1,427,220
General Bond Retirement		-		-		-	2,7	70,771		-		-	2	2,770,771
Pearl Road TIF		-		-		-		-		-		720,269		720,269
Royalton Road TIF		-		-		-		-		-		159,227		159,227
Pearl Road TIF #2		-		-		-		-		-		99,684		99,684
Pearl Road TIF #3		-		-		-		-		-		92,066		92,066
Pearl Road TIF #4		-		-		-		-		-		125,000		125,000
Giant Eagle TIF		-		-		-		-		-		103,296		103,296
Get Go TIF		-		-		-		-		-		83,984		83,984
Clover Senior Apartments TIF		-		-		-		-		-		111,796		111,796
TIF Capital Improvements		-		-		-		-		-		2,072,249	2	2,072,249
Capital Improvements		-		-		-		-	6,9	88,230		-	(	5,988,230
Total Restricted		-		5,217,174	1	,033,455	2,7	70,771	6,9	88,230		6,987,025	22	2,996,655
Committed to														
Termination Benefits	5	,130,224		-		-		-		-		-	4	5,130,224
Emergency Vehicles		-		-		-		-		-		2,310,002	2	2,310,002
Multi-Purpose Complex		-		-		-		-		-		741,434		741,434
Tree Maintenance		-		-		-		-		-		43,078		43,078
Bond Escrow		-		-		_		-		-		29,296		29,296
Recreation Capital Improvement		-		-		-		-		-		208,340		208,340
Total Committed	5	,130,224		-		-		-		-		3,332,150	8	8,462,374
Unassigned (Deficit)	15	,575,515		_		_		_		_		(35,728)	14	5,539,787
Total Fund Balances		,875,469	\$ 5	5,993,261	\$ 1	,087,205	\$ 2.7	70,771	\$ 69	88,230	\$ 1	0,389,639		8,104,575
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### **Note 7 - Deposits and Investments**

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any Federal government agency or instrumentality including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All Federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of Federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) and (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and,
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of 6 months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest, or coupons; and,
- 2. Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within 5 years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

#### **Cash on Hand**

At December 31, 2019, the City had \$6,544 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the balance sheet of the City as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

#### **Deposits**

At December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$456,832. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures*, as of December 31, 2019, \$622,609 of the City's bank balance of \$2,194,186 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$1,146,096 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name, and \$425,481 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The City's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Protection of the City's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institutions. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. All of the City's financial institutions had enrolled in OPCS as of December 31, 2019.

#### **Investments**

The City has a formal investment policy and utilizes a pooled investment concept for all its funds to maximize its investment program. STAR Ohio is measured at net asset value per share while all other investments are measured at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices and other acceptable pricing methodologies. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs). The table on the next page identifies the City's recurring fair value measurement and level inputs as of December 31, 2019. As previously discussed, Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value. All other investments of the City are valued using quoted market prices. As of December 31, 2019, fair value was \$193,177 above the City's net cost for investments.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value of losses caused by rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase, and that the City's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt obligations. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

#### **Credit Risk**

The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than the limitations imposed by the Ohio Revised Code. See the table below for the credit ratings of the City's investments provided by Standard and Poor's/Moody's.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee. The City's investment in negotiable certificates of deposit were fully insured by Federal depository insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

As of December 31, 2019, the City had the following investments and investment maturities:

					In	ment Maturiti (in Years)	ies	
	M	leasurement Value	Credit Rating (*)	Level Input	<1	1-3		3-5
Investment Type								
Star Ohio	\$	11,868,635	AAAm	N/A	\$11,868,635	\$ -	\$	-
U.S. Agencies Debt Securities		25,399,389	AA+/Aaa	2	11,967,477	3,113,422		10,318,490
Money Market Mutual Fund		2,113,169	AAAm/Aaa-mf	N/A	2,113,169	-		-
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits		7,008,501	N/A	2	2,973,457	1,504,081		2,530,963
Commercial Paper		2,420,180	A1+/P1	2	2,420,180	-		-
Commercial Paper		11,223,259	A1/P1	2	11,223,259	-		-
Total Investments	\$	60,033,133			\$42,566,177	\$ 4,617,503	\$	12,849,453

#### Reconciliation of Cash and Investments per the Note to the Statements

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments reported on the statement of net position and statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2019.

Cash and Investments per Note	
Investments	\$60,033,133
Carrying Amount of Deposits	456,832
Cash on Hand	6,544
<b>Total Cash and Investments per Note</b>	<u>\$60,496,509</u>
Cash and Investments per Statements	
Governmental Activities	\$46,321,941
Business-Type Activities	14,174,568
Total Cash and Investments per Statements	\$60,496,509

#### **Note 8 - Receivables**

Receivables at December 31, 2019, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other local taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements and shared revenues, special assessments, and accounts (billing for utility services). No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the City. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Assessed values for real property are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reevaluated every six years. The latest update was completed in 2018 with the next reappraisal being scheduled in 2021. Public utility real and tangible personal property tax collected in one calendar year is levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed by varying percentages of true value; public utility real property taxes are assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2019 public utility property taxes which became a lien at December 31, 2018, are levied after October 1, 2019, and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes.

The 2018 assessed value upon which the 2019 tax receipts were based on was \$1,620,860,590. The full tax rate for all City operations applied to taxable property for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$9.3 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Real and public utility property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 30. Under certain circumstances, State Statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

Public Utility tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the taxing districts their portions of the taxes collected.

#### **Municipal Income Taxes**

The City's municipal income tax of 2.0 percent is levied on gross salaries, wages and other personal service compensation earned by residents both in and out of the City and on the earnings of nonresidents (except certain transients) earned in the City. This tax also applies to net income of business organizations within the City. Residents of the City are granted a 75 percent credit up to 2.0 percent of the income taxes paid to another municipality.

The City utilizes the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) to collect and administer its local income tax. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to RITA at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. The tax is collected by RITA and remitted to the City on the  $1^{\rm st}$  and  $10^{\rm th}$  business days of each month.

Municipal income taxes are allocated by City ordinance as follows: 16.67 percent of the first 1.50 percent of the total of 2.00 percent of the City income tax is credited to the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund with the remainder credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### **Special Assessments**

Special assessments include assessments for debt obligations, which are levied against specific property owners who primarily benefitted from the project.

Special assessments are payable by the timetable and in the manner stipulated in the assessing ordinance and are a lien from the date of the passage of the ordinance.

The City's assessments include sidewalk repair, sewer maintenance, sewer rehabilitation, paving and curbing, and water main tap-ins which are billed and collected by the County Fiscal Officer.

The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits these collections to the City. Special assessments collected in one calendar year are levied and certified in the preceding calendar year. Since all assessment collections are remitted to the City outside of the available period, the entire amount has been deferred on the fund financial statements.

At December 31, 2019, governmental and business-type activities reported special assessments receivable in the amounts of \$1,113 and \$1,390,837, respectively. Of these amounts reported, delinquent special assessments for governmental and business-type activities are \$422 and \$4,637, respectively.

#### **Intergovernmental Receivables**

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	 
Local Government	\$ 336,277
Homestead and Rollback	614,487
Gasoline Tax	1,435,028
Auto Registration	197,460
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	2,196,451
Cuyahoga County Grant - Roads	173,983
NOPEC Energized Community Grant	161,764
Federal Grant via ODOT for sidewalks and traffic signals	190,855
Other Grants	20,137
Berea Municipal Court Fines	4,005
Bureau of Workers Compensation rebate/refund	172,785
Total Governmental Activities Intergovernmental Receivables	\$ 5,503,232

#### **Payments in Lieu of Taxes**

In accordance with State law, the City has established eighteen tax incremental financing districts (TIF's) within the City. For seventeen of these TIF's, the City has granted property tax exemptions and agreed to construct certain infrastructure improvements, as described in the authorizing ordinances. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the City to help pay the costs of the infrastructure improvements. The amount of those payments would generally reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if the property had not been declared exempt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The property owners' contractual promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes generally continues until the cost of the improvement has been paid or the agreement expires, whichever comes first. The remaining TIF agreement stipulates that the City will reimburse the Developer for the public infrastructure improvements that directly benefit the City, its residents and the property.

#### Note 9 - Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

					TRANSFEI	RS OUT			
		vernmental Activities						Business- Type Activities	
	N	Iajor Fund			Nonmajor Fu	nds		Major Fund	
		General	Pearl Road TIF #1	Royalton Road TIF	Pearl Road TIF #2	Pearl Road TIF #3	Giant Eagle TIF	Sewer	Total
TRANSFERS IN									
Governmental Activities									
Major Funds:									
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	\$	4,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,000,000
Fire Levy		2,350,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,350,000
General Bond Retirement		100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000
General Capital Improvement		2,000,000	500,000	200,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	3,000,000
Nonmajor Funds:								-	
Police Pension		900,000	-	-	-	-	-	_	900,000
Fire Pension		1,032,000	-	-	-	-		-	1,032,000
Drainage Levy		600,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	600,000
Multi-Purpose Complex		1,950,000						-	1,950,000
Total Governmental Activities		12,932,000	500,000	200,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	13,932,000
Entity Wide								106,496	106,496
Total	\$	12,932,000						\$ 106,496	\$ 14,038,496

Transfers made from the General Fund to various other funds provided additional resources for current operations. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the governmental activities' statement of activities. During 2019, GAAP transfers from nonmajor funds were required to reflect the pay down of Bond Anticipation Notes principal and interest. These transfers were necessary to record the retirement in the proper governmental funds.

During 2019, a capital distribution was made from the Sewer Fund to the governmental capital assets in the amounts of \$106,496 for construction related to the Howe Road Sanitary Sewer project and is reported as a transfer on the entity wide statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

**Note 10 - Capital Assets** 

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2019
Governmental Activities	1/1/2019	Traditions	Determine	12/01/2019
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 11,584,462	\$ -	\$ (261,578)	\$ 11,322,884
Construction in Progress	1,556,430	3,952,746	(1,885,189)	3,623,987
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	13,140,892	3,952,746	(2,146,767)	14,946,871
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	55,613,167	402,681	(6,858)	56,008,990
Land Improvements	3,897,160	160,125	· · · · ·	4,057,285
Machinery and Equipment	4,637,510	1,006,875	-	5,644,385
Furniture and Fixtures	994,494	11,452	-	1,005,946
Vehicles	16,918,201	788,662	(330,601)	17,376,262
Infrastructure:	, ,	•	, , ,	, ,
Streets	187,089,304	3,122,825	-	190,212,129
Bridges	203,000	-	-	203,000
Storm Sewers	108,145,655	106,496	-	108,252,151
Sidewalks	9,023,408	-	-	9,023,408
Traffic Signalization	6,465,583	-	-	6,465,583
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	392,987,482	5,599,116	(337,459)	398,249,139
Total Capital Assets at Cost	406,128,374	9,551,862	(2,484,226)	413,196,010
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(15,338,304)	(1,092,998)	921	(16,430,381)
Land Improvements	(2,039,747)	(145,082)	-	(2,184,829)
Machinery and Equipment	(3,327,622)	(371,305)	-	(3,698,927)
Furniture and Fixtures	(853,598)	(27,645)	-	(881,243)
Vehicles	(11,526,635)	(1,260,039)	295,660	(12,491,014)
Infrastructure:				
Streets	(118,132,304)	(4,066,721)	-	(122,199,025)
Bridges	(54,040)	(7,714)	-	(61,754)
Storm Sewers	(46,877,688)	(1,849,535)	-	(48,727,223)
Sidewalks	(6,496,551)	(164,655)	-	(6,661,206)
Traffic Signalization	(3,231,186)	(245,690)	-	(3,476,876)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(207,877,675)	(9,231,384)	* 296,581	(216,812,478)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	185,109,807	(3,632,268)	(40,878)	181,436,661
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Asset, Net	\$ 198,250,699	\$ 320,478	\$ (2,187,645)	\$ 196,383,532

City of Strongsville, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

### \* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$ 1,347,886
Leisure Time Activities	808,391
Transportation	6,901,846
General Government	144,572
Community Environment	28,689
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 9,231,384

	Balance 1/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2019
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	1/1/2017	Additions	Defetions	12/31/2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,508,079	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,508,079
Construction in Progress	1,893,939	1,758,286	(977,421)	2,674,804
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,402,018	1,758,286	(977,421)	4,182,883
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciaca	3,402,010	1,750,200	(777,421)	4,102,003
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	10,252,481	25,010	-	10,277,491
Land Improvements	3,909,917	-	-	3,909,917
Machinery and Equipment	10,570,829	-	-	10,570,829
Furniture and Fixtures	19,748	-	-	19,748
Vehicles	2,486,444	178,481	-	2,664,925
Infrastructure:				
Sanitary Sewer	105,128,099	833,599		105,961,698
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	132,367,518	1,037,090		133,404,608
Total Capital Assets at Cost	135,769,536	2,795,376	(977,421)	137,587,491
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(6,385,919)	(187,978)	-	(6,573,897)
Land Improvements	(3,643,521)	(5,682)	-	(3,649,203)
Machinery and Equipment	(8,888,500)	(169,026)	-	(9,057,526)
Furniture and Fixtures	(18,762)	-	-	(18,762)
Vehicles	(1,664,576)	(229,558)	-	(1,894,134)
Infrastructure:				
Sanitary Sewers	(68,593,264)	(1,423,226)		(70,016,490)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(89,194,542)	(2,015,470)		(91,210,012)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	43,172,976	(978,380)		42,194,596
Total Business-Type Activities				
Capital Asset, Net	\$ 46,574,994	\$ 779,906	\$ (977,421)	\$ 46,377,479

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### Note 11 – Risk Management

#### **Commercial Insurance**

The City maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, vehicles, and general liability risks including public officials' liability.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2019, the City contracted with The Fedeli Group to manage its insurance coverage through Travelers Insurance Companies as follows:

	Coverage Lin		
Type of Coverage	Per Occurrence	Aggregate	Deductible
Commercial and Personal Property Coverage			
(Includes Boiler and Machinery Coverage)	\$139,101,608		\$5,000
Ancillary Equipment (Rented)	\$150,000		\$1,000
Earthquake Damage	\$1,000,000		\$50,000
Flood Damage	\$1,000,000		\$50,000/\$100,000
Inland Marine	\$6,105,864		\$1,000
Crime Coverage			
Theft, Disappearance and Destruction	\$25,000		\$2,500
Employee Dishonesty	\$500,000		\$2,500
Forgery and Alteration	\$25,000		\$1,000
Computer Fraud	\$100,000		\$1,000
Comprehensive General Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$0
Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$1,000
Stop Gap	\$1,000,000		\$0
Public Officials Liability	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$25,000
Police Professional Liability	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$25,000
Employment Practices Liability	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$25,000
Property Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$0
Pesticide/Herbicide Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$0
Cemetery Professional Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$0
EMT/Paramedic Malpractice Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$0
Sewer Liability	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$0
Certified Acts of Terrorism	Included		\$0
Automobile Liability and Physical Damage Coverage	\$1,000,000		\$0
Auto Liability Comprehensive			
Fire Vehicles	Agreed Value		\$1,000/\$2,000
Other Vehicles	Actual Cash Value		\$1,000/\$2,000
Auto Liability Collision			
Fire Vehicles	Agreed Value		\$1,000/\$2,000
Other Vehicles	Actual Cash Value		\$1,000/\$2,000
Hired Vehicle Rentals	Actual Cash Value		\$250
Miscellaneous			
Umbrella Coverage	\$10,000,000		\$10,000
Cyber Liability	\$1,000,000		\$10,000
Flood - Additional Coverage: 16099 Foltz Industrial Parkway	\$100,000		\$1,000
Flood - Additional Coverage: 22000 Albion Road	\$100,000		\$1,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The City also carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). A portion of the City has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake, or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and thus the City is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 for both Building and Contents with a \$1,250 deductible. Additional flood policies have been purchased through NFIP for 16099 Foltz Industrial Parkway (City Hall building and the equipment storage building) with \$100,000 limit and \$1,000 deductible, and 22000 Albion Road (Fire Station No. 3) with a \$150,000 limit and \$1,250 deductible.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and life insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage limits in any of the past five fiscal years.

#### **Workers' Compensation**

The City has established a formal self-insurance program for liabilities arising from the City's participation in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (Ohio BWC) Individual Retrospective Rating Plan that covers workers' compensation claims occurring between January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2014. In 2015, the City chose to be a state funded risk, paid a premium, and transferred all risk to the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation for calendar year 2015. Starting in calendar year 2016, the City has participated in the Ohio Association of Public Treasurer's (OAPT) Group Retrospective Rating Program, which is administered by a Third Party Administrator, CompManagement. OAPT offers Group Retrospective Rating as an alternative rating program to assist members in reducing their workers' compensation premium. Through the program, cities are grouped together to achieve premium refunds based on the performance of the group. Cities continue to pay their own individual merit-rated premium to the Ohio BWC and depending on the performance, the participating cities can either receive a retrospective premium refund or assessment (maximum assessment selected per group). Retrospective refunds are achieved when the standard premium of the group exceeds developed claim costs. For that reason, there is an increased emphasis on safety and claims management for Group Retrospective Rating participants.

The claims liability of \$2,169,488 reported in the fund at December 31, 2019, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claim, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustment expense and does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expense. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in 2017, 2018 and 2019 were as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year					
Claims and									
	Balance at Changes in					Claim	Balance at		
	Begi	nning of Year	E	Estimates	Payments		Payments End		
2017	\$	1,416,142	\$	304,049	\$	34,457	\$	1,685,734	
2018	\$	1,685,734	\$	227,420	\$	70,329	\$	1,842,825	
2019	\$	1,842,825	\$	390,642	\$	63,979	\$	2,169,488	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### **Employee Health Benefits**

The City manages employee prescriptions and health benefits on a self-insured basis. The employee health benefit plan provides basic health coverage through Medical Mutual, the third-party administrator of the program, which reviews and pays the claims. A specific excess loss coverage insurance (stop-loss) policy with Medical Mutual covers claims in excess of \$100,000 per person per year.

The claims liability of \$328,411, reported in the self-insurance fund at December 31, 2019, is estimated by the third-party administrator and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustments expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in 2017, 2018 and 2019 were as follows:

				urrent Year Claims and					
	Е	Balance at							
	Begin	nning of Year	Estimates		 Payments		End of Year		
2017	\$	-	\$	3,446,373	\$ 3,240,375	\$	205,998		
2018	\$	205,998	\$	4,078,816	\$ 3,826,314	\$	458,500		
2019	\$	458,500	\$	3,434,542	\$ 3.564.631	\$	328,411		

#### Note 12 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### **Net Pension Asset/Liability**

The net pension asset/liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension asset/liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension asset/liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension. GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension asset/liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension asset/liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension* asset/liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

#### <u>Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)</u>

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A  Eligible to retire prior to  January 7, 2013 or five years  after January 7, 2013	Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C  Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 62 with 60 months of service credi or Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of the annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the members' contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

**Funding Policy** - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	·
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
2019 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

- \* Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance
- \*\* These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contributions was \$1,915,320 for 2019.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to a percentage of the members' base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of three percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the 12 month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2019 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$2,786,838 for 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability/asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability/asset used to calculate the net pension liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability/asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		OPERS Traditional		OPERS ombined	OP&F	OP&F	
	I	Pension Plan	Pen	sion Plan	Police	Fire	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset							
Prior Measurement Date		0.093485%	(	0.057634%	0.2672358%	0.2948424%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset							
Current Measurement Date		0.094031%	(	0.066153%	 0.2664479%	 0.2898791%	
Change in Proportionate Share		0.000546%		0.00852%	-0.000788%	-0.004963%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension							
Liability/(Asset)	\$	25,753,185	\$	(73,974)	\$ 21,749,191	\$ 23,661,791	\$ 71,090,193
Pension Expense	\$	5,831,006	\$	19,958	\$ 2,824,042	\$ 3,052,465	\$ 11,727,471

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS		OP&F Police		OP&F Fire		Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			•					
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	3,511,364	\$	2,679,483	\$	2,915,111	\$	9,105,958
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,188		893,589		972,167		1,866,944
Changes of assumptions		2,258,387		576,600		627,305		3,462,292
Changes in proportion and differences		2,236,367		370,000		027,303		3,402,292
between City contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		99,802		47,078		172,720		319,600
City contributions subsequent to the		,		,		,		,
measurement date		1,915,320		1,353,800		1,433,038		4,702,158
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	7,786,061	\$	5,550,550	\$	6,120,341	\$1	9,456,952
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>								
Differences between expected and	Ф	260.266	Φ	20.200	Ф	22.006	Φ	410.770
actual experience	\$	368,366	\$	20,308	\$	22,096	\$	410,770
Changes in proportion and differences								
between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,979		270,276		543,105		824,360
	_							
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	379,345	\$	290,584	\$	565,201	\$	1,235,130

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

\$4,702,158 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability or addition of net pension asset in the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F Police	OP&F Fire	Total
Year Ending December 31:	UPERS	Police	FIIE	Total
2020	\$ 2,389,295	\$ 1,216,570	\$ 1,303,628	\$ 4,909,493
2021	1,154,373	630,645	666,182	\$2,451,200
2022	323,355	770,885	779,736	\$1,873,976
2023	1,629,698	1,216,465	1,296,344	\$4,142,507
2024	(2,485)	71,601	76,212	145,328
Thereafter	(2,840)			(2,840)
Total	\$ 5,491,396	\$ 3,906,166	\$ 4,122,102	\$ 13,519,664

### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 3.25 percent
3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
through 2018, then 2.15% simple
7.2 percent
Individual Entry Age

The total pension asset in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 3.25 percent
3.25 to 8.25 percent including wage inflation
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
through 2018, then 2.15% simple
7.2 percent
Individual Entry Age

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the previously described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was at a loss of 2.94 percent for 2018.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

	Weighted Average
	Long-Term Expected
Target	Real Rate of Return
Allocation	(Arithmetic)
23.00 %	2.79 %
19.00	6.21
10.00	4.90
10.00	10.81
20.00	7.83
18.00	5.50
100.00 %	5.95 %
	Allocation  23.00 %  19.00  10.00  10.00  20.00  18.00

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent, post-experience study results. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	Current								
City's proportionate share	1	iscount Rate	1% Increase						
of the net pension liability/(asset)		(6.20%)		(7.20%)	(8.20%)				
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	38,044,943	\$	25,753,185	\$	15,538,623			
Combined Plan	\$	(24,477)	\$	(73,974)	\$	(109,814)			

#### <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F</u>

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2018 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2018, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth. Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2018, are presented below:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Payroll Growth

Cost of Living Adjustments

January 1, 2018, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2018

Entry Age Normal

8.00 percent

3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent

3.00 percent simple, 2.2 percent simple for increases based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Mortality rates for active members were based on the RP2014 Total employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized on the next page.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 year Expected Real Rate of Return **	30 year Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	1.00 %	0.80 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.60	5.50
Non-US Equity	16.00	6.10	5.90
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	2.20	2.60
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds *	17.00	1.30	2.30
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.20	4.80
Real Estate	12.00	5.70	6.10
Private Markets	8.00	8.40	8.40
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.70	6.40
Private Credit	5.00	8.30	7.50
Real Assets	8.00	7.00	7.00
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	1% Increase	
		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		(9.00%)	
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	59,689,606	\$	45,410,982	\$	33,479,129	

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

<sup>\*\*</sup> numbers are net of expected inflation

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### Note 13 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB. GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees who pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care is not being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2019, the City contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2019 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$6,987 for 2019.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and Medicare Part B Premium to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2019, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$66,116 for 2019.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.090030%	0.562078%	
Current Measurement Date	0.090735%	0.556327%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.0007050%	0.0057512%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Expense	\$ 11,829,702 \$ 876,550	\$5,066,211 (\$24,952,784)	\$16,895,913 (\$24,076,234)

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F		Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			`	
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 542,323	\$ 171,496	\$	713,819
Changes of assumptions	381,404	2,626,080		3,007,484
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	4,005	-		4,005
Changes in proportion and differences				
between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	139,483	179,915		319,398
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	6,987	66,116		73,103
			•	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,074,202	\$ 3,043,607	\$	4,117,809
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 32,097	\$ 135,735	\$	167,832
Changes of assumptions	-	1,402,566		1,402,566
Changes in proportion and differences				
between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	-	255,657		255,657
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 32,097	\$ 1,793,958	\$	1,826,055

\$73,103 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Fiscal Year Ending December 31:			
2020	<b>\$522.055</b>	<b>#212.500</b>	Φ7.4.C.7.C2
2020	\$533,255	\$213,508	\$746,763
2021	138,670	213,508	352,178
2022	89,987	213,509	303,496
2023	273,206	265,379	538,585
2024	-	183,602	183,602
Thereafter		94,027	94,027
Total	\$1,035,118	\$1,183,533	\$2,218,651

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.96 percent
Prior Measurement date	3.85 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	3.71 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	10.0 percent, initial
	3.25 percent, ultimate in 2029
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2018, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 5.60 percent for 2018.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)				
Fixed Income	34.00 %	2.42 %				
Domestic Equities	21.00	6.21				
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00	5.98				
International Equities	22.00	7.83				
Other investments	17.00	5.57				
Total	100.00 %	5.16 %				

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. A single discount rate of 3.85 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2017. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2031. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.96 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.96 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.96 percent) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
	(2.96%)	(3.96%)	(4.96%)					
City's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$15,134,598	\$11,829,702	\$9,201,436					

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2019 is 10.00 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25 percent in the most recent valuation.

		Current Health Care	
		Cost Trend Rate	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$11,370,910	\$11,829,702	\$12,358,107

#### **Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F**

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2018, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2018, with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
Single discount rate:	productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent
Current measurement date	4.66 percent
Prior measurement date	3.24 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple
	for increased based on the lesser of the
	increase in CPI and 3 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016, the prior experience study was completed December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 year Expected Real Rate of Return **	30 year Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	1.00 %	0.80 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	5.30	5.50
Non-US Equity	16.00	6.10	5.90
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	2.20	2.60
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds *	17.00	1.30	2.30
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.20	4.80
Real Estate	12.00	5.70	6.10
Private Markets	8.00	8.40	8.40
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.70	6.40
Private Credit	5.00	8.30	7.50
Real Assets	8.00	7.00	7.00
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

<sup>\*\*</sup> numbers are net of expected inflation

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.66 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 4.13 percent at December 31, 2018 and 3.16 percent at December 31, 2017, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 4.66 percent. The municipal bond rate was determined using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2031. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.66 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.66 percent), or one percentage point higher (5.66 percent) than the current rate.

		Current							
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase						
	(3.66%)	(4.66%)	(5.66%)						
City's proportionate share									
of the net OPEB liability	\$6,172,028	\$5,066,211	\$4,137,973						

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the health care cost trend rate because it is based on a medial benefit that is a flat dollar amount.

#### Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

Beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. OP&F has contracted with a vendor who will assist eligible retirees in choosing health care plans from their marketplace (both Medicare-eligible and pre-Medicare populations). A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changing from the current health care model to the stipend based health care model, management expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

## Note 14 – Short-Term Notes Payable

The City's note activity, including the amount outstanding and the interest rate, is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	 Balance 1/1/2019	Add	litions	Deletions	 lance 1/2019
Various Purpose Improvement Notes, Series 2018					
2018 Vehicle Acquisition - 3.375%, 10/10/2018	\$ 1,600,000	\$	-	\$ (1,600,000)	\$ -
2018 Street Improvement - 3.00%, 06/28/2018	4,000,000		-	(4,000,000)	-
Unamortized Premiums on Notes	33,444		-	(33,444)	-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$ 5,633,444	\$	-	\$ (5,633,444)	\$ -

# Note 15 – Long-Term Obligations

The original issuance date, maturity date, interest rate, and original issuance amounts for the City's long-term obligations were as follows:

	Original Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issuance Amount
Governmental Activities:				
General Obligation Bonds				
Various Purpose Improvements, Series 2009-02:				
Street Improvements (Pearl Road Widening)	12/8/2009	12/1/2019	1.500 - 5.000%	\$7,000,000
Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2011:				
Multi-Purpose Complex	9/6/2011	12/1/2021	2.000 - 4.000%	8,300,000
Service Center Complex Renovations	9/6/2011	12/1/2021	2.000 - 4.000%	365,000
Fire Station #3	9/6/2011	12/1/2021	2.000 - 4.000%	1,585,000
Total Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2011			_	10,250,000
Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2014:				
Foltz Industrial Parkway Extension (refunded series 2005)	4/1/2014	12/1/2025	1.500 - 3.000%	1,095,000
Royalton Road Improvements (refunded series 2005)	4/1/2014	12/1/2025	1.500 - 3.000%	2,150,000
Police/City Hall (refunded series 2006)	4/1/2014	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	305,000
Municipal Service Center (refunded series 2006)	4/1/2014	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	545,000
New Fire Station Ward 4 (refunded series 2006)	4/1/2014	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	5,390,000
Total Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2014			_	9,485,000
Various Purpose Improvement Refundings, Series 2015:				
Police/City Hall (refunded series 2006)	10/22/2015	12/1/2023	1.500 - 2.125%	80,000
Municipal Service Center (refunded series 2006)	10/22/2015	12/1/2023	1.500 - 2.125%	165,000
New Fire Station Ward 4 (refunded series 2006)	10/22/2015	12/1/2023	1.500 - 2.125%	2,250,000
Police Station, Jail, and Mayor's Court (refunded series 2009)	10/22/2015	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	3,705,000
Intersection of Drake & Howe Roads (refunded series 2009)	10/22/2015	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	605,000
Recreation Land Acquisition (Lunn Road) (refunded series 2009)	10/22/2015	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	660,000
Intersection of Royalton Road and W. 130th (refunded series 2009)	10/22/2015	12/1/2026	1.500 - 3.000%	170,000
Total Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2015			_	7,635,000
Various Purpose Improvement Refundings, Series 2016-01:				
Police Station, Jail, and Mayor's Court (refunded series 2009)	7/21/2016	12/1/2034	1.500 - 4.000%	9,270,000
Intersection of Drake & Howe Roads (refunded series 2009)	7/21/2016	12/1/2029	1.500 - 4.000%	750,000
Recreation Land Acquisition (Lunn Road) (refunded series 2009)	7/21/2016	12/1/2029	1.500 - 4.000%	730,000
Intersection of Royalton Road and W. 130th (refunded series 2009)	7/21/2016	12/1/2029	1.500 - 4.000%	220,000
Total Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2016			_	10,970,000
Various Purpose Improvement, Series 2016-02:				
Street Improvements (Pearl Road Widening)	7/21/2016	12/1/2029	1.500 - 4.000%	5,510,000

City of Strongsville, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Governmental Activities: (Continued)				
Long-term Notes				
Various Purpose Improvement Notes, Series 2019				
2019 Vehicle Acquisition - 2.50%, 06/26/2019	6/26/2019	6/25/2020	2.50%	\$ 1,100,000
2019 Street Improvement - 2.50%, 06/26/2019	6/26/2019	6/25/2020	2.50%	3,000,000
Traffic Signalization Improvement Notes, Series 2019				
2019 Traffic Signalization - 2.50%, 12/10/2019	12/10/2019	6/25/2020	2.50%	2,000,000
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans				
Pearl Road Widening - Phase II	7/1/2013	1/1/2036	0%	2,172,730
Business-Type Activities:				
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans				
Westwood Park Sanitary Sewer	6/27/2002	7/1/2022	4.700%	948,523
Force Main, Pump Station and Sanitary Sewers	1/30/2003	7/1/2023	4.400%	2,259,707
Sewer Construction	5/27/2010	7/1/2030	3.390%	544,038
Drake Road East Sanitary Extension	12/9/2010	7/1/2032	2.870%	 655,678
				 4,407,946
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans				
Drake, Bowman & Fetzer Sanitary Sewers	7/1/2017	7/1/2038	0%	2,172,730

# Changes in the long-term obligations of the City during 2019 were as follows:

	Bala 1/1/2		Add	litions	I	Deletions		alance 31/2019	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:									
General Obligation Bonds									
Various Purpose Improvements, Series 2009-02:									
Street Improvements (Pearl Road Widening)	\$	365,000	\$	-	\$	(365,000)	\$	-	\$ -
Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2011:									
Multi-Purpose Complex Refunding, Series 2001	2,	930,000		-		(935,000)		1,995,000	980,000
Service Center Complex Renovations		85,000		-		(35,000)		50,000	25,000
Fire Station #3		660,000		-		(200,000)		460,000	 225,000
Total Various Purpose Refunding, Series 2011	3,	675,000		-		(1,170,000)		2,505,000	1,230,000
Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2014:									
Foltz Industrial Parkway Extension		785,000		-		(85,000)		700,000	90,000
Royalton Road Improvements	1,	555,000		-		(180,000)		1,375,000	180,000
Police/City Hall		245,000		-		(40,000)		205,000	40,000
Municipal Service Center		435,000		-		(70,000)		365,000	65,000
New Fire Station Ward 4	4,	585,000		-		(535,000)		4,050,000	 550,000
Total Various Purpose Refunding, Series 2014	7,	605,000		-		(910,000)		6,695,000	925,000
Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2015:									
Police/City Hall		50,000		-		-		50,000	-
Municipal Service Center		100,000		-		-		100,000	-
New Fire Station Ward 4	1,	780,000		-		(5,000)		1,775,000	5,000
Police Station, Jail, and Mayor's Court	3,	555,000		-		(30,000)		3,525,000	30,000
Intersection of Drake & Howe Roads		575,000		-		(5,000)		570,000	5,000
Recreation Land Acquisition (Lunn Road)		630,000		-		(5,000)		625,000	5,000
Intersection of Royalton Road and W. 130th		150,000		-		(5,000)		145,000	5,000
Total Various Purpose Refunding, Series 2015	6,	840,000		-		(50,000)		6,790,000	50,000
Various Purpose Refundings, Series 2016-01:									
Police Station, Jail, and Mayor's Court	9,	250,000		-		(105,000)		9,145,000	125,000
Intersection of Drake & Howe Roads		740,000		-		(60,000)		680,000	60,000
Recreation Land Acquisition (Lunn Road)		720,000		-		(40,000)		680,000	45,000
Intersection of Royalton Road and W. 130th		210,000		-		(15,000)		195,000	 20,000
Total Various Purpose Refunding, Series 2016-01	10,	920,000		-		(220,000)	1	0,700,000	250,000
Various Purpose Improvements, Series 2016-02:									
Street Improvements (Pearl Road Widening)	5,	440,000		-		(40,000)		5,400,000	 415,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	34,	845,000		-		(2,755,000)	3	2,090,000	2,870,000

City of Strongsville, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued):	Balance 1/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2019	Amounts Due in One Year
Long-term Notes					
Various Purpose Improvement Notes, Series 2019					
2019 Vehicle Acquisition - 2.50%, 06/26/2019	\$ -	\$ 1,100,000	\$ -	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000
2019 Street Improvement - 2.50%, 06/26/2019	ψ -	3,000,000	<b>.</b>	3,000,000	3,000,000
Total Various Purpose Improvement Notes, Series 2019		4,100,000		4,100,000	4,100,000
Total various I arpose improvement Notes, Series 2017		4,100,000		4,100,000	4,100,000
Traffic Signalization Improvement Notes, Series 2019					
2019 Traffic Signalization - 2.50%, 12/10/2019	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Total Long Term Notes		6,100,000		6,100,000	6,100,000
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements of debt					
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loan					
Pearl Road Widening - Phase II	1,846,822	-	(108,636)	1,738,186	108,636
Net Pension Liability					
OPERS	13,639,365	10,311,097	-	23,950,462	-
OP&F	34,497,277	10,913,705	_	45,410,982	_
Total Net Pension Liability	48,136,642	21,224,802		69,361,444	-
Net OPEB Liability					
OPERS	9,392,480	1,609,143	_	11,001,623	_
OP&F	31,846,564	1,000,113	(26,780,353)	5,066,211	_
Total Net OPEB Liability	41,239,044	1,609,143	(26,780,353)	16,067,834	
Other Long-Term Obligations					
	2 205 667	51 (50	(204.564)	1.052.755	
Unamortized Bond and Note Premiums	2,205,667	51,652	(304,564)	1,952,755	- 5 220
Capital Lease	18,906	28,981	(24,616)	23,271	5,328
Claims Payable	2,301,325	3,825,184	(3,628,610)	2,497,899	442,503
Compensated Absences	6,804,594 11,330,492	3,232,362 7,138,179	(2,876,314)	7,160,642	3,545,032 3,992,863
Total Other Long-Term Obligations  Total Governmental Activities	11,550,492	7,136,179	(6,834,104)	11,634,567	3,992,803
Long-Term Obligations	\$ 137,398,000	\$ 36,072,124	\$ (36,478,093)	\$ 136,992,031	\$ 13,071,499
Business-Type Activities: Direct Borrowings					
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans					
Westwood Park Sanitary Sewer	\$ 235,236	\$ -	\$ (63,354)	\$ 171,882	\$ 66,367
Force Main, Pump Station and Sanitary Sewers	691,499	· -	(142,181)	549,318	148,506
Sewer Construction	356,365	_	(25,815)	330,550	26,698
Drake Road East Sanitary Sewer Extension	481,980	_	(29,695)	452,285	30,554
Total OWDA Loans	1,765,080		(261,045)	1,504,035	272,125
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loan					
Drake, Bowman & Fetzer Sanitary Sewers	962,778	-	(49,373)	913,405	49,373
Net Pension Liability					
OPERS	1,026,619	776,104	-	1,802,723	-
Net OPEB Liability					
OPERS	706,961	121,118	-	828,079	-
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Compensated Absences	314,494	147,602	(132,937)	329,159	162,957
Total Business-Type Activities	¢ 4.775.022	¢ 1.044.924	¢ (442.255)	e 5277.401	¢ 404.455
Long-Term Obligations	\$ 4,775,932	\$ 1,044,824	\$ (443,355)	\$ 5,377,401	\$ 484,455
Total Entity-Wide Long-Term Obligations	\$ 142,173,932	\$ 37,116,948	\$ (36,921,448)	\$ 142,369,432	\$ 13,555,954

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans are revenue obligations (not general obligations) of the City, payable from the revenue of the systems that are improved with the OWDA loans and from special assessments that relate to those improvements. The OWDA does not require that the City generate "coverage" (revenues in excess of the amounts needed for system operations and loan payments), nor does the OWDA require the creation or funding of any reserve funds. The OWDA loans will be paid from the Sanitary Sewer Fund. The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan for Pearl Road Widening will be paid from the General Bond Retirement Fund, the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan for the Drake, Bowman & Fetzer Sanitary Sewers will be paid from the Sanitary Sewer Fund, General obligation bonds will be paid from the General Bond Retirement Fund and Pearl Road TIF #1 Fund.

The capital lease will be paid from General Fund (refer to Note 16 for further information). Workers' Compensation claims will be paid from the Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund (refer to Note 11 for further information). The compensated absences liability and employer pension and OPEB contributions are paid from the funds benefiting from their service, which includes the General fund, police pension, SCMR, fire levy, fire pension, multipurpose complex, community diversion, and sanitary sewer funds. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 12 and 13.

In July 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for a zero percent interest loan for the Pearl Road Widening project. In 2015 the City made its final drawdown on the loan for a total amount of \$2,172,730. The twenty-year loan will be repaid with forty semi-annual payments of \$54,318 commencing July 1, 2016. The loan will be repaid from the General Bond Retirement Fund.

In July 2017, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for a zero percent interest loan for the Drake, Bowman & Fetzer Sanitary Sewer Project. The agreement provided for a grant of \$617,165 and a zero percent interest loan of \$987,465 for a total of \$1,604,630. In 2018 the City received the balance of the grant amount as well as the proceeds of the loan. The twenty-year loan will be repaid with forty semi-annual payments of \$24,687. The first payment on the loan was due on January 1, 2019, however the City made this payment prior to year end. The loan will be repaid from the Sanitary Sewer Fund.

The City's direct borrowings from OWDA in the amount of \$1,504,035 contain a provision that in an event of default the amount of such default shall bear interest at the default rate from the due date until the date of the payment. In addition to the interest, a late charge of one percent on the amount of each defaults shall also be paid to OWDA by the City from the pledged revenues for failure to make the payment.

The City's total direct borrowings from OPWC in the amount of \$2,651,591 contain a provision that in an event of default the amount of such default shall bear interest thereafter at the rate of 8 percent per annum until the date of payment, and outstanding amounts become immediately due. Also, OPWC may direct the county treasurer to pay the outstanding amount from portion of the local government fund that would otherwise be appropriated to the City.

In 2019, the City issued \$4,100,000 in Various Purpose Notes Series 2019. This note is dated June 26, 2019, and will mature on June 25, 2020 and bear a 2.50 percent rate of interest. \$1,100,000 of the proceeds from the 2019 Note was used for public service vehicles and equipment and \$3,000,000 was used for road improvements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

In 2019, the City issued \$2,000,000 in Traffic Signalization Notes Series 2019. This note is dated December 10, 2019 and will mature on June 25, 2020 and bear a 2.50 percent rate of interest. The proceeds from the 2019 Note will be used for the City-Wide traffic signalization project. As of December 31, 2019, the City has unspent proceeds of \$1,555,610.

On June 10, 2020 the City refinanced the 2019 vehicle acquisition and street improvement notes for \$1,100,000 and \$2,000,000, respectively. Because these notes were issued after the balance sheet date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements they are reported as long-term debt obligations. Similarly, on June 24, 2020 the City refinanced the \$2,000,000 in Traffic Signalization notes, which resulted in them also being classified as long-term obligations.

The notes are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and mature on June 25, 2020. The note liabilities are reflected in the fund which received the proceeds. The premium and issuance costs are recorded in the General Bond Retirement Fund.

#### **Principal and Interest Requirements**

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities											
	General Obligation Bonds				OPWC Loan	Total							
Years		Principal	Interest		Principal			Principal		Interest			
2020	\$	2,870,000	\$	1,022,256	\$	108,636	\$	2,978,636	\$	1,022,256			
2021		2,975,000		940,256		108,636		3,083,636		940,256			
2022		2,140,000		855,256		108,636		2,248,636		855,256			
2023		2,955,000		811,531		108,636		3,063,636		811,531			
2024		3,005,000		745,863		108,636		3,113,636		745,863			
2025-2029		12,405,000		2,406,350		543,180		12,948,180		2,406,350			
2030-2034		5,740,000		694,750		543,180		6,283,180		694,750			
2035		-		-		108,646		108,646		-			
Total	\$	32,090,000	\$	7,476,262	\$	1,738,186	\$	33,828,186	\$	7,476,262			

	Business-Type Activities										
	OWDA				OPWC						
		Loan				Loan		Total			
Years	Principal In		Interest	F	Principal		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	272,125		50,467	\$	49,373	\$	321,498	\$	50,467	
2021		283,682		39,980		49,373		333,055		39,980	
2022		258,903		29,041		49,373		308,276		29,041	
2023		146,498		19,858		49,373		195,871		19,858	
2024		64,782		16,213		49,373		114,155		16,213	
2025-2029		355,738		49,239		246,865		602,603		49,239	
2030-2034		122,307		4,824		246,865		369,172		4,824	
2035				-		172,810		172,810		-	
Total	\$	1,504,035	5	\$ 209,622	\$	913,405	\$ 2	2,417,440	\$	209,622	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### Note 16 – Leases

### **Capital Lease**

In 2019, the City paid off a prior year lease and entered into a new lease agreement for the acquisition of a utility tractor. Capital lease payments are reflected as program expenditures on the budgetary statement and part of debt service on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The capital asset acquired by the lease has been capitalized in the amount of \$28,981 (with a salvage value of \$1,449), with an accumulated depreciation of \$3,262, for a total book value of \$24,270 as of December 31, 2019.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2019:

Payments			
\$	6,510		
	6,510		
	6,510		
	6,510		
	26,040		
	(2,769)		
\$	23,271		
	\$		

In the event of a default the lender may declare all unmatured obligations, may require the City at the City's cost, to promptly deliver possession of the collateral to the lender, and may recover all expenses and collection costs which the lender has incurred.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### **Note 17 – Construction Commitments**

As of December 31, 2019, the City had the following significant commitments with respect to capital-related projects:

	Remaining		
	_	onstruction	
	Co	ommitment	
Motor Vehicle License Tax			
Pearl Road (Strongsville, Middleburg Heights and Parma Heights)	\$	1,265,208	
Emergency Vehicle			
Police Vehicles		69,833	
Drainage Levy Fund			
Donegal Drive Retention		750,000	
Falling Water Culvert		32,207	
The Greens		2,415,658	
General Capital Improvement			
City-Wide Traffic Signalization		5,822,700	
42/82 Intersection Improvement		370,143	
Fire Station #1 HVAC		173,238	
Sprague Road Widening		2,103,408	
Sanitary Sewer Fund			
Treatment Plant Renovations		2,360	
West 130th Pump Station		365,957	
Willow Drive Sanitary Sewer		1,250,000	
Bent Tree Lift Station		325,000	
Westwood Pump Station		150,236	
<b>Total Government-wide Construction Commitments</b>	\$	15,095,948	

#### **Note 18 – Contingent Liabilities**

There are several lawsuits pending in which the City is involved. City management estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain expenditures may be questioned as not appropriate under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### **Note 19 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

### **Southwest General Health Center**

The Southwest General Health Center is an Ohio nonprofit corporation providing health services. The Health Center is a jointly governed organization among the communities of Berea, Brook Park, Columbia Township, Middleburg Heights, Olmsted Falls and Strongsville.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The Health Center is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of the following: one member of the legislative body from each of the political subdivisions, one resident from each of the political subdivisions who is not a member of the legislative body, three persons who are residents of any of the participating political subdivisions, and the president and the vice president of the medical staff. The legislative body of each political subdivision elects their own member to serve on the Board of Trustees of the Health Center.

The Board exercises total control over the operation of the Health Center including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each City's control is limited to its representation on the Board. In 2019, the City of Strongsville contributed \$357,275 to the Health Center. Financial information may be obtained by writing to the Southwest General Health Center, 18697 Bagley Road, Middleburg Heights, Ohio 44130-3497.

### **Regional Income Tax Agency**

In 1971, thirty-eight municipalities joined together to organize a Regional Council of Governments (RCOG) to administer tax collection and enforcement concerns facing the cities and villages. The first official act of the RCOG was to form the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA). Today RITA serves as the income tax collection agency for over 300 municipalities throughout the State of Ohio. The City was one of the original members of RCOG. Financial information may be obtained by writing to RITA, 10107 Brecksville Road, Brecksville, Ohio, 44141.

#### **Southwest Council of Governments**

The Southwest Council of Governments helps foster cooperation between municipalities in areas affecting health, safety, welfare, education, economic conditions, and regional development. The Council's Board is comprised of one member from each of the participating cities. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each City's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

The Council has established two subsidiary organizations, the Hazardous Material Response Team ("HAZMAT"), which provides hazardous material protection and assistance, and the Southwest Enforcement Bureau, which provides extra assistance to cities in the form of a SWAT team. In 2019, the City of Strongsville contributed \$20,000 to the Council. Financial information may be obtained by writing to the Finance Director of the City of Berea, at 11 Berea Commons, Berea, Ohio 44017.

#### **Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council**

The City is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). NOPEC is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. NOPEC was formed to serve as a vehicle for communities wishing to proceed jointly with an aggregation program for the purchase of energy. NOPEC is currently comprised of over 220 communities who have been authorized by ballot to purchase energy on behalf of their citizens. The intent of NOPEC is to provide energy at the lowest possible rates while at the same time insuring stability in prices by entering into long-term contracts with suppliers to provide energy to the citizens of its member communities. NOPEC is governed by a General Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives from each county then elect one person to serve on the eleven-member NOPEC Board of Directors. The Board oversees and manages the operation of the aggregation program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the General Assembly and on the Board. Financial information should be directed to NOPEC, 31360 Solon Road, Suite 33, Solon, Ohio 44139.

#### **Southwest Regional Communications**

The Southwest Regional Communications is a jointly-governed organization between the City and seven other communities. Formed as a Regional Council of Governments as permitted under Ohio Revised Code Section 167.01, the intent of the organization is to establish, own, operate, maintain, and administer, a regional communications network for public safety and public service purposes for the mutual benefit of the participating communities. This organization is controlled by a governing body consisting of each participating community's mayor or his/her delegate or representative. The degree of control exercised by any member is limited to its representation on the governing board.

All members agree to contribute the sums of money on a shared basis as agreed per the requirements set forth in the Articles of Understanding. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statement No. 61, the City does not have an equity interest in the organization. In 2019, the City of Strongsville contributed \$76,046 to the organization. Financial information may be obtained by contacting Martin S. Healy, 17401 Holland Road, Brook Park, Ohio 44142, or by email at healymswcc@gmail.com.

#### Note 20 - Related Organization

The Strongsville Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) was formed to promote and assist in economic development with the City. City Council created the CIC in 1977 and appointed the initial CIC Board members. The CIC does not represent a potential financial benefit for or burden on the City.

#### **Note 21 – Insurance Purchasing Pool**

#### **Ohio Government Benefit Cooperative**

The City participates in the Ohio Government Benefit Cooperative (OGBC), a claims servicing and group purchasing pool comprised of five cities. The OGBC was created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Board of Directors is the governing body of the consortium. Each City appoints one individual to be its representative on the Board of Directors. The City of North Royalton serves as the fiscal agent for OGBC. OGBC is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members which was created for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to maximize benefits and/or reduce costs of medical, prescription drug, vision, dental, life and/or other group insurance coverage for their employees, and their eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees.

Participants pay an initial \$500 membership fee to OGBC. OGBC offers two options to participants. Participants may enroll in the joint insurance purchasing program for medical, prescription drug, vision dental and/or life insurance. A second option is available for self-insured participants that provides for the purchase of stop loss insurance coverage through OGBC's third party administrator. Medical Mutual is the Administrator of the OGBC. During 2019, the City elected to participate in the self-insured joint insurance program for medical, prescription drug, and vision coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### **Note 22 – Tax Abatement Disclosures**

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3735.65-70, the City has established nineteen Pre-1994 Community Reinvestment Area's (CRAs) within and surrounding Strongsville's business parks. The CRA program provided the City with a resource to stimulate growth and economic development by providing a direct incentive tax exemption benefiting both residential and industrial property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings within the designated area. Improvements within the CRAs designated areas are granted an abatement of 100% on the additional property taxes resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements for a period of up to 15 years. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill.

Below is the information relevant to the disclosure of the program for the year ended December 31, 2019.

(Tax year 2018/Collection Year 2019)

Tax Abatement Program	of (	al Amount City Taxes ted in 2019
Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Industrial/Residential	\$	539,925

#### Note 23 – Subsequent Events

On April 6, 2020, Council authorized the issuance of \$5.5 million in traffic signalizations bonds or notes, \$1.1 million of vehicle acquisition notes, and \$7 million in notes for street improvements.

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Years (1)

Traditional Plan	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.094031%	0.093485%	0.092880%	0.091907%	0.087814%	0.087814%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$25,753,185	\$14,665,984	\$21,091,469	\$15,919,450	\$10,591,350	\$10,352,127
City's Covered Payroll	\$12,700,486	\$12,355,438	\$12,005,508	\$11,437,692	\$10,801,667	\$10,433,501
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	202.77%	118.70%	175.68%	139.18%	98.05%	99.22%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
Combined Plan	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset)	<b>2019</b> 0.066153%	<b>2018</b> 0.057634%	2017 0.075003%	<b>2016</b> 0.067880%	2015 0.056160%	2014 0.056160%
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset)	0.066153%	0.057634%	0.075003%	0.067880%	0.056160%	0.056160%
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)	0.066153% (\$73,974)	0.057634% (\$78,459)	0.075003% (\$41,744)	0.067880% (\$33,030)	0.056160% (\$21,623)	0.056160% (\$5,893)

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund
Last Six Years (1)

Police	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.2664479%	0.2672358%	0.2659770%	0.2714812%	0.2758712%	0.2758712%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$21,749,191	\$16,401,468	\$16,846,716	\$17,464,577	\$14,291,279	\$13,435,793
City's Covered Payroll	\$6,698,421	\$6,488,579	\$6,392,026	\$6,149,832	\$6,078,132	\$6,080,280
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	324.69%	252.77%	263.56%	283.98%	235.13%	220.97%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	63.07%	70.91%	68.36%	66.77%	71.71%	73.00%
Fire	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Fire City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	<b>2019</b> 0.2898791%	2018 0.2948424%	2017 0.2910200%	<b>2016</b> 0.3021489%	2015 0.3010628%	<b>2014</b> 0.3010628%
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.2898791%	0.2948424%	0.2910200%	0.3021489%	0.3010628%	0.3010628%
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.2898791% \$23,661,791	0.2948424% \$18,095,809	0.2910200% \$18,432,915	0.3021489% \$19,437,450	0.3010628% \$15,596,308	0.3010628% \$14,662,703

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

#### 92

# City of Strongsville, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions - Pension Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Seven Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contributions	1.070.600	1.770.060	1 606 207	1 440 661	1 272 522	1 206 200	1 256 255
Traditional Plan	1,872,620	1,778,068	1,606,207	1,440,661	1,372,523	1,296,200	1,356,355
Combined Plan	42,700	39,611	30,685	35,034	29,645	24,820	27,632
Total Required Contributions	\$1,915,320	\$1,817,679	\$1,636,892	\$1,475,695	\$1,402,168	\$1,321,020	\$1,383,987
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required							
Contribution	(\$1,915,320)	(\$1,817,679)	(\$1,636,892)	(\$1,475,695)	(\$1,402,168)	(\$1,321,020)	(\$1,383,987)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's Covered Payroll							
Traditional Plan	\$13,375,857	\$12,700,486	\$12,355,438	\$12,005,508	\$11,437,692	\$10,801,667	\$10,433,501
Combined Plan	\$305,000	\$282,936	\$236,038	\$291,950	\$247,042	\$206,833	\$212,553
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll							
Traditional Plan	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
Combined Plan	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### 93

# City of Strongsville, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions - Pension Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually Required Contributions										
Police	\$1,353,800	\$1,272,700	\$1,232,830	\$1,214,485	\$1,168,468	\$1,154,845	\$956,428	\$729,404	\$751,204	\$696,232
Fire	\$1,433,038	\$1,390,614	\$1,369,721	\$1,344,026	\$1,300,541	\$1,266,425	\$1,057,138	\$895,979	\$927,285	\$811,840
Total Required Contributions	\$2,786,838	\$2,663,314	\$2,602,551	\$2,558,511	\$2,469,009	\$2,421,270	\$2,013,566	\$1,625,383	\$1,678,489	\$1,508,072
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually										
Required Contribution	(\$2,786,838)	(\$2,663,314)	(\$2,602,551)	(\$2,558,511)	(\$2,469,009)	(\$2,421,270)	(\$2,013,566)	(\$1,625,383)	(\$1,678,489)	(\$1,508,072)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's Covered Payroll										
Police	\$7,125,263	\$6,698,421	\$6,488,579	\$6,392,026	\$6,149,832	\$6,078,132	\$6,080,280	\$5,720,816	\$5,891,796	\$5,460,643
Fire	\$6,098,034	\$5,917,506	\$5,828,600	\$5,719,260	\$5,534,217	\$5,389,043	\$5,225,596	\$5,194,081	\$5,375,565	\$4,706,319
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll										
Police	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	[1]	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%
Fire	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	[1]	17.25%	17.25%	17.25%

<sup>[1] –</sup> The portion of the City's contributions to fund pension obligations from January 1, 2013 thru May 31, 2013, for both police officers and firefighters was 14.81 percent and 19.31 percent, respectively. The portion of the City's contributions to fund pension obligations from June 1, 2013 thru December 31, 2013 for both police officers and firefighters was 16.65 percent and 21.15 percent, respectively.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Three Years (1)

	 2019	2018	 2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.090735%	0.090030%	0.090180%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 11,829,702	\$ 10,099,441	\$ 9,108,486
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 13,160,879	\$ 12,752,807	\$ 12,462,764
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	89.89%	79.19%	73.09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.33%	54.14%	54.04%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Three Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	 2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.556327%	0.562078%	0.557000%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,066,211	\$ 31,846,564	\$ 26,439,537
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,615,927	\$ 12,317,179	\$ 12,111,286
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	40.16%	258.55%	218.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.57%	14.13%	15.96%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions - OPEB Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Five Years (1)

	2019		9 2018		 2017	2016			2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	6,987	\$	7,098	\$ 132,408	\$	252,527	\$	233,716
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(6,987)	(6,987)		 (132,408)		(252,527)		(233,716)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 	\$		\$	
City Covered Payroll	\$13	3,855,536	\$13	3,160,879	\$ 12,752,807	\$	12,462,764	\$	11,845,979
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.05%		0.05%	1.04%		2.03%		1.97%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions - OPEB Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 66,116	\$ 63,080	\$ 61,586	\$ 60,015	\$ 58,235	\$ 57,192	\$ 398,619	\$ 736,755	\$ 760,546	\$ 686,270	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(66,116)	(63,080)	(61,586)	(60,015)	(58,235)	(57,192)	(398,619)	(736,755)	(760,546)	(686,270)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
City Covered Payroll	\$13,223,297	\$12,615,927	\$12,317,179	\$12,111,286	\$11,684,049	\$11,467,175	\$11,305,876	\$10,914,897	\$11,267,361	\$10,166,962	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	3.62%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected long-term average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%.

### Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2019.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00% (b) In January 2020, the Board adopted changes to health care coverage for Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees. It will include discontinuing the PPO plan for pre-Medicare retirees and replacing it with a monthly allowance to help participants pay for a health care plan of their choosing. The base allowance for Medicare eligible retirees will be reduced. The specific effect of these changes on the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense are unknown at this time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Continued)

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. For 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent (b) the projected salary increases was reduced from 4.25% to 3.75% (c) the payroll increases was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% (d) the inflation assumptions was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75% (e) the cost of living adjustments was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20% (f) rates of withdrawal, disability and service retirement were updated to reflect recent experience (g) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Total Employee and Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2016 (h) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2016. There have been no OP&F pension plan amendments adopted or changes in assumptions between the measurement date and the report date that would have impacted the actuarial valuation of the pension plan as of the measurement date.

#### Net OPEB Liability

*Changes in benefit terms:* There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018. For 2019, see below regarding changes to stipend-based model.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79 percent to 3.24 percent. For 2019, the changes of assumptions were: (a) beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan is no longer offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. OP&F has contracted with a vendor who will assist eligible retirees in choosing health care plans from their marketplace (both Medicare-eligible and pre-Medicare populations). A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changing from the current health care model to the stipend based health care model, management expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years (b) beginning in 2020 the Board approved a change to the Deferred Retirement Option Plan. The minimum interest rate accruing will be 2.5%.

**Combining Statements** 

### Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. A description of the City's special revenue funds follows:

*Police Pension Fund* - This fund accounts for the revenue from property taxes levied and expenditures relative to payment of the City's share (19.50 percent) of the current police pension liability to the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund. The Ohio Revised Code requires that the City levy 0.3 mills of property tax annually for the partial payment of this liability. The remaining liability is financed by a transfer from the General Fund.

State Highway Maintenance Fund - This fund accounts for a percentage of the revenue from the City's share of State gasoline taxes and motor vehicle registration fees. State law requires that these taxes be used for maintenance and repair of the state highways within the City.

*Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund* - This fund accounts for the additional \$5 tax levied upon the vehicles registered within the City to be used specifically for the maintenance of public roads and highways within the City.

*Emergency Vehicle Fund* - This fund accounts for the revenues generated by the charges for emergency medical services to be used for the acquisition of emergency medical service vehicles, or any other equipment related to or required for emergency medical services operations, and any other public safety related vehicles or equipment utilized at the time of and in conjunction with calls for emergency medical services.

Fire Pension Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue from property taxes levied and expenditures relative to payment of the City's share (24.00 percent) of the current fire pension liability to the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund. The Ohio Revised Code requires that the City levy 0.3 mills of property tax annually for the partial payment of this liability. The remaining liability is financed by a transfer from the General Fund.

Clerk of Courts Computerization Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue received from court costs assessed under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Section 1901.261(b) by the Mayor's Court on the filing of each cause of action or appeal, certificate of judgment or modifications of judgment for the purpose of procuring or maintaining computer systems of the office of the clerk of the Mayor's Court.

*Drainage Levy Fund* - This fund accounts for the revenue received from a voted property tax levy (gross millage 0.4, effective millage 0.353617 for tax year 2018/collection year 2019) approved for the purpose of constructing, reconstructing and renovating storm sewers and storm drainage facilities.

*Multi-Purpose Complex Fund* – This fund accounts for the revenue received from various recreation/senior membership and user fees. Transfers are made from the General Fund to provide additional resources.

Southwest General Hospital Levy Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue received from a voted property tax levy (gross millage 1.0, effective millage 0.170846 for tax year 2018/collection year 2019) approved for the use, maintenance and support of Southwest General Hospital by the residents of Strongsville.

### Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Non-Major Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Law Enforcement Federal Seizure Fund - This fund accounts for seized and/or forfeited cash and tangible property received from the United States government that was relinquished in accordance with the Comprehensive Drug Penalty Act of 1984 to be used by local law enforcement.

Law Enforcement State Seizure Fund - This fund accounts for seized and/or forfeited cash and tangible property received from the Cuyahoga County Common Pleas Court with the State of Ohio, which was relinquished in accordance with Section (D) (1) to (8) of Ohio Revised Code Section 2933.41. Eighty percent of the seizure or forfeiture is to be used by local law enforcement while the remaining twenty percent is forwarded to the Cuyahoga County Prosecuting Attorney's Office.

Law Enforcement Drug Fine Fund – This fund accounts for all fines imposed and bail forfeited by an individual convicted of certain drug offenses to be used by local law enforcement.

Law Enforcement DWI/DUI Fund - This fund accounts for fines and penalties received for DWI/DUI violations. These funds are to be used for costs incurred in enforcing DWI/DUI laws, incarceration costs and public education.

*Tree Fund* - This fund accounts for various fees and permits charged pursuant to City Ordinances for the purpose of planting, replacing, maintaining, protecting and promoting trees within the City.

*Bond Escrow* - his fund is used to account for the receipt of refundable deposits required of contractors, builders, residents or others to insure compliance with various City ordinances and donations for City events.

Community Diversion Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue received from the Juvenile Court Division of the Cuyahoga County Court of Common Please. The purpose of this program is to divert local youth who are juvenile offenders of misdemeanor and status offenses from formal court action and to utilize community resources to ameliorate the situations.

Earned Benefits Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue set-aside by City Council used for the payment of accumulated sick and vacation leave balances upon the termination of employment by employees of the City and to provide funds for the payment of salaries and related fringes during a twenty-seven pay year per Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.13. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, this fund was combined with the General Fund on the governmental fund financial statements but remained a separate fund in the budgetary schedules because it has a separate legally adopted budget.

### Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Debt Service funds are established to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. A description of the City's debt service fund follows:

Pearl Road TIF #1 Fund - This fund accounts for the receipt of service payments in lieu of taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of public improvements described in City ordinance. The general area affected by this TIF is Pearl Road between Route 82 and Boston Road and the area along Route 82 between Pearl and Howe Roads.

### Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Royalton Road TIF Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2008-220. The general area affected by this TIF is north of Route 82 and Howe Road intersection.

Pearl Road TIF #2 Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2010-196. The general area affected by this TIF is Pearl Road between Route 82 and Boston Road.

*Pearl Road TIF #3 Fund* – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2011-191. The general area affected by this TIF is Pearl, Royalton, Howe and Prospect Roads.

*Pearl Road TIF #4 Fund* – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2011-191. The general area affected by this TIF is Pearl, Royalton, Howe and Prospect Roads.

Westwood Commons TIF Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2015-195. The City will reimburse the Developer for the public infrastructure improvements that directly benefit the City, its residents and the property. The area affected by this TIF is the northeastern corner of Pearl Road and Westwood Drive.

Giant Eagle TIF Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2013-250. The general area affected by this TIF is Pearl and Royalton Roads.

Get Go TIF Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2014-200. The general area affected by this TIF is Drake and Pearl Road from Boston Road to Royalton Road.

Clover Senior Apartments TIF Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2015-237. The general area affected by this TIF is Howe Road between Drake and Royalton Roads and including the intersections thereof.

Canes & Chase TIF Fund – This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in Ordinance 2018-145. The general area affected by this TIF is Pearl and Royalton Roads. Budget was not adopted in 2019 due to no cash activity.

### Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Non-Major Capital Project Funds

Capital Project funds are established to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. A description of the City's capital project funds follows:

Recreation Capital Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for resources restricted for recreation improvements. Resources include federal, state, and local grants, dedicated building fees, debt proceeds and transfers from the General Fund.

TIF Capital Improvement Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue received from Service Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of the public improvements described in the TIF specific Ordinances listed below;

Ordinance 2014-201 – Prospect and Albion TIF

Ordinance 2014-202 – Pearl and Whitney TIF

Ordinance 2015-232 – Goodyear and Fifth/Third TIF

Ordinance 2015-233 – Dunkin Donuts TIF

Ordinance 2015-234 - 42/82 TIF

Ordinance 2015-236 - Pearl and Lunn TIF



City of Strongsville, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	 Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,215,485	\$ 1,495,322	\$ 2,278,063	\$	10,988,870
Accrued Interest Receivable	11,892	-	-		11,892
Accounts Receivable	194,217	-	-		194,217
Due from Other Funds	1,100	-	-		1,100
Intergovernmental Receivable	230,008	1,973,811	400,642		2,604,461
Prepaid Items	106,192	-	-		106,192
Property Taxes Receivable	1,726,966	-	-		1,726,966
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes Receivable	 27,795	 -	 -		27,795
Total Assets	\$ 9,513,655	\$ 3,469,133	\$ 2,678,705	\$	15,661,493
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Contracts Payable Intergovernmental Payable Accrued Interest Payable Retainage Payable Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities  Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$ 82,527 58,150 19,874 111,600 - 28,074 554,523 854,748	\$ 35,728 - - - - - - - 35,728	\$ 138,367 - 2,778 34,331 - 175,476	\$	118,255 58,150 158,241 111,600 2,778 62,405 554,523 1,065,952
	1 (92 492	1 072 911	222 (40		2 070 022
Property Taxes and Payments in Lieu of Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes	1,682,482 44,484	1,973,811	222,640		3,878,933 44,484
Unavailable Revenue - Other	282,485	-	-		282,485
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,009,451	 1,973,811	 222,640	-	4,205,902
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	106,192 3,419,454 3,123,810	- 1,495,322 - (35,728)	2,072,249 208,340		106,192 6,987,025 3,332,150 (35,728)
Total Fund Balances	6,649,456	 1,459,594	 2,280,589	-	10,389,639
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	, ,, -, -	 , ,	 , -,	-	, -,
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 9,513,655	\$ 3,469,133	\$ 2,678,705	\$	15,661,493

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonma Capit Proje Fund	tal cts	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	Φ.	1.505.104	Φ.		ф		Φ.	1 505 104
Property Taxes	\$	1,705,184	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,705,184
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes		355,213		-	201	-		355,213
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		-		1,779,788		,835		2,061,623
Intergovernmental		600,753		-	1/8	3,002		778,755
Interest		95,007		-		-		95,007
Fees, Licenses, and Permits		112,350		-		-		112,350
Fines and Forfeitures		85,969		-	2.0	-		85,969
Charges for Services		4,308,840		-	33	3,049		4,341,889
Contributions and Donations		127,911		-		-		127,911
All Other Revenues		51,003		1 550 500	400	-		51,003
Total Revenues		7,442,230		1,779,788	492	2,886		9,714,904
EXPENDITURES								
Security of Persons and Property		3,078,469		-		-		3,078,469
Public Health Services		357,275		-		-		357,275
Leisure Time Activities		4,935,639		-	23	3,660		4,959,299
Community Environment		133,840		36,081		-		169,921
Basic Utility Services		145,545		-		-		145,545
Transportation		115,788		-		-		115,788
General Government		35,879		-		-		35,879
Capital Outlay		2,124,239		-	478	3,721		2,602,960
Debt Service:				-				
Principal Retirement		-		405,000		-		405,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		206,411	2	2,778		209,189
Bond Issuance Costs		-		350				350
Total Expenditures		10,926,674		647,842		,159		12,079,675
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,484,444)		1,131,946	(12	2,273)		(2,364,771)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Sale of Capital Assets		14,026		-		-		14,026
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued		-		-	2,000	,000		2,000,000
Transfers In		4,482,000		-		_		4,482,000
Transfers Out		_		(1,000,000)		-		(1,000,000)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		4,496,026		(1,000,000)	2,000	0,000		5,496,026
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,011,582		131,946	1,987	7,727		3,131,255
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated		5,637,874		1,327,648	292	2,862		7,258,384
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	6,649,456	\$	1,459,594	\$ 2,280	,589	\$	10,389,639

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2019

	Police Pension		State Iighway iintenance	Motor Vehicle License Tax	1	Emergency Vehicle	Fire Pension	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED								
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
ASSETS								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	216,844	\$ 600,803	\$ 614,003	\$	2,202,602	\$	312,136
Accrued Interest Receivable		-	1,791	2,309		7,792		-
Accounts Receivable		-	-	-		194,217		-
Due From Other Funds		-	-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		26,576	122,437	-		2,765		26,576
Prepaid Items		-	-	-		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		437,913	-	-		-		437,913
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes Receivable		-	-	27,795		-		_
Total Assets	\$	681,333	\$ 725,031	\$ 644,107	\$	2,407,376	\$	776,625
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,967	\$	_
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-	-	-		-		-
Contracts Payable		-	-	-		-		_
Intergovernmental Payable		44,016	-	-		-		58,611
Retainage Payable		-	-	-		-		_
Unearned Revenue		-	-	-		-		_
Total Liabilities		44,016	 -			5,967		58,611
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes		426,633	-	-		-		426,633
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		11,280	-	-		-		11,280
Unavailable Revenue - Other		26,576	86,272	-		91,407		26,576
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		464,489	86,272	-		91,407		464,489
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-	-	-		-		-
Restricted		172,828	638,759	644,107		-		253,525
Committed		-	-	-		2,310,002		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	681,333	\$ 725,031	\$ 644,107	\$	2,407,376	\$	776,625

	Clerk f Courts puterization	Drainage Levy	]	Multi- Purpose Complex	(	outhwest General Hospital Levy	F	Law Forcement Federal Seizure	Law Forcement State Seizure	Enf	Law orcement Drug Fine
\$	133,474	\$ 1,480,168	\$	870,379	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	26,802	\$ 86,998	\$	13,419
·	-	-		-		-		-	-	·	-
	-	-		-		-		-	-		-
	1,075	-		-		-		-	-		-
	-	31,818		-		19,836		-	-		-
	-	-		106,192		-		-	-		-
	-	524,289		-		326,851		-	-		-
\$	134,549	\$ 2,036,275	\$	976,571	\$	346,687	\$	26,802	\$ 86,998	\$	13,419
\$	1,953	\$ 5,000	\$	61,822	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	-	- 10.074		58,150		-		-	-		-
	-	19,874		- 8,973		-		-	-		-
	-	28,074		6,973		-		_	-		_
	_	-		_		_		_	_		_
	1,953	52,948		128,945		-		-	 -		-
	-	510,784		-		318,432		-	-		_
	-	13,505		-		8,419		-	-		-
		31,818		-		19,836		-	 -		-
	-	 556,107				346,687		-	 		-
	-	-		106,192		-		-	-		-
	132,596	1,427,220		741,434		<u>-</u>		26,802	 86,998		13,419
\$	134,549	\$ 2,036,275	\$	976,571	\$	346,687	\$	26,802	\$ 86,998	\$	13,419

(Continued)

City of Strongsville, Ohio
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)
December 31, 2019

	Law Enforcement DWI/DUI			Tree		Bond Escrow		Community Diversion		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
ASSETS										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	22,568	\$	43,078	\$	591,604	\$	607	\$	7,215,485
Accrued Interest Receivable	-	,	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,892
Accounts Receivable		_		_		_		-		194,217
Due From Other Funds		25		_		-		-		1,100
Intergovernmental Receivable		_		-		-		-		230,008
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-		106,192
Property Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		1,726,966
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		27,795
Total Assets	\$	22,593	\$	43,078	\$	591,604	\$	607	\$	9,513,655
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,785	\$	-	\$	82,527
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-		-		-		-		58,150
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		-		19,874
Intergovernmental Payable		-		-		-		-		111,600
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		-		28,074
Deferred Revenue	-					554,523				554,523
Total Liabilities		-				562,308				854,748
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property Taxes		-		-		-		-		1,682,482
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		-		-		-		-		44,484
Unavailable Revenue - Other		-		-		-				282,485
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		-						-		2,009,451
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		106,192
Restricted		22,593		-		-		607		3,419,454
Committed		-		43,078		29,296		-		3,123,810
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					-					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	22,593	\$	43,078	\$	591,604	\$	607	\$	9,513,655

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Police Pension	State Highway Maintenance	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Emergency Vehicle	Fire Pension
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 431,771	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 431,771
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes	-	-	355,213	-	-
Intergovernmental	53,479	199,135	-	2,765	53,479
Interest	-	14,298	18,577	62,132	-
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	1,216,267	-
Contributions and Donations	-	-	-	-	-
All Other Revenues				32,170	
Total Revenues	485,250	213,433	373,790	1,313,334	485,250
EXPENDITURES					
Security of Persons and Property	1,380,330	-	-	221,467	1,453,485
Public Health Services	-	-	-	-	-
Leisure Time Activities	-	-	-	-	-
Community Environment	-	-	-	-	-
Basic Utility Services	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	115,788	-	-	-
General Government	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	259,115	1,052,299	-
Total Expenditures	1,380,330	115,788	259,115	1,273,766	1,453,485
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(895,080)	97,645	114,675	39,568	(968,235)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of Capital Assets	_	-	_	12,100	-
Transfer In	900,000	-	-	_	1,032,000
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	900,000			12,100	1,032,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,920	97,645	114,675	51,668	63,765
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated	167,908	541,114	529,432	2,258,334	189,760
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 172,828	\$ 638,759	\$ 644,107	\$ 2,310,002	\$ 253,525

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Reversion Property Taxes         \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Clerk of Courts Computerization		I	Drainage Levy		Multi- Purpose Complex	Southwest General Hospital Levy	
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <th< th=""><th>REVENUES</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<>	REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	• •	\$	-	\$	514,821	\$	-	\$	326,821
Interest			-		-		-		-
Fees, Licenses, and Permits         -         -         -         -           Fines and Forfeitures         18,104         -         -         -           Charges for Services         -         -         3,092,573         -           Contributions and Donations         -         -         9,511         -           All Other Revenues         -         5,850         237         -           Total Revenues         -         5,850         237         -           Total Revenues         -         5,850         237         -           EXPENDITURES         -         -         -         -         -           Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	_		-		63,041		190,000		30,454
Fines and Forfeitures         18,104         -         -         -           Charges for Services         -         -         3,092,573         -           Contributions and Donations         -         -         9,511         -           All Other Revenues         -         5,850         237         -           Total Revenues         18,104         583,712         3,292,321         357,275           EXPENDITURES         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -			=		-		-		-
Charges for Services         -         -         3,092,573         -           Contributions and Donations         -         -         9,511         -           All Other Revenues         -         5,850         237         -           Total Revenues         18,104         583,712         3,292,321         357,275           EXPENDITURES           Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -           Public Health Services         -         -         -         357,275           Leisure Time Activities         -         -         -         -         357,275           Leisure Time Activities         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -			-		-		-		-
Contributions and Donations         -         -         9,511         -           All Other Revenues         -         5,850         237         -           Total Revenues         18,104         583,712         3,292,321         357,275           EXPENDITURES           Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -           Public Health Services         -         -         -         357,275           Leisure Time Activities         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>18,104</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>			18,104		-		-		-
Total Revenues	_		-		-				-
Total Revenues         18,104         583,712         3,292,321         357,275           EXPENDITURES           Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -           Public Health Services         -         -         -         357,275           Leisure Time Activities         -         -         4,808,693         -           Community Environment         -         -         -         -           Basic Utility Services         -         145,545         -         -           Transportation         -         -         -         -           General Government         28,742         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         -         653,785         159,040         -           Total Expenditures         28,742         799,330         4,967,733         357,275           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         (10,638)         (215,618)         (1,675,412)         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         -         -         1,926         -           Sale of Capital Assets         -         -         600,000         1,950,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources         -         600			-		-				-
EXPENDITURES           Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -									_
Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         Public Health Services         -         -         -         357,275         -         Leisure Time Activities         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td>Total Revenues</td> <td></td> <td>18,104</td> <td></td> <td>583,712</td> <td></td> <td>3,292,321</td> <td></td> <td>357,275</td>	Total Revenues		18,104		583,712		3,292,321		357,275
Security of Persons and Property         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         Public Health Services         -         -         -         357,275         -         Leisure Time Activities         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>									
Public Health Services         -         -         -         357,275           Leisure Time Activities         -         -         4,808,693         -           Community Environment         -         -         -         -           Basic Utility Services         -         145,545         -         -           Transportation         -         -         -         -         -           General Government         28,742         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Leisure Time Activities         -         -         4,808,693         -           Community Environment         -         -         -         -           Basic Utility Services         -         145,545         -         -           Transportation         -         -         -         -         -           General Government         28,742         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -			-		-		-		-
Community Environment         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Public Health Services		-		-		-		357,275
Basic Utility Services         -         145,545         -         -           Transportation         -         -         -         -           General Government         28,742         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         -         653,785         159,040         -           Total Expenditures         28,742         799,330         4,967,733         357,275           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         (10,638)         (215,618)         (1,675,412)         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES           Sale of Capital Assets         -         -         1,926         -           Transfer In         -         600,000         1,950,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources         -         600,000         1,951,926         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         (10,638)         384,382         276,514         -           Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated         143,234         1,042,838         571,112         -	Leisure Time Activities		-		-		4,808,693		-
Transportation         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	•		-		-		-		-
General Government       28,742       -       -       -         Capital Outlay       -       653,785       159,040       -         Total Expenditures       28,742       799,330       4,967,733       357,275         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (10,638)       (215,618)       (1,675,412)       -         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES       Sale of Capital Assets       -       -       1,926       -         Transfer In       -       600,000       1,950,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources       -       600,000       1,951,926       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       (10,638)       384,382       276,514       -         Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated       143,234       1,042,838       571,112       -	Basic Utility Services		-		145,545		-		-
Capital Outlay         -         653,785         159,040         -           Total Expenditures         28,742         799,330         4,967,733         357,275           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         (10,638)         (215,618)         (1,675,412)         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         Sale of Capital Assets         -         -         1,926         -           Sale of Capital Assets         -         -         600,000         1,950,000         -           Transfer In         -         600,000         1,950,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources         -         600,000         1,951,926         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         (10,638)         384,382         276,514         -           Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated         143,234         1,042,838         571,112         -	Transportation		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures         28,742         799,330         4,967,733         357,275           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         (10,638)         (215,618)         (1,675,412)         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES           Sale of Capital Assets         -         -         1,926         -           Transfer In         -         600,000         1,950,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources         -         600,000         1,951,926         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         (10,638)         384,382         276,514         -           Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated         143,234         1,042,838         571,112         -	General Government		28,742		-		-		-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (10,638)       (215,618)       (1,675,412)       -         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         Sale of Capital Assets       -       -       1,926       -         Transfer In       -       600,000       1,950,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources       -       600,000       1,951,926       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       (10,638)       384,382       276,514       -         Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated       143,234       1,042,838       571,112       -	Capital Outlay		-		653,785		159,040		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         Sale of Capital Assets       -       -       1,926       -         Transfer In       -       600,000       1,950,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources       -       600,000       1,951,926       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       (10,638)       384,382       276,514       -         Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated       143,234       1,042,838       571,112       -	Total Expenditures		28,742		799,330		4,967,733		357,275
Sale of Capital Assets       -       -       1,926       -         Transfer In       -       600,000       1,950,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources       -       600,000       1,951,926       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       (10,638)       384,382       276,514       -         Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated       143,234       1,042,838       571,112       -	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(10,638)		(215,618)	(	(1,675,412)		
Sale of Capital Assets       -       -       1,926       -         Transfer In       -       600,000       1,950,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources       -       600,000       1,951,926       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       (10,638)       384,382       276,514       -         Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated       143,234       1,042,838       571,112       -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfer In         -         600,000         1,950,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources         -         600,000         1,951,926         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         (10,638)         384,382         276,514         -           Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated         143,234         1,042,838         571,112         -			_		_		1 926		_
Total Other Financing Sources         -         600,000         1,951,926         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         (10,638)         384,382         276,514         -           Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated         143,234         1,042,838         571,112         -	_				600 000				
Net Change in Fund Balances         (10,638)         384,382         276,514         -           Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated         143,234         1,042,838         571,112         -									
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated 143,234 1,042,838 571,112 -	_		(10.638)						
	net Change in Fund Datalices		(10,038)		304,382		470,314		-
Fund Balances - End of Year         \$ 132,596         \$ 1,427,220         \$ 847,626         \$ -	Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, Restated		143,234		1,042,838		571,112		
	Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	132,596	\$	1,427,220	\$	847,626	\$	_

]	Law forcement Federal Seizure	Law Enforcement State Seizure	Law Enforcement Drug Fine	Law Enforcement DWI/DUI	Tree	Bond Escrow	Community Diversion	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,705,184
	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	355,213
	-	-	_	-	-	-	8,400	600,753
	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	95,007
	-	-	-	-	84,774	27,576	-	112,350
	14,231	49,481	1,128	625	-	-	2,400	85,969
	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	4,308,840
	-	-	-	-	-	118,400	-	127,911
	-	-	-	-	-	12,746	-	51,003
	14,231	49,481	1,128	625	84,774	158,722	10,800	7,442,230
	714	9,834	-	-	-	-	12,639	3,078,469
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,275
	-	-	-	-	-	126,946	-	4,935,639
	-	-	-	-	100,454	33,386	-	133,840
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145,545
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115,788
	-	-	-	-	-	7,137	-	35,879
	-					_		2,124,239
	714	9,834			100,454	167,469	12,639	10,926,674
	13,517	39,647	1,128	625	(15,680)	(8,747)	(1,839)	(3,484,444)
								14.026
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,026
			-					4,482,000
_	13,517	39,647	1,128	625	(15,680)	(8,747)	(1,839)	4,496,026 1,011,582
	13,285	47,351	12,291	21,968	58,758	38,043	2,446	5,637,874
•	26,802	\$ 86,998		\$ 22,593				
φ	20,002	φ 00,220	\$ 13,419	ψ 44,393	\$ 43,078	\$ 29,296	\$ 607	\$ 6,649,456

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2019

	Pearl Road TIF #1		R	Royalton Road TIF		Pearl Road TIF #2	Pearl Road TIF #3	
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivable Total Assets	\$	720,269 1,243,583 1,963,852	\$	159,227 174,609 333,836	\$	99,684 72,114 171,798	\$	92,066 38,898 130,964
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,243,583 1,243,583		174,609 174,609		72,114 72,114		38,898 38,898
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		720,269 - 720,269		159,227 - 159,227		99,684 - 99,684		92,066 - 92,066
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,963,852	\$	333,836	\$	171,798	\$	130,964

	Pearl Road TIF #4	estwood ommons TIF		Giant Eagle TIF		Get Go TIF	Clover Senior partments TIF	 ne's and Chase TIF	<u> </u>	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$	125,000 169,290 294,290	\$ 35,728 35,728	\$	103,296 87,707 191,003	\$	83,984 22,525 106,509	\$ 111,796 113,635 225,431	\$ 15,722 15,722	\$	1,495,322 1,973,811 3,469,133
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 35,728 35,728	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	35,728 35,728
_	169,290 169,290	35,728 35,728		87,707 87,707	_	22,525 22,525	113,635 113,635	15,722 15,722		1,973,811 1,973,811
<u> </u>	125,000 - 125,000 294,290	 \$ (35,728) (35,728) 35,728	<u> </u>	103,296	\$	83,984 - 83,984 106,509	 \$ 111,796 - 111,796 225,431	 15,722		1,495,322 (35,728) 1,459,594 3,469,133

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Pearl Road TIF #1	Royalton Road TIF	Pearl Road TIF #2	Pearl Road TIF #3
REVENUES		-		
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 1,117,180	\$ 171,844	\$ 71,050	\$ 38,269
Total Revenues	1,117,180	171,844	71,050	38,269
EXPENDITURES				
Community Environment	-	-	-	-
Principal Retirement	405,000	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	191,452	5,983	2,992	2,992
Bond Issuance Costs	-	350	-	-
Total Expenditures	596,452	6,333	2,992	2,992
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	520,728	165,511	68,058	35,277
OTHER FINANCING (USES)				
Transfer Out	(500,000)	(200,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(500,000)	(200,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	20,728	(34,489)	(31,942)	(64,723)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	699,541	193,716	131,626	156,789
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 720,269	\$ 159,227	\$ 99,684	\$ 92,066

Pearl Road TIF #4		estwood ommons TIF	Giant Eagle TIF		Get Go TIF		Clover Senior Cane's and partments Chase TIF TIF		<u> </u>	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
\$ 125,000 125,000	\$	35,168 35,168	\$ 87,110 87,110	\$	22,371 22,371	\$	111,796 111,796	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,779,788 1,779,788
		,	<u> </u>		,		<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-		36,081	-		-		-		-		36,081
-		-	-		-		-		-		405,000
-		-	2,992		-		-		-		206,411
		-	 		-		-		-		350
-		36,081	2,992		-		-		-		647,842
125,000		(913)	84,118		22,371		111,796		-		1,131,946
		-	 (100,000)		-		-		-		(1,000,000)
		-	 (100,000)		-		-		-		(1,000,000)
125,000		(913)	(15,882)		22,371		111,796		-		131,946
-		(34,815)	 119,178		61,613		-		-		1,327,648
\$ 125,000	\$	(35,728)	\$ 103,296	\$	83,984	\$	111,796	\$		\$	1,459,594

City of Strongsville, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2019

ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivable Total Assets	(	ccreation Capital provement 208,340 - 208,340	<u>Im</u>	TIF Capital provement 2,069,723 400,642 2,470,365		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds 2,278,063 400,642 2,678,705
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Contracts Payable	\$	_	\$	138,367	\$	138,367
Accrued Interest Payable	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,778	Ψ	2,778
Retainage Payable		-		34,331		34,331
Total Liabilities		-		175,476		175,476
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		-		222,640		222,640
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		222,640		222,640
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		-		2,072,249		2,072,249
Committed		208,340		-		208,340
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		208,340		2,072,249		2,280,589
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</b>			-			
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	208,340	\$	2,470,365	\$	2,678,705

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Recreation Capital Improvement	TIF Capital Improvement	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ -	\$ 281,835	\$ 281,835
Intergovernmental	-	178,002.0	178,002
Charges for Services	32,799	250	33,049
Total Revenues	32,799	460,087	492,886
EXPENDITURES Leisure Time Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures	23,660	2,778 481,499	23,660 478,721 2,778 505,159
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	9,139	(21,412)	(12,273)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued		2,000,000	2,000,000
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		2,000,000	2,000,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	9,139	1,978,588	1,987,727
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year Fund Balances - End of Year	199,201 \$ 208,340	93,661 \$ 2,072,249	292,862 \$ 2,280,589

#### Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

#### Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are established to account for the financing of significant goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or other governments on a cost reimbursement basis.

*Workers' Compensation Reserve* – To account for and report workers' compensation costs incurred under the State's individually retrospectively rated and group retrospectively rate workers' compensation programs.

*Health Insurance Reserve* – To account for and report the premiums charges to City Funds and the payments incurred for claims.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Internal Service Funds December 31, 2019

ASSETS	Workers' Compensation Reserve	Health Insurance Reserve	Nonmajor Internal Service Funds
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,512,664	\$ 2,304,587	\$ 3,817,251
Intergovernmental Receivable	172,785	-	172,785
Prepaid Items	520,457	_	520,457
Total Assets	2,205,906	2,304,587	4,510,493
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:			
Intergovernmental Payable	36,418	_	36,418
Claims Payable	114,092	328,411	442,503
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	150,510	328,411	478,921
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Claims Payable	2,055,396		2,055,396
Total Liabilities	2,205,906	328,411	2,534,317
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		1,976,176	1,976,176
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ -	\$ 1,976,176	\$ 1,976,176

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Nonmajor Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Workers Compensat Reserve	ion Insurance	Nonmajor Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 456,5	500 \$ 5,965,297	\$ 6,421,797
Miscellaneous	500,3	367	500,367
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	956,8	5,965,297	6,922,164
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Contractual Services	566,2	225 1,547,393	2,113,618
Claims	390,6	3,434,542	3,825,184
Total Operating Expense	956,8	367 4,981,935	5,938,802
Change in Net Position		- 983,362	983,362
Net Position - Beginning of Year		- 992,814	992,814
Net Position - End of Year	\$	- \$ 1,976,176	\$ 1,976,176

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Workers' mpensation Reserve	]	Health Insurance Reserve	]	Nonmajor Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$ -	\$	493,334	\$	493,334
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	456,500		5,471,963		5,928,463
Other Cash Receipts	398,988		-		398,988
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,074,930)		(1,550,808)		(2,625,738)
Cash Payments for Claims	 (63,979)		(3,564,631)		(3,628,610)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(283,421)		849,858		566,437
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(283,421)		849,858		566,437
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	1,796,085		1,454,729		3,250,814
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 1,512,664	\$	2,304,587	\$	3,817,251
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income	\$ -	\$	983,362	\$	983,362
Adjustments: (Increase) Decrease in Assets:					
Intergovernmental Receivable	(101,379)		-		(101,379)
Prepaid Items	(520,457)		-		(520,457)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	(784)		(3,415)		(4,199)
Intergovernmental Payable	12,536		-		12,536
Claims Payable	326,663		(130,089)		196,574
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (283,421)	\$	849,858	\$	566,437

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expense	es
And Changes in Fund Balances/Fund Equity	
<b>Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual</b>	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 32,230,000	\$ 33,500,000	\$ 33,479,171	\$ (20,829)
Property Taxes	458,145	490,299	490,299	-
Hotel Taxes	180,000	180,000	166,755	(13,245)
Intergovernmental Revenues	644,394	832,784	825,334	(7,450)
Charges for Services	1,993,600	2,179,100	2,154,905	(24,195)
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	1,030,500	1,192,500	1,185,731	(6,769)
Fines and Forfeitures	800,500	975,500	868,451	(107,049)
Interest Income	720,000	965,000	967,724	2,724
Contributions and Donations	1,000	1,000	3,377	2,377
Miscellaneous	787,100	1,308,300	1,072,578	(235,722)
Total Revenues	38,845,239	41,624,483	41,214,325	(410,158)
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property:				
Public Safety Director:				
Personal Services	170,700	170,700	169,244	1,456
Police:				
Personal Services	9,814,700	10,020,800	9,794,864	225,936
Other	1,190,600	1,176,200	1,018,859	157,341
Total Police	11,005,300	11,197,000	10,813,723	383,277
Opioid Grant:				
Personal Services	43,500	43,500	27,132	16,368
Other	-	8,000	-	8,000
Total Opioid Grant	43,500	51,500	27,132	24,368
Corrections Officers:				
Personal Services	857,700	898,500	857,929	40,571
Other	142,700_	142,700	58,349	84,351
Total Corrections Officers	1,000,400	1,041,200	916,278	124,922
Joint Dispatch Center:				
Personal Services	3,135,500	3,241,100	3,167,724	73,376
Other	34,900	48,000	43,874	4,126
Total Joint Dispatch Center	3,170,400	3,289,100	3,211,598	77,502
Street Lighting:				
Other	366,700	370,100	370,045	55
Total Security of Persons and Property	15,757,000	16,119,600	15,508,020	611,580
Public Health Services:				
Cemetery:				
Personal Services	132,900	132,900	126,976	5,924
Other	22,100	22,100	9,611	12,489
Total Cemetery	155,000	155,000	136,587	18,413
				(Continued)

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Continued)

	(Continued)			
County Board of Health:				
Other	212,200	212,200	212,115	85
Total Public Health Services	367,200	367,200	348,702	18,498
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks:				
Personal Services	112,500	113,600	112,818	782
Other	320,000	324,000	305,011	18,989
Total Leisure Time Activities	432,500	437,600	417,829	19,771
Community Environment:				
Building:				
Personal Services	1,074,800	1,074,800	1,065,665	9,135
Other	206,300	206,300	122,065	84,235
Total Building	1,281,100	1,281,100	1,187,730	93,370
Architectural Board of Review:				
Other	6,000	6,000	1,425	4,575
Planning Commission:				
Personal Services	112,000	115,400	112,580	2,820
Other	59,000	59,000	52,066	6,934
Total Planning Commission	171,000	174,400	164,646	9,754
Board of Appeals:				
Other	11,000	11,000	9,930	1,070
Economic Development:				
Personal Services	165,900	165,900	163,682	2,218
Other	144,600	159,600	39,551	120,049
Total Economic Development	310,500	325,500	203,233	122,267
Total Community Environment	1,779,600	1,798,000	1,566,964	231,036
Basic Utility Services:				
Rubbish:				
Other	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,488,411	111,589
Total Basic Utility Services	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,488,411	111,589
General Government:				
Council:				
Personal Services	342,600	351,000	344,560	6,440
Other	26,000_	26,000	13,407	12,593
Total Council	368,600	377,000	357,967	19,033
Mayor's Office:				
Personal Services	358,400	308,500	291,696	16,804
Other	15,300_	38,900	32,898	6,002
Total Mayor's Office	373,700	347,400	324,594	22,806
Human Resources:				
Personal Services	245,500	245,500	244,181	1,319
Other	81,900	81,900	33,554	48,346
Total Human Resources	327,400	327,400	277,735	49,665
				(Continued)

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### (Continued)

Finance:				
Personal Services	544,700	544,700	524,260	20,440
Other	21,600	21,600	13,272	8,328
Total Finance	566,300	566,300	537,532	28,768
Law:				
Personal Services	508,100	508,100	505,768	2,332
Other	115,900	215,900	108,745	107,155
Total Law	624,000	724,000	614,513	109,487
Communication and Technology:				
Personal Services	671,600	702,600	672,506	30,094
Other	787,000	712,500	551,980	160,520
Total Communication and Technology	1,458,600	1,415,100	1,224,486	190,614
Mayor's Court:				
Personal Services	175,400	175,400	159,901	15,499
Other	28,100	328,100	228,499	99,601
Total Mayor's Court	203,500	503,500	388,400	115,100
			·	
Civil Service:				
Other	31,000	31,000	21,261	9,739
General Miscellaneous:				
Other	1,619,600	1,579,600	1,336,972	242,628
Total General Government	5,572,700	5,871,300	5,083,460	787,840
Total Expenditures	26,509,000	27,193,700	25,413,386	1,780,314
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	12,336,239	14,430,783	15,800,939	1,370,156
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	_	1,000	833	(167)
Advances In	_	2,106,000	2,106,000	-
Advances Out	_	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)	-
Transfers Out	(12,232,000)	(14,232,000)	(14,232,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,232,000)	(14,125,000)	(14,125,167)	(167)
Net Change in Fund Balance	104,239	305,783	1,675,772	1,369,989
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated	8,193,950	8,193,950	8,193,950	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 8,298,189	\$ 8,499,733	\$ 9,869,722	\$ 1,369,989

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	Originar	- I mai	rictual	(regative)	
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 3,970,000	\$ 4,200,000	\$ 4,048,100	\$ (151,900)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,950,000	2,510,700	2,352,761	(157,939)	
Charges for Services	-	11,000	10,196	(804)	
Interest Income	89,000	95,000	94,868	(132)	
Miscellaneous	,	112,300	-	(112,300)	
Total Revenues	6,009,000	6,929,000	6,505,925	(423,075)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Street Repairs:					
Personal Services	4,661,000	4,451,800	4,374,145	77,655	
Other	3,399,900	3,468,000	3,366,249	101,751	
Total Street Repairs	8,060,900	7,919,800	7,740,394	179,406	
Traffic Signal Maintenance:					
Personal Services	111,800	111,800	110,272	1,528	
Other	230,500	194,000	146,892	47,108	
Total Traffic Signal Maintenance	342,300	305,800	257,164	48,636	
Total Traine Signal Maintenance		303,800	237,104	40,030	
Snow Removal:	<b>7</b> 10.000	c <b>7</b> 1 000	504.150	55 cos	
Other	719,900	671,800	594,173	77,627	
Municipal Garage:					
Personal Services	771,700	777,400	761,100	16,300	
Other	835,000	835,000	723,772	111,228	
Total Municipal Garage	1,606,700	1,612,400	1,484,872	127,528	
Total Transportation	10,729,800	10,509,800	10,076,603	433,197	
Debt Service:					
Principal	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	-	
Interest & Fiscal Charges	39,000	39,000	38,550	450	
Total Debt Service	1,639,000	1,639,000	1,638,550	450	
Total Expenditures	12,368,800	12,148,800	11,715,153	433,647	
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(6,359,800)	(5,219,800)	(5,209,228)	10,572	
Other Firemaine Commen					
Other Financing Sources	20,000	70,000	60,000	(002)	
Sale of Capital Assets	20,000	70,000	69,098	(902)	
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	-	
Transfers In	4,100,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	(002)	
Total Other Financing Sources	5,220,000	5,170,000	5,169,098	(902)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,139,800)	(49,800)	(40,130)	9,670	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,352,289	4,352,289	4,352,289		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,212,489	\$ 4,302,489	\$ 4,312,159	\$ 9,670	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Fire Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	Tillal	Actual	(Negative)
	Φ 4 150 550	Φ 4 464 1 <b>7</b> 4	Φ 4 464 1 <b>7</b> 4	Φ
Property Taxes	\$ 4,150,559	\$ 4,464,174	\$ 4,464,174	\$ -
Intergovernmental Revenues	556,191	557,505	557,448	(57)
Charges for Services	600	6,600	6,093	(507)
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	2,800	2,800	2,720	(80)
Contributions and Donations	3,000	5,000	5,410	410
Miscellaneous		174,700		(174,700)
Total Revenues	4,713,150	5,210,779	5,035,845	(174,934)
Expenditures: Current:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Fire:				
Personal Services	7 946 500	7 972 400	7 475 552	206 947
Other	7,846,500 440,700	7,872,400 804,200	7,475,553 702,118	396,847 102,082
Total Fire	8,287,200	8,676,600	8,177,671	498,929
Fire Station Ward 1:				
Other	69,200	69,200	39,865	29,335
Fire Station Ward 2:				
Other	47,500	47,500	21,430	26,070
	.,,,,,,			
Fire Station Ward 3:				
Other	35,500	35,500	17,210	18,290
Fire Station Ward 4:				
Other	119,000	119,000	91,675	27,325
Total Expenditures	8,558,400	8,947,800	8,347,851	599,949
Europe of December Over				
Excess of Revenues Over	(2.945.250)	(2.727.021)	(2.212.006)	125.015
(Under) Expenditures	(3,845,250)	(3,737,021)	(3,312,006)	425,015
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	3,000,000	2,350,000	2,350,000	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	(845,250)	(1,387,021)	(962,006)	425,015
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,274,116	2,274,116	2,274,116	
Fund Balance Find of Vega	¢ 1 420 066	¢ 007.00£	¢ 1 212 110	¢ 425.015
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,428,866	\$ 887,095	\$ 1,312,110	\$ 425,015

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Bond Retirement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:	<b>A. 2.11.7.201</b>	A 2 210 210	<b>A. 2.10.210</b>	Φ.	
Property Taxes	\$ 3,115,281	\$ 3,310,310	\$ 3,310,310	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenues	375,972	410,026	410,027		<u>l</u>
Total Revenues	3,491,253	3,720,336	3,720,337		1
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Debt Service:					
Principal	2,458,700	2,458,700	2,458,636		64
Interest & Fiscal Charges	927,100	927,100	926,944		156
Debt Issuance Costs	42,000	57,000	54,861		2,139
Total Expenditures	3,427,800	3,442,800	3,440,441		2,359
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	63,453	277,536	279,896		2,360
Other Financing Sources					
Premium on Debt Issuance	-	52,000	51,652		(348)
Transfers In	100,000	100,000	100,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources	100,000	152,000	151,652		(348)
Net Change in Fund Balance	163,453	429,536	431,548		2,012
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,339,223	2,339,223	2,339,223		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,502,676	\$ 2,768,759	\$ 2,770,771	\$	2,012

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Franchise Taxes	\$ 790,000	\$ 790,000	\$ 739,410	\$ (50,590)
Intergovernmental Revenues	4,576,000	348,500	186,443	(162,057)
Special Assessments	15,300	15,300	14,429	(871)
Charges for Services	1,200	1,200	900	(300)
Total Revenues	5,382,500	1,155,000	941,182	(213,818)
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property:				
Fire Department:				
Other		346,000	267,715	78,285
Transportation: Streets and Traffic Signalization:				
Other	13,296,900	3,571,200	2,624,800	946,400
General Government: Communication and Technology: Other	250,000	510,300	309,023	201,277
Debt Service:				
Principal	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	-
Interest & Fiscal Charges	89,800	89,800	89,750	50
Total Debt Service	3,089,800	3,089,800	3,089,750	50
Total Expenditures	16,636,700	7,517,300	6,291,288	1,226,012
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(11,254,200)	(6,362,300)	(5,350,106)	1,012,194
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of Bonds	3,000,000	_	-	_
Sale of Capital Assets	-	650,000	650,000	-
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	-
Transfers In	1,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	7,000,000	5,650,000	5,650,000	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,254,200)	(712,300)	299,894	1,012,194
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	7,637,947	7,637,947	7,637,947	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,383,747	\$ 6,925,647	\$ 7,937,841	\$ 1,012,194

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Sanitary Sewer Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	ф. <b>7.2</b> 01. <b>7</b> 00	ф. <b>д д</b> д д д д	ф. <b>д.д.</b> д.дог	ф. (c0.415)
Charges for Services	\$ 7,291,700	\$ 7,781,700	\$ 7,713,285	\$ (68,415)
Interest Income	205,000	310,000	309,562	(438)
Other Services	156,600	156,600	132,500	(24,100)
Total Revenues	7,653,300	8,248,300	8,155,347	(92,953)
Expenses				
Sanitary Sewer:				
Engineering and Administration:				
Personal Services	523,200	519,000	489,782	29,218
Fringe Benefits	194,100	193,300	186,021	7,279
Contractual Services	918,900	918,900	811,160	107,740
Materials and Supplies	7,000	7,000	589	6,411
Other	14,500	14,500	7,324	7,176
Total Engineering and Administration	1,657,700	1,652,700	1,494,876	157,824
Plant:				
Contractual Services	2,465,000	2,411,900	2,135,727	276,173
Other	11,500	11,500	-	11,500
Capital Outlay	1,100,000	1,153,100	968,124	184,976
Total Plant	3,576,500	3,576,500	3,103,851	472,649
Line:				
Personal Services	595,000	764,900	750,522	14,378
Fringe Benefits	241,000	318,200	310,039	8,161
Contractual Services	252,500	219,400	183,789	35,611
Materials and Supplies	140,000	139,100	117,323	21,777
Other	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Capital Outlay	-	177,000	174,981	2,019
Total Line	1,231,000	1,621,100	1,536,654	84,446
Sewer Capital Improvements:				
Contractual Services	520,000	439,000	397,706	41,294
Other	- -	1,000	127	873
Capital Outlay	2,605,000	1,122,500	1,059,480	63,020
Total Capital Improvements	3,125,000	1,562,500	1,457,313	105,187
- · ·				(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Sanitary Sewer Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019
(Continued)

Dalagoria				
Debt Service: Principal	310,448	310,448	310,419	29
Interest & Fiscal Charges	64,687	64,687	60,522	
Total Debt Service	375,135	375,135	370,941	 4,165 4,194
				 <u> </u>
Total Expenses	9,965,335	8,787,935	7,963,635	 824,300
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenses	(2,312,035)	(539,635)	191,712	731,347
Other Financing Sources				
Capital Contribution - Tap-in Fees	250,000	350,000	352,567	2,567
Capital Contributions - Special Assessments	124,400	124,400	141,647	17,247
Capital Contributions - Grants	-	450,000	450,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	374,400	924,400	944,214	19,814
Net Change in Fund Equity	(1,937,635)	384,765	1,135,926	751,161
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year	13,038,642	13,038,642	13,038,642	
Fund Equity - End of Year	\$ 11,101,007	\$ 13,423,407	\$ 14,174,568	\$ 751,161

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Police Pension Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$ 406,340	\$ 431,771	\$ 431,771	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenues	49,041	53,479	53,479		-
Total Revenues	455,381	485,250	485,250		-
Expenditures: Current:					
Security of Persons and Property: Police:					
Personal Services	1 260 200	1 412 600	1 277 010		25 (01
Personal Services	1,369,200	1,413,600	1,377,919		35,681
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(913,819)	(928,350)	(892,669)		35,681
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	900,000	900,000	900,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(13,819)	(28,350)	7,331		35,681
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	209,513	209,513	209,513		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 195,694	\$ 181,163	\$ 216,844	\$	35,681

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
State Highway Maintenance Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 161,000	\$ 203,000	\$ 186,248	\$	(16,752)
Interest Income	7,000	12,000	11,292		(708)
Total Revenues	168,000	215,000	197,540		(17,460)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation: State Highway Maintenance: Other	142,500	142,500	115,788		26,712
Net Change in Fund Balance	25,500	72,500	81,752		9,252
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	517,517	517,517	517,517		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 543,017	\$ 590,017	\$ 599,269	\$	9,252

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes	\$ 370,000	\$ 374,000	\$ 355,250	\$	(18,750)
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,203,000	-	-		-
Interest Income	6,500	15,000	14,558		(442)
Total Revenues	1,579,500	389,000	369,808		(19,192)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Motor Vehicle License Tax:					
Other	1,888,000	281,000	275,939		5,061
Net Change in Fund Balance	(308,500)	108,000	93,869		(14,131)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	518,156	518,156	518,156		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 209,656	\$ 626,156	\$ 612,025	\$	(14,131)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Emergency Vehicle Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ 2,800	\$ -	\$ (2,800)
Charges for Services	1,050,000	1,175,000	1,198,116	23,116
Interest Income	33,000	50,000	49,119	(881)
Miscellaneous		35,000	32,170	(2,830)
Total Revenues	1,083,000	1,262,800	1,279,405	16,605
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Emergency Vehicle:				
Other	1,566,000	1,506,500	1,273,541	232,959
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(483,000)	(243,700)	5,864	249,564
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of Capital Assets		15,000	12,100	(2,900)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(483,000)	(228,700)	17,964	246,664
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,177,966	2,177,966	2,177,966	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,694,966	\$ 1,949,266	\$ 2,195,930	\$ 246,664

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Fire Pension Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 406,340	\$ 431,771	\$ 431,771	\$ -
Intergovernmental Revenues	49,041	53,479	53,479	
Total Revenues	455,381	485,250	485,250	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Fire: Personal Services	1,485,600	1,523,000	1,450,427	72,573
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,030,219)	(1,037,750)	(965,177)	72,573
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	1,032,000	1,032,000	1,032,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,781	(5,750)	66,823	72,573
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	245,313	245,313	245,313	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 247,094	\$ 239,563	\$ 312,136	\$ 72,573

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Clerk of Court Computerization Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Revenues:	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 18,414	\$ (6,586)
Expenditures:				
Current: General Government:				
Clerk of Courts: Other	40,000	40,000	29,225	10,775
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,000)	(15,000)	(10,811)	4,189
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	144,285	144,285	144,285	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 129,285	\$ 129,285	\$ 133,474	\$ 4,189

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Drainage Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 478,783	\$ 514,821	\$ 514,821	\$ -
Intergovernmental Revenues	63,562	63,041	63,041	-
Miscellaneous	6,100	6,100	5,850	(250)
Total Revenues	548,445	583,962	583,712	(250)
Expenditures: Current: Basic Utility Services:				
Drainage Levy:				
Other	1,513,200	1,008,200	753,444	254,756
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(964,755)	(424,238)	(169,732)	254,506
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	100,000	600,000	600,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(864,755)	175,762	430,268	254,506
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,049,900	1,049,900	1,049,900	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 185,145	\$ 1,225,662	\$ 1,480,168	\$ 254,506

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Multi-Purpose Complex Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 100,000	\$ 190,000	\$ 190,000	\$ -	
Charges for Services	3,076,100	3,101,100	3,122,869	21,769	
Contributions and Donations	-	10,000	9,511	(489)	
Miscellaneous		59,000	1,434	(57,566)	
Total Revenues	3,176,100	3,360,100	3,323,814	(36,286)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Leisure Time Activities:					
Sports Programs:					
Personal Services	328,600	328,600	307,699	20,901	
Other	204,400	305,400	293,225	12,175	
Total Sports Programs	533,000	634,000	600,924	33,076	
Recreation Administration:					
Personal Services	482,300	476,500	462,322	14,178	
Other	709,700	748,700	695,504	53,196	
Total Recreation Administration	1,192,000	1,225,200	1,157,826	67,374	
Fitness Programs:					
Personal Services	412,300	434,300	422,801	11,499	
Other	186,900	186,900	166,239	20,661	
Total Fitness Programs	599,200	621,200	589,040	32,160	
Aquatics Programs:					
Personal Services	721,300	701,700	631,939	69,761	
Other	120,900	120,900	104,092	16,808	
Total Aquatics Programs	842,200	822,600	736,031	86,569	
Recreation Programs:					
Personal Services	259,400	262,800	250,074	12,726	
Other	30,200	30,200	23,966	6,234	
Total Recreation Programs	289,600	293,000	274,040	18,960	
				(Continued)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Multi-Purpose Complex Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019
(Continued)

	Budgeted			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Special Events: Other	15,200	15,200	12,268	2,932
C u.c.		10,200	12,200	
Old Town Hall:				
Personal Services	8,900	8,800	6,063	2,737
Other	18,000	18,100	14,881	3,219
Total Old Town Hall	26,900	26,900	20,944	5,956
Senior Services:				
Personal Services	615,300	617,900	609,029	8,871
Other	306,700	313,700	290,509	23,191
Total Senior Services	922,000	931,600	899,538	32,062
Recreation Maintenance:				
Personal Services	482,600	482,600	461,817	20,783
Other	213,200	256,200	228,468	27,732
Total Recreation Maintenance	695,800	738,800	690,285	48,515
Program Refunds:				
Other	36,500	36,500	30,296	6,204
Total Expenditures	5,152,400	5,345,000	5,011,192	333,808
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(1,976,300)	(1,984,900)	(1,687,378)	297,522
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	_	1,926	1,926
Transfers In	2,000,000	1,950,000	1,950,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	2,000,000	1,950,000	1,951,926	1,926
Net Change in Fund Balance	23,700	(34,900)	264,548	299,448
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	605,831	605,831	605,831	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 629,531	\$ 570,931	\$ 870,379	\$ 299,448

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Southwest General Hospital Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$ 305,430	\$ 326,821	\$ 326,821	\$ -	
Intergovernmental Revenues	50,866	30,454	30,454	-	
Total Revenues	356,296	357,275	357,275		
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
Public Health Services:					
Other	356,296	357,275	357,275		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Law Enforcement Federal Seizure Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Fines and Forfeitures	¢ 1 000	¢ 15 000	¢ 14 <b>22</b> 1	ø	(760)
rines and Foriettures	\$ 1,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,231	\$	(769)
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police Department:					
Other	7,000	7,000	714		6,286
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,000)	8,000	13,517		5,517
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	13,285	13,285	13,285		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 7,285	\$ 21,285	\$ 26,802	\$	5,517

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Law Enforcement State Seizure Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 3,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 49,481	\$	(519)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police Department:					
Other	12,000	12,000	9,834		2,166
Net Change in Fund Balance	(9,000)	38,000	39,647		1,647
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	47,351	47,351	47,351		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 38,351	\$ 85,351	\$ 86,998	\$	1,647

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Law Enforcement Drug Fine Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	ф. <b>4.400</b>	Ф. 4.400	Ф. 1.120	ф	(2.272)
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 4,400	\$ 4,400	\$ 1,128	\$	(3,272)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police Department:					
Other	400	400			400
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,000	4,000	1,128		(2,872)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	12,291	12,291	12,291		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 16,291	\$ 16,291	\$ 13,419	\$	(2,872)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Law Enforcement DWI/DUI Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 650	\$	(1,350)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police Department:					
Other	10,000	10,000			10,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,000)	(8,000)	650		8,650
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	21,918	21,918	21,918		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 13,918	\$ 13,918	\$ 22,568	\$	8,650

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Tree Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance w Final Budg Positive al (Negative		
Revenues:					
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	\$ 97,000	\$ 97,000	\$ 84,774	\$	(12,226)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community Environment:					
Tree Maintenance:					
Other	107,000	107,000	103,174		3,826
Net Change in Fund Balance	(10,000)	(10,000)	(18,400)		(8,400)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	61,478	61,478	61,478		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 51,478	\$ 51,478	\$ 43,078	\$	(8,400)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Bond Escrow Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Ф	Ф 520 000	Ф. 41 <b>2</b> 0.61	Φ (117.120)
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	\$ -	\$ 530,000	\$ 412,861	\$ (117,139)
Contributions and Donations	-	150,000	118,400	(31,600)
Miscellaneous		20,000	12,746	(7,254)
Total Revenues		700,000	544,007	(155,993)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks:				
Other	-	200,000	128,155	71,845
Community Environment: Building:				
Other	-	480,000	345,058	134,942
General Government: Finance:				
Other		20,000	7,270	12,730
Total Expenditures		700,000	480,483	219,517
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	63,524	63,524
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, Restated	528,080	528,080	528,080	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 528,080	\$ 528,080	\$ 591,604	\$ 63,524

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Community Diversion Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>		
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 8,900	\$ 8,900	\$ 9,800	\$ 900	
Fines and Forfeitures	4,000	4,700	2,400	(2,300)	
Total Revenues	12,900	13,600	12,200	(1,400)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Police Department: Personal Services Other Total Expenditures	11,300 1,100 12,400	11,300 2,400 13,700	10,539 2,100 12,639	761 300 1,061	
Net Change in Fund Balance	500	(100)	(439)	(339)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,046	1,046	1,046		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,546	\$ 946	\$ 607	\$ (339)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Earned Benefits Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	eted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police Department:	<b>4.74.700</b>	A 121 700	<b>A. 24.100</b>	A 07.201
Personal Services	\$ 151,500	\$ 131,500	\$ 34,109	\$ 97,391
Fire Department:	201 500	151 500	60.646	00.054
Personal Services	201,500	151,500	62,646	88,854
Total Security of Persons and Property	353,000	283,000	96,755	186,245
Transportation: Service:				
Personal Services	152,000	147,000	90,439	56,561
Total Transportation	152,000	147,000	90,439	56,561
General Government:  Mayor's Office:  Personal Services  Total General Government	800 800	25,800 25,800	21,286 21,286	<u>4,514</u> 4,514
Total Expenditures	505,800	455,800	208,480	247,320
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(505,800)	(455,800)	(208,480)	247,320
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In		1,300,000	1,300,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(505,800)	844,200	1,091,520	247,320
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,038,704	4,038,704	4,038,704	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,532,904	\$ 4,882,904	\$ 5,130,224	\$ 247,320

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Pearl Road TIF #1 Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 1,091,000	\$ 1,091,000	\$ 1,117,180	\$	26,180	
Expenditures:						
Debt Service:						
Principal	905,000	905,000	905,000		-	
Interest & Fiscal Charges	191,600	191,600	191,452		148	
Total Expenditures	1,096,600	1,096,600	1,096,452		148	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,600)	(5,600)	20,728		26,328	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	699,541	699,541	699,541			
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 693,941	\$ 693,941	\$ 720,269	\$	26,328	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Royalton Road TIF Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 180,100	\$ 180,100	\$ 171,844	\$	(8,256)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Debt Service:					
Principal	200,000	200,000	200,000		=
Interest & Fiscal Charges	6,000	6,000	5,983		17
Debt Issuance Costs	3,000	3,000	350		2,650
Total Expenditures	209,000	209,000	206,333		2,667
Net Change in Fund Balance	(28,900)	(28,900)	(34,489)		(5,589)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	193,716	193,716	193,716		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 164,816	\$ 164,816	\$ 159,227	\$	(5,589)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Pearl Road TIF #2 Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Neg	gative)
Revenues:					
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 25,800	\$ 71,000	\$ 71,050	\$	50
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Debt Service:					
Principal	100,000	100,000	100,000		-
Interest & Fiscal Charges	3,000	3,000	2,992		8
Total Expenditures	103,000	103,000	102,992		8
Net Change in Fund Balance	(77,200)	(32,000)	(31,942)		58
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	131,626	131,626	131,626		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 54,426	\$ 99,626	\$ 99,684	\$	58

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Pearl Road TIF #3 Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget esitive gative)	
Revenues:					
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 33,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 38,269	\$	5,269
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Debt Service:					
Principal	100,000	100,000	100,000		-
Interest & Fiscal Charges	3,000	3,000	2,992		8
Total Expenditures	103,000	103,000	102,992		8
Net Change in Fund Balance	(70,000)	(70,000)	(64,723)		5,277
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	156,789	156,789	156,789		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 86,789	\$ 86,789	\$ 92,066	\$	5,277

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Pearl Road TIF #4 Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	125,000	125,000	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ -

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Westwood Commons TIF Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Act			Variance w Final Budg Positive (Negative	
Revenues:					
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 14,100	\$ 35,500	\$ 35,168	\$	(332)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community Environment:					
Economic Development:					
Other	14,100	35,500	35,168		332
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	-	-	-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Giant Eagle TIF Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgetec Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	<b>* = 1 = 0</b>		<b></b>		
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 74,500	\$ 85,500	\$ 87,110		1,610
Expenditures: Current: Debt Service:					
Principal	100,000	100,000	100,000		_
Interest & Fiscal Charges	3,000	3,000	2,992		8
Total Expenditures	103,000	103,000	102,992		8
Net Change in Fund Balance	(28,500)	(17,500)	(15,882)		1,618
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	119,178	119,178	119,178		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 90,678	\$ 101,678	\$ 103,296	\$	1,618

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Get Go TIF Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Original	1 11141	Actual	(INCE	ative)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 21,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,371	\$	371
Net Change in Fund Balance	21,000	22,000	22,371		371
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	61,613	61,613	61,613		_
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 82,613	\$ 83,613	\$ 83,984	\$	371

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Clover Senior Apartments TIF Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Final	ce with Budget itive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$ -	\$ 111,000	\$ 111,796	\$	796
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	111,000	111,796		796
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					_
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 111,000	\$ 111,796	\$	796

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Recreation Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ 19,100	\$ 19,027	\$ (73)
Charges for Services	50,500	50,500	32,799	(17,701)
Total Revenues	50,500	69,600	51,826	(17,774)
Expenditures: Current: Leisure Time Activities: Recreation Capital Improvement: Other	100,000	100,000	48,520	51,480
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(49,500)	(30,400)	3,306	33,706
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	205,034	205,034	205,034	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 155,534	\$ 174,634	\$ 208,340	\$ 33,706

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
TIF Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

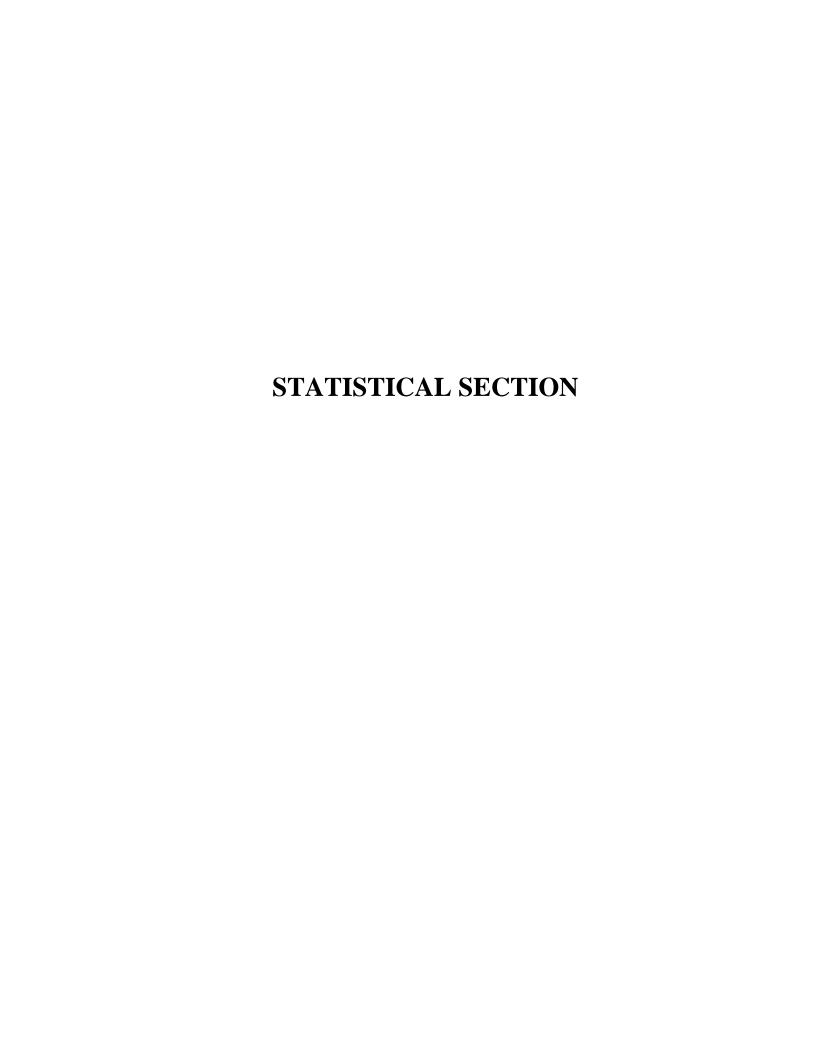
Revenues:	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Charges for Services	\$ 150,600	\$ 276,600	\$ 281,835 250	\$	5,235 250
Total Revenues	150,600	276,600	282,085		5,485
Expenditures: Current: Transportation: Traffic Signalization: Other	_	464,029	306,023		158,006
Excess of Revenues Over		<u> </u>			
(Under) Expenditures	150,600	(187,429)	(23,938)		163,491
Other Financing (Uses)					
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	-	2,000,000	2,000,000		-
Advances In	-	2,000,000	2,000,000		-
Advances Out		(2,106,000)	(2,106,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,894,000	1,894,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	150,600	1,706,571	1,870,062		163,491
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	199,661	199,661	199,661		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 350,261	\$ 1,906,232	\$ 2,069,723	\$	163,491

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Fin I	iance with all Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 452,000	\$ 456,500	\$ 456,500	\$	-
Miscellaneous	95,000	404,500	398,988		(5,512)
Total Revenues	547,000	861,000	855,488		(5,512)
Expenses:					
Contractual Services	545,900	1,279,000	1,074,930		204,070
Claims	89,000	76,000	63,979		12,021
Total Expenses	634,900	1,355,000	1,138,909		216,091
Net Change in Fund Equity	(87,900)	(494,000)	(283,421)		210,579
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year	1,796,085	1,796,085	1,796,085		<u>-</u>
Fund Equity - End of Year	\$ 1,708,185	\$ 1,302,085	\$ 1,512,664	\$	210,579

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Health Insurance Reserve Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 5,712,600	\$ 6,149,800	\$ 5,965,297	\$ (184,503)
Expenses: Contractual Services Claims Total Expenses	1,404,300 4,308,300 5,712,600	1,558,000 4,964,600 6,522,600	1,550,808 3,564,631 5,115,439	7,192 1,399,969 1,407,161
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(372,800)	849,858	1,222,658
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year  Fund Balance - End of Year	1,454,729 \$ 1,454,729	1,454,729 \$ 1,081,929	1,454,729 \$ 2,304,587	\$ 1,222,658





#### Statistical Section

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<b>Page</b>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years	S4
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Years.	S6
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S12
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S14
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, property taxes and municipal income taxes.	
Assessed Valuations and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property – Last Ten Years	S18
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	S20
Effective Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	S22
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years	S24
Principal Taxpayers – Real Estate Tax – 2019 and 2011	S26
Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis) – Last Ten Years	\$27

#### **Debt Capacity**

statements for the relevant year.

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Years
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Years
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Years
Economic and Demographic Information  These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.
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Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years

**S**2

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the basic financial



Net Position by Component Accrual Basis of Accounting

-	2019	2018 (3)	2017 (2)	2016
Governmental Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$158,096,697	\$157,042,285	\$152,345,560	\$151,649,343
Restricted	22,079,657	22,449,428	19,433,349	18,322,568
Unrestricted	(40,516,798)	(64,571,522)	(58,751,546)	(20,486,586)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$139,659,556	\$114,920,191	\$113,027,363	\$149,485,325
Business Type - Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$43,960,039	\$43,847,136	\$43,365,906	\$42,735,455
Unrestricted	14,692,840	13,388,732	12,584,371	11,229,612
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$58,652,879	\$57,235,868	\$55,950,277	\$53,965,067
Primary Government				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$202,056,736	\$200,889,421	\$195,711,466	\$194,384,798
Restricted	22,079,657	22,449,428	19,433,349	18,322,568
Unrestricted	(25,823,958)	(51,182,790)	(46,167,175)	(9,256,974)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$198,312,435	\$172,156,059	\$168,977,640	\$203,450,392

<sup>(1) -</sup> Restated for GASB Statement No. 68 Implementation

<sup>(2) -</sup> Restated for GASB Statement No. 75 Implementation

<sup>(3) -</sup> Restated for GASB Statement No. 84 Implementation

Table 1

2015 (1)	2014 (1)	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$147,391,701	\$141,087,430	\$130,311,512	\$132,674,654	\$135,950,267	\$132,311,472
17,214,931	15,079,263	12,867,552	12,312,614	13,792,283	16,619,046
(18,861,881)	(19,327,351)	15,942,477	13,679,441	9,614,650	12,359,330
\$145,744,751	\$136,839,342	\$159,121,541	\$158,666,709	\$159,357,200	\$161,289,848
\$42,840,063	\$42,808,562	\$42,665,297	\$43,649,981	\$46,143,739	\$46,710,018
9,174,740	7,304,460	7,552,854	6,893,848	4,299,529	4,998,720
\$52,014,803	\$50,113,022	\$50,218,151	\$50,543,829	\$50,443,268	\$51,708,738
\$190,231,764	\$183,895,992	\$172,976,809	\$176,324,635	\$182,094,006	\$179,021,490
17,214,931	15,079,263	12,867,552	12,312,614	13,792,283	16,619,046
(9,687,141)	(12,022,891)	23,495,331	20,573,289	13,914,179	17,358,050
\$197,759,554	\$186,952,364	\$209,339,692	\$209,210,538	\$209,800,468	\$212,998,586

Changes in Net Position Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
General Government	\$427,785	\$291,288	\$330,114	\$269,661
Security of Persons and Property	4,078,643	3,328,321	2,964,935	2,923,756
Public Health Services	69,050	52,075	56,025	59,325
Leisure Time Activities	3,129,469	3,058,928	3,147,175	3,169,763
Community Environment	1,350,004	1,188,216	1,315,932	1,560,243
Basic Utility Services	57,640	52,640	63,309	62,034
Transportation	13,792	21,680	750	8,213
Subtotal - Charges for Services	9,126,383	7,993,148	7,878,240	8,052,995
Operating Grants and Contributions:				
Security of Persons and Property	135,317	109,344	120,159	65,935
Leisure Time Activities	218,400	110,662	137,000	100,500
Community Environment	5,000	22,924	16,612	5,000
Basic Utility Services	-	-	-	-
Transportation	3,297,958	2,173,834	2,350,011	1,954,143
Subtotal - Operating Grants and Contributions	3,656,675	2,416,764	2,623,782	2,125,578
Capital Grants and Contributions:				
Security of Persons and Property	161,764	-	-	-
Leisure Time Activities	49,496	257,768	200,000	267,747
Basic Utility Services	-	-	325,000	-
Transportation	377,630	4,158,846		5,239,683
Subtotal - Capital Grants and Contributions	588,890	4,416,614	525,000	5,507,430
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	13,371,948	14,826,526	11,027,022	15,686,003
Business-Type Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
Sanitary Sewer	7,898,147	7,639,666	7,472,431	7,511,939
Operating Grants and Contributions				
Sanitary Sewer	-	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions				
Sanitary Sewer	1,090,354	1,622,890	1,257,838	1,122,502
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	8,988,501	9,262,556	8,730,269	8,634,441
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$22,360,449	\$24,089,082	\$19,757,291	\$24,320,444

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$251,350	\$228,753	\$240,556	\$248,566	\$188,192	\$1,732,960
2,909,713	2,223,037	1,576,135	1,864,219	1,683,289	1,106,800
49,700	57,325	57,869	56,200	44,925	50,778
3,031,393	2,905,030	2,927,501	3,085,539	3,068,427	3,126,816
1,392,174	1,356,188	914,601	826,526	874,340	74,865
52,001	41,471	94,651	42,703	70,961	-
1,600	10,923	3,000	2,200	1,400	25,258
7,687,931	6,822,727	5,814,313	6,125,953	5,931,534	6,117,477
85,594	80,009	107,294	95,342	58,953	32,195
-	3,402	18,827	6,675	4,176	-
3,894	31,106	13,750	4,000	29,750	3,500
-	193,868	6,898	-	-	-
1,963,337	1,968,070	1,967,759	1,909,109	1,993,922	1,881,165
2,052,825	2,276,455	2,114,528	2,015,126	2,086,801	1,916,860
61,332	528,306	1,939	38,341	-	624,893
-	40,963	30,672	15,000	486,787	190,500
-	-	1,039,470	-	-	-
6,968,820	11,307,679	6,998	220,100	5,287,070	4,900,599
7,030,152	11,876,948	1,079,079	273,441	5,773,857	5,715,992
16,770,908	20,976,130	9,007,920	8,414,520	13,792,192	13,750,329
6,726,483	6,198,988	5,738,519	5,688,046	5,225,116	5,420,941
486	23,684	-	-	-	-
1,984,382	1,357,513	396,085	1,101,103	538,368	904,765
8,711,351	7,580,185	6,134,604	6,789,149	5,763,484	6,325,706
\$25,482,259	\$28,556,315	\$15,142,524	\$15,203,669	\$19,555,676	\$20,076,035

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued) Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$5,281,083	\$4,747,998	\$4,610,210	\$4,636,384
Security of Persons and Property:	7,065,433	30,786,587	27,833,463	27,112,686
Public Health Services	742,149	694,657	686,022	665,050
Leisure Time Activities	6,934,786	6,362,268	6,341,351	6,147,676
Community Environment	2,099,904	1,936,789	1,891,588	1,737,171
Basic Utility Services	2,643,767	2,470,103	2,493,836	2,577,206
Transportation	17,664,738	17,026,618	16,939,123	17,172,786
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,214,403	1,249,396	1,273,441	1,507,876
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	43,646,263	65,274,416	62,069,034	61,556,835
Business-Type Activities				
Sanitary Sewer	7,798,760	6,676,899	6,261,417	6,800,984
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	7,798,760	6,676,899	6,261,417	6,800,984
Total Primary Government Program Expenses	51,445,023	71,951,315	68,330,451	68,357,819
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(30,274,315)	(50,447,890)	(51,042,012)	(45,870,832)
Business-Type Activities	1,189,741	2,585,657	2,468,852	1,833,457
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(29,084,574)	(47,862,233)	(48,573,160)	(44,037,375)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes Levied For:				
General Purposes	\$492,537	\$645,521	\$476,160	\$462,717
Other Purposes	6,197,194	5,796,981	5,960,782	5,797,533
Debt Service	3,324,843	2,881,976	2,956,069	2,873,745
Municipal Income Taxes Levied For:				
General Purposes	33,415,106	31,852,287	30,788,610	31,572,460
Other Purposes	4,038,359	3,850,189	3,785,956	3,720,687
Other Local Taxes Levied For:				
General Purposes	-	-	-	-
Other Purposes	-	-	-	-
Hotel Taxes	176,880	171,499	181,160	183,892
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes	355,213	368,801	357,108	355,013
Franchise Taxes	735,328	763,297	760,812	817,532
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,061,623	1,588,960	1,518,655	1,443,717

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$4,520,606	\$4,392,450	\$4,345,550	\$4,302,219	\$5,530,388	\$6,269,187
24,419,872	25,052,042	22,032,268	21,838,362	21,516,765	19,977,428
633,105	599,730	609,757	588,830	601,590	576,471
5,795,150	5,790,696	5,579,473	5,436,655	5,748,672	5,765,092
1,555,688	1,721,146	1,573,803	1,718,686	1,746,987	1,160,407
2,372,551	2,450,397	2,310,738	2,047,268	2,076,197	2,552,751
16,398,784	15,952,366	16,510,864	15,681,631	19,356,513	19,202,006
1,694,011	1,853,013	1,966,448	2,103,662	2,339,292	2,637,914
57,389,767	57,811,840	54,928,901	53,717,313	58,916,404	58,141,256
6,885,083	7,150,206	6,502,969	6,714,808	7,068,791	6,435,645
0,885,085	7,130,200	0,302,909	0,714,808	7,008,791	0,433,043
6,885,083	7,150,206	6,502,969	6,714,808	7,068,791	6,435,645
64,274,850	64,962,046	61,431,870	60,432,121	65,985,195	64,576,901
(40,618,859)	(36,835,710)	(45,920,981)	(45,302,793)	(45,124,212)	(44,390,927)
1,826,268	429,979	(368,365)	74,341	(1,305,307)	(109,939)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
(38,792,591)	(36,405,731)	(46,289,346)	(45,228,452)	(46,429,519)	(44,500,866)
\$452,976	\$449,300	\$449,334	\$419,991	\$424,295	\$434,211
5,781,880	5,740,574	5,412,835	5,253,644	5,324,748	5,405,637
3,423,949	3,435,946	3,440,487	3,401,469	3,460,320	3,585,239
31,120,903	30,267,292	28,221,681	26,677,393	26,251,391	22,863,432
3,744,688	3,599,013	3,319,369	3,157,012	2,625,174	2,622,417
-	-	-	-	-	722,501
-	_		_		318,728
166,683	189,728	179,090	181,064	171,572	-
338,386	330,566	328,246	324,002	325,245	-
810,366	734,772	704,713	706,163	645,974	-
2,149,150	1,377,939	1,490,423	866,597	848,939	609,562
					(Continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)
Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to				
Specific Programs	1,991,522	1,757,839	1,743,465	1,955,574
Investment Income	1,530,571	907,713	400,429	344,358
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	431,501	42,671	1,600	73,908
All Other Revenue	51,003	125,429	378,948	10,270
Transfers	106,496	1,587,555		
Total Governmental Activities	54,908,176	52,340,718	49,309,754	49,611,406
Business-Type Activities				
Investment Income	333,766	278,014	143,083	114,232
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	-	9,475	1,600	2,575
Transfers	(106,496)	(1,587,555)		
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	227,270	(1,300,066)	144,683	116,807
Total Primary Government General Revenues				
and Other Changes in Net Position	55,135,446	51,040,652	49,454,437	49,728,213
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	24,633,861	1,892,828	(1,732,258)	3,740,574
Business-Type Activities	1,417,011	1,285,591	2,613,535	1,950,264
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$26,050,872	\$3,178,419	\$881,277	\$5,690,838

Table 2

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
2,074,097	2,215,056	2,638,081	3,376,078	3,673,797	4,137,516
85,319	158,257	107,997	143,795	174,298	221,886
27,015	3,453	12,456	104,369	-	-
85,582	94,390	71,101	725	4,708	-
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	650,000
50,260,994	48,596,286	46,375,813	44,612,302	43,930,461	41,571,129
45,513	49,557	42,687	26,220	39,837	-
30,000	75,000	<u> </u>	- -	<del>-</del>	(650,000)
75,513	124,557	42,687	26,220	39,837	(650,000)
50,336,507	48,720,843	46,418,500	44,638,522	43,970,298	40,921,129
9,642,135	11,760,576	454,832	(690,491)	(1,193,751)	(2,819,798)
1,901,781	554,536	(325,678)	100,561	(1,265,470)	(759,939)
\$11,543,916	\$12,315,112	\$129,154	(\$589,930)	(\$2,459,221)	(\$3,579,737)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$169,730	\$121,553	\$114,798	\$107,683
Committed	5,130,224	4,038,704	3,538,704	3,241,578
Assigned	-	-	705,747	-
Unassigned	15,575,515	13,328,083	12,659,698	13,079,275
Total General Fund	20,875,469	17,488,340	17,018,947	16,428,536
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	936,029	656,730	516,634	534,502
Restricted	22,996,655	15,522,801	14,549,749	14,259,818
Committed	3,332,150	2,993,329	3,913,077	3,203,686
Unassigned (Deficit)	(35,728)	(34,815)	(26,599)	(602,713)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	27,229,106	19,138,045	18,952,861	17,395,293
Total Governmental Funds	\$48,104,575	\$36,626,385	\$35,971,808	\$33,823,829

Table 3

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$108,813	\$99,871	\$100,391	\$57,252	\$87,347	\$356,036
2,648,793	2,183,404	2,008,568	1,587,387	1,000,000	6,800
111,677	-	-	174,133	93,058	-
12,479,133	14,588,071	14,567,182	13,929,851	11,754,185	11,333,325
15,348,416	16,871,346	16,676,141	15,748,623	12,934,590	11,696,161
690,260	709,213	511,679	594,322	788,206	552,153
13,162,251	11,780,476	7,906,906	6,342,091	7,100,443	10,975,566
2,693,862	2,059,505	2,400,891	2,770,345	2,772,189	3,059,448
(541,729)	(2,958,156)	(2,443,025)	(4,083,178)	(5,496,105)	-
16,004,644	_11,591,038	8,376,451	5,623,580	5,164,733	14,587,167
\$31,353,060	\$28,462,384	\$25,052,592	\$21,372,203	\$18,099,323	\$26,283,328

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Revenues				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$37,780,744	\$35,922,033	\$35,508,157	\$35,486,019
Property Taxes	9,969,967	9,385,659	9,342,313	9,305,928
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-
Hotel Taxes	176,880	171,499	181,160	183,892
Permissive Motor Vehicle Taxes	355,213	368,801	357,108	355,013
Franchise Taxes	734,801	821,338	768,183	678,934
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	2,061,623	1,588,960	1,518,655	1,443,717
Intergovernmental	5,488,144	4,477,954	5,170,025	5,446,959
Special Assessments	8,335	35,255	35,257	130,257
Charges for Services	6,519,803	5,745,850	5,520,668	5,554,194
Fees, Licenses and Permits	1,300,801	1,103,120	1,285,770	1,525,339
Fines and Forfeitures	910,745	822,432	741,510	738,480
Contributions and Donations	136,698	5,928	27,550	4,500
Interest	1,530,571	907,713	406,089	344,358
All Other Revenue	487,216	425,948	680,910	250,477
Total Revenues	67,461,541	61,782,490	61,543,355	61,448,067
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	4,467,359	4,226,972	3,994,347	4,402,801
Security of Persons and Property	26,799,086	25,135,908	24,593,883	23,883,179
Public Health Services	706,303	672,152	659,197	653,314
Leisure Time Activities	5,286,112	5,106,328	4,973,993	5,237,825
Community Environment	1,755,432	1,711,024	1,683,220	1,632,152
Basic Utility Services	2,643,767	2,470,103	2,493,836	2,577,206
Transportation	9,630,120	9,510,424	9,441,966	10,154,996
Capital Outlay	7,560,177	8,263,845	7,598,212	6,742,255
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	2,888,252	2,832,082	2,789,195	2,578,636
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,211,626	1,229,461	1,256,511	1,304,842
Bond Issuance Costs	55,211	55,321	34,959	215,624
Advance Refunding Escrow				
Total Expenditures	63,003,445	61,213,620	59,519,319	59,382,830

Table 4

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011 (1)	2010
\$34,299,444	\$33,037,551	\$31,293,787	\$29,472,936	\$28,203,761	\$26,460,113
9,483,617	9,693,836	9,370,727	9,114,409	9,327,017	9,474,306
-	-	-	-	-	1,041,230
166,683	189,728	179,090	181,064	171,572	-
338,386	330,566	328,246	324,002	325,245	-
810,366	734,772	764,513	646,363	645,974	-
2,149,150	1,377,939	1,490,423	866,597	848,939	609,562
5,238,151	10,503,164	5,801,751	5,818,163	9,660,513	12,337,923
125,257	216,197	201,198	196,199	181,198	173,606
5,344,116	4,552,341	4,128,191	4,412,698	4,270,678	4,306,774
1,346,835	1,321,085	897,119	810,323	829,427	778,914
727,321	687,548	594,025	687,176	575,280	635,519
10,060	94,053	43,645	36,375	1,744,177	-
85,319	158,257	107,997	143,795	174,298	221,886
322,370	300,580	346,455	226,958	259,071	300,964
60,447,075	63,197,617	55,547,167	52,937,058	57,217,150	56,340,797
4,377,994	4,026,332	4,264,294	4,098,422	4,684,119	6,023,550
23,275,603	22,038,035	20,847,287	20,813,310	20,322,032	18,953,918
634,356	619,899	609,538	587,350	606,142	602,857
5,168,978	4,883,317	4,910,785	4,737,621	5,412,647	5,149,526
1,584,455	1,508,060	1,573,280	1,714,586	1,716,758	1,112,484
2,374,351	2,450,397	2,310,738	2,047,268	2,076,197	2,552,751
10,023,595	9,228,919	10,187,888	9,168,526	13,710,377	12,504,482
6,379,419	11,826,437	4,218,030	3,277,644	8,128,639	11,616,943
2,455,000	2,460,000	2,190,000	1,245,000	2,315,000	2,563,688
1,529,895	1,682,540	2,007,702	2,095,278	2,336,917	2,690,882
205,660	234,029	39,212	-	241,499	-
				1,499,540	
58,009,306	60,957,965	53,158,754	49,785,005	63,049,867	63,771,081
					(C (: 1)

(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (continued) Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	4,458,096	568,870	2,024,036	2,065,237
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	733,957	85,707	51,032	99,562
Inception of Capital Lease	28,981	-	72,911	-
Bond Anticipation Notes	6,100,000	-	-	-
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	-	16,480,000
Premium on Debt Issuance	51,652	-	-	1,937,003
OPWC Loans Issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Account	-	-	-	(18,111,033)
Transfers In	13,932,000	14,212,000	15,317,633	14,533,064
Transfers Out	(13,932,000)	(14,212,000)	(15,317,633)	(14,533,064)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,914,590	85,707	123,943	405,532
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$11,372,686	\$654,577	\$2,147,979	\$2,470,769
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital				
Expenditures	7.4%	7.7%	7.8%	7.4%

(1) In 2011, the City reclassified several revenues for a more proper presentation.

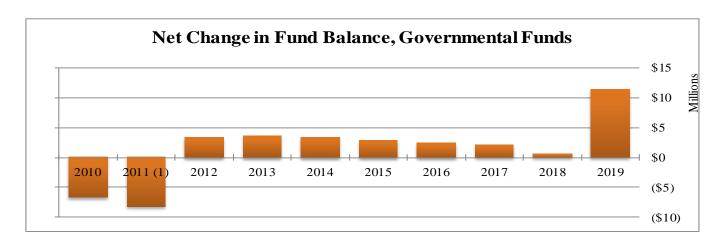


Table 4

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011 (1)	2010	
2,437,769	2,239,652	2,388,413	3,152,053	(5,832,717)	(7,430,284)	
87,960	168,812	85,341	120,827	54,159	31,630	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
7,635,000	9,485,000	-	-	10,735,000	_	
332,458	259,448	-	-	734,553	-	
175,888	790,207	1,206,635	-	-	_	
(7,778,399)	(9,533,327)	-	-	(13,875,000)	_	
15,424,345	15,620,252	12,107,592	10,461,099	15,045,506	10,000,250	
(15,424,345)	(15,620,252)	(12,107,592)	(10,461,099)	(15,045,506)	(9,350,250)	
452,907	1,170,140	1,291,976	120,827	(2,351,288)	681,630	
\$2,890,676	\$3,409,792	\$3,680,389	\$3,272,880	(8,184,005)	(\$6,748,654)	
7.7%	8.4%	8.6%	7.2%	8.6%	10.1%	

Assessed Valuations and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property

#### Last Ten Years

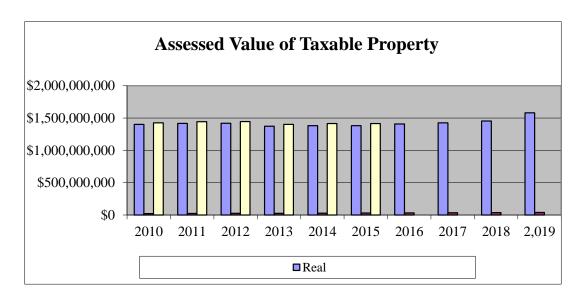
		Real Property	Tangible Personal Property			
				Public Utility		
Tax/	Assesse	d Value	Estimated		Estimated	
Collection	Residential/	Commercial	Actual	Assessed	Actual	
Year	Agricultural	Industrial/PU	Value	Value	Value	
2018/2019	\$1,225,248,020	\$354,684,630	\$4,514,093,286	\$40,927,940	\$46,509,023	
2017/2018	1,106,011,020	346,733,890	4,150,699,743	38,903,960	44,209,045	
2016/2017	1,095,367,250	330,593,700	4,074,174,143	36,084,010	41,004,557	
2015/2016	1,082,352,810	326,544,110	4,025,419,771	34,011,790	38,649,761	
2014/2015	1,047,149,690	334,314,990	3,947,041,943	33,218,660	37,748,477	
2013/2014	1,040,470,570	341,314,550	3,947,957,486	31,573,530	35,877,875	
2012/2013	1,034,250,240	338,196,020	3,921,275,029	28,773,280	32,696,909	
2011/2012	1,069,394,630	349,705,480	4,054,571,743	26,461,290	30,069,648	
2010/2011	1,065,813,650	351,694,900	4,050,024,429	25,230,750	28,671,307	
2009/2010	1,060,500,060	339,966,540	4,001,333,143	24,348,890	27,669,193	

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax was phased out beginning in 2006. For collection year 2006 both types of general business tangible personal property were assessed at 18.75 percent. The percentage was 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation and Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

	Total		
	Estimated		
Assessed	Actual		Direct
Value	Value	Ratio	Tax Rate
\$1,620,860,590	\$4,560,602,308	35.54%	\$9.30
1,491,648,870	4,194,908,788	35.56	9.30
1,462,044,960	4,115,178,700	35.53	9.30
1,442,908,710	4,064,069,533	35.50	9.30
1,414,683,340	3,984,790,420	35.50	9.80
1,413,358,650	3,983,835,361	35.48	9.80
1,401,219,540	3,953,971,938	35.44	9.90
1,445,561,400	4,084,641,391	35.39	9.90
1,442,739,300	4,078,695,735	35.37	9.90
1,424,815,490	4,029,002,336	35.36	9.90



Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

City of Strongsville	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2018/2019	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2017/2018	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2016/2017	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2015/2016
Unvoted Millage				
Debt	\$2.3000	\$2.3000	\$2.3000	\$2.3000
Fire Pension	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Police Pension	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Total Unvoted Millage	2.9000	2.9000	2.9000	2.9000
Voted Millage by Levy				
1976 Current Expense	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
1976 Southwest Hospital	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
1976 Sewage	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2000 Bond	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2004 Fire	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000
2008 Fire	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
2013 Sewage	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000
Total Voted Millage	6.4000	6.4000	6.4000	6.4000
Total Millage - City	\$9.3000	\$9.3000	\$9.3000	\$9.3000
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District				
Cuyahoga County	14.0500	14.0500	14.0500	14.0500
Strongsville City School District	81.7800	81.7800	81.7800	81.7800
Polaris Joint Vocational School District	3.0900	3.0900	3.0900	2.4000
Cleveland Metroparks	2.7500	2.7500	2.7500	2.7500
Cuyahoga County Library	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000
Cuyahoga County Community College	4.5000	4.5000	4.0000	4.0000
Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300
Total Millage - Overlapping Governments	108.8000	108.8000	108.3000	107.6100
Grand Total - All Direct and Overlapping Rates	\$118.1000	\$118.1000	\$117.6000	\$116.9100

Table 6

Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/
Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year
2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012	2010/2011	2009/2010
\$2.3000	\$2.3000	\$2.3000	\$2.3000	\$2.3000	\$2.3000
0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
2.9000	2.9000	2.9000	2.9000	2.9000	2.9000
1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000
1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
0.4000	0.4000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
6.9000	6.9000	7.0000	7.0000	7.0000	7.0000
14.0500 81.6800 2.4000 2.7500 2.5000 3.1000 0.1300 106.6100 \$116.4100	14.0500 81.6800 2.4000 2.7500 2.5000 3.1000 0.1300 106.6100 \$116.4100	13.2200 81.6800 2.4000 1.8500 2.5000 3.1000 0.1300 104.8800 \$114.7800	13.2200 80.9800 2.4000 1.8500 2.5000 3.1000 0.1300 104.1800	13.3200 81.1900 2.4000 1.8500 2.5000 3.1000 0.1300 104.4900 \$114.3900	13.3200 81.2900 2.4000 1.8500 2.5000 2.8000 0.1300 104.2900 \$114.1900

Effective Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

City of Strongsville	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2018/2019	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2017/2018	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2016/2017	Tax Year/ Collection Year 2015/2016
Unvoted Millage				
Debt	\$2.300000	\$2.300000	\$2.300000	\$2.300000
Fire Pension	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000
Police Pension	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000
Total Unvoted Millage	2.900000	2.900000	2.900000	2.900000
Voted Millage by Levy				
1976 Current Expense	0.256269	0.281806	0.281917	0.282211
1976 Southwest Hospital	0.170846	0.187871	0.187945	0.188141
1976 Sewage	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
2000 Bond	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
2004 Fire	1.768088	1.944282	1.945058	1.947094
2008 Fire	1.326066	1.458211	1.458793	1.460320
2013 Sewage	0.353617	0.388856	0.389011	0.389418
Total Voted Millage	3.874886	4.261026	4.262724	4.267184
Total Millage - City	\$6.774886	\$7.161026	\$7.162724	\$7.167184
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District				
Cuyahoga County	12.797318	13.914095	13.880201	13.869781
Strongsville City School District	38.081306	41.015673	41.028811	41.060653
Polaris Joint Vocational School District	2.687887	2.985764	2.984780	2.295968
Cleveland Metroparks	2.482653	2.718302	2.711249	2.711903
Cuyahoga County Library	2.259610	2.475507	2.470717	2.469462
Cuyahoga County Community College	4.102322	4.456854	3.946094	3.942787
Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority	0.102946	0.113078	0.112770	0.112676
Total Millage - Overlapping Governments	62.514042	67.679273	67.134622	66.463230
Grand Total - All Direct and Overlapping Rates	\$69.288928	\$74.840299	\$74.297346	\$73.630414

Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/	Tax Year/
Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year	Collection Year
2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012	2010/2011	2009/2010
\$2.300000	\$2.300000	\$2.300000	\$2.300000	\$2.300000	\$2.300000
0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000
0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000	0.300000
2.900000	2.900000	2.900000	2.900000	2.900000	2.900000
0.289602 0.193068 0.000000 0.500000 1.998092 1.498569 0.399618 4.878949	0.289878 0.193252 0.000000 0.500000 2.000000 1.500000 0.400000 4.883130 \$7.783130	0.289707 0.193138 0.096569 0.500000 2.000000 1.500000 0.000000 4.579414	0.278268 0.185512 0.092756 0.500000 1.952296 1.500000 0.0000000 4.508832	0.277905 0.185270 0.092635 0.500000 1.949756 1.500000 0.0000000 4.505566	0.277864 0.185243 0.092621 0.500000 1.949480 1.500000 0.0000000 4.505208
14.050000 41.922794 2.331868 2.750000 2.500000 4.000000 0.114311 67.668973	14.050000 41.854334 2.331112 2.750000 2.500000 3.100000 0.113900 66.699346	13.220000 41.838769 2.328529 1.850000 2.500000 3.100000 0.113492 64.950790 \$72.430204	13.118223 40.077864 2.186133 1.818768 2.500000 3.082039 0.103340 62.886367	13.186617 40.254326 2.182141 1.810574 2.500000 3.076462 0.102853 63.112973 \$70.518539	13.178886 40.351065 2.181147 1.806839 2.500000 2.597303 0.102733 62.717973

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Years

Tax/ Collection	Current Tax	Current	Percent of Current Tax Collections	Delinquent Tax	Total Tax
Year	Levy (1)	Tax Collections (1)	To Tax Levy	Collections (1)	Collections (1)
2018/2019	\$13,055,260	\$12,884,370	98.69%	\$229,993	\$13,114,363
2017/2018	12,550,407	11,752,980	93.65	251,215	12,004,195
2016/2017	12,170,157	11,802,223	96.98	182,447	11,984,670
2015/2016	11,965,272	11,714,263	97.90	195,162	11,909,425
2014/2015	12,446,731	12,671,814	101.81	196,222	12,868,036
2013/2014	12,500,289	12,020,210	96.16	285,671	12,305,881
2012/2013	11,898,035	11,743,658	98.70	298,151	12,041,809
2011/2012	11,654,737	10,771,927	92.43	487,422	11,259,349
2010/2011	11,570,511	11,092,903	95.87	246,145	11,339,048
2009/2010	11,224,849	10,854,727	96.70	310,180	11,164,907

Source: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Note: The County is aware of the requirement to report delinquent tax collections by levy year rather than by collection year. The County's current computer system tracks levy amounts by either current levy or delinquent levy. Once amounts become part of the delinquent levy, the ability to track information by levy year is lost. The County is looking at options to provide this information in the future.

<sup>(1)</sup> State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included along with payments in lieu of taxes from Cuyahoga County.

	Accumulated	
Percent of Total	Outstanding	Percentage of
Tax Collections	Delinquent	<b>Delinquent Taxes</b>
To Tax Levy	Taxes (1)	to Current Tax Levy
100.45%	\$326,024	2.50%
95.65	273,105	2.18
98.48	346,740	2.85
99.53	283,367	2.37
103.38	498,285	4.00
98.44	279,297	2.23
101.21	493,092	4.14
96.61	579,463	4.97
98.00	640,974	5.54
99.47	645,606	5.75

Principal Taxpayers – Real Estate Tax

2019 and 2011 Table 9

	2019				
Taxpayer	Real Property Assessed Valuation (2)	Percentage of Real Assessed Valuation			
Southpark Mall, LLC.	\$67,661,980	4.17 %			
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	26,510,620	1.64			
Greens of Strongsville, LTD.	9,969,620	0.62			
Vam, LTD.	9,459,720	0.58			
Cherry Street Village	8,800,930	0.54			
Polo Club Apartments, LLC.	7,304,290	0.45			
American Transmission Fund	7,473,620	0.46			
Chestnut Lake Apartments	8,235,710	0.51			
Altenheim Properties, Inc.	6,155,350	0.38			
AIC Income Dund 1300 Darice LLC.	6,715,390	0.41			
Total	\$158,287,230	9.77 %			
Total Assessed Valuation	\$1,620,860,590				
	2011(1)				
	Real Property	Percentage of Real			
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation (1)	Assessed Valuation			
Southpark Mall, LLC	\$65,745,630	4.56 %			
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	20,722,740	1.44			
Vam, LTD.	12,512,750	0.87			
Firstcal Industrial 2 Acquisition	11,704,760	0.81			
Greens of Strongsville, LTD.	8,858,510	0.61			
Cherry Street Village	7,972,310	0.55			
Polo Club Apartments, LLC.	7,275,880	0.50			
Chestnut Lake Apartments	6,627,620	0.46			
Wal-Mart Real Estate	5,915,560	0.41			
Ohio Commerce Center Investments	5,250,000	0.36			
Total	\$152,585,760	10.58 %			
Total Assessed Valuation	\$1,442,739,300				

Source: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2011 is not available

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2019 collections were based.

Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis)

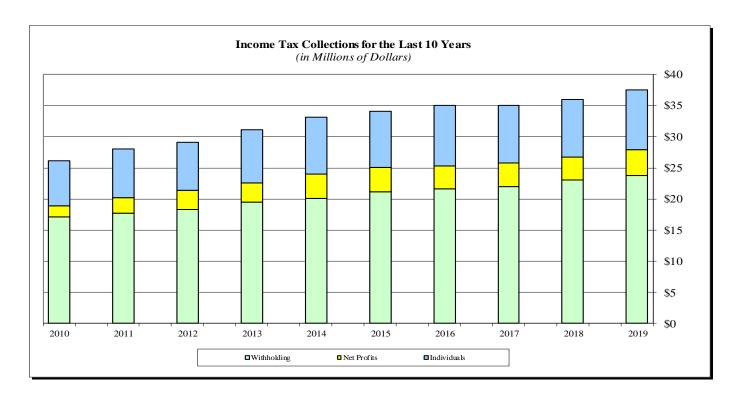
Last Ten Years Table 10

Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes From (1) Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes (2) From Individuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2019	2.00 %	\$ 37,527,271	\$ 23,817,324	63.47 %	\$ 4,049,310	10.79 %	\$ 9,660,637	25.74 %
2018	2.00	35,967,263	23,027,853	64.02	3,740,238	10.40	9,199,172	25.58
2017	2.00	35,016,752	22,036,294	62.93	3,772,521	10.77	9,220,336	26.33
2016	2.00	35,005,722	21,688,802	61.96	3,590,509	10.26	9,767,237	27.90
2015	2.00	34,119,630	21,137,392	61.95	3,895,502	11.42	9,073,069	26.59
2014	2.00	33,135,341	20,051,546	60.52	4,014,117	12.11	9,073,130	27.38
2013	2.00	31,191,054	19,471,624	62.43	3,145,297	10.07	8,476,590	27.18
2012	2.00	29,074,716	18,295,799	62.93	3,061,535	10.52	7,799,846	26.83
2011	2.00	28,016,156	17,701,146	63.18	2,484,732	8.87	7,830,278	27.95
2010	2.00	26,143,370	17,084,709	65.35	1,844,185	7.05	7,214,476	27.59

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

- (1) Includes State of Ohio collections of Municipal Net Profit Tax and Municipal Electric Light Tax.
- (2) City implemented an Income Tax Credit Reduction from 100% to 75%, effective April 1, 2004.

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.



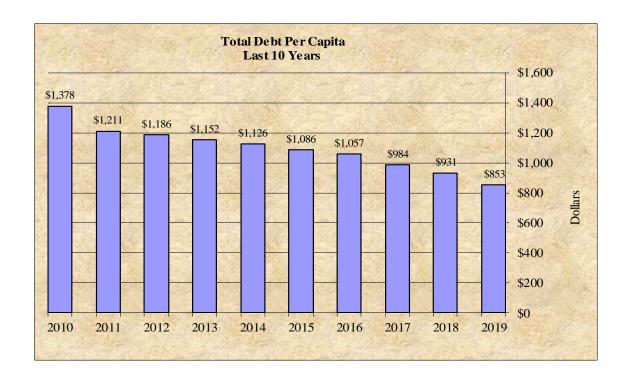
Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Years Table 11

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities					
Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Special Assessment Bonds	OPWC Loans	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	OWDA Loans	OPWC Loans	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2019	\$34,012,173	\$0	\$1,738,186	\$23,271	\$0	\$1,504,035	\$913,405	\$38,191,070	2.46%	\$853
2018	37,050,667	0	1,846,822	18,906	0	1,765,080	962,778	41,644,253	2.68	931
2017	40,019,957	25,000	1,955,458	37,352	0	2,015,507	0	44,053,274	2.84	984
2016	42,911,314	50,000	2,064,094	0	0	2,255,754	0	47,281,162	3.05	1,057
2015	43,775,829	170,000	2,172,730	0	0	2,486,245	0	48,604,804	3.03	1,086
2014	45,383,015	285,000	1,996,842	0	0	2,707,382	0	50,372,239	3.25	1,126
2013	46,745,489	490,000	1,206,635	0	210,000	2,919,553	0	51,571,677	3.32	1,152
2012	48,863,378	680,000	0	0	415,000	3,123,128	0	53,081,506	3.42	1,186
2011	50,041,267	865,000	0	0	615,000	2,650,708	0	54,171,975	3.49	1,211
2010	55,780,684	1,035,000	0	0	805,000	2,814,500	0	60,435,184	4.64	1,378

Note: Population and Personal Income data are presented on page S34.

<sup>(1) -</sup> The general obligation bonds include the unamortized premiums.



Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Years Table 12

Year 2019	Population (1) 44,750	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2) \$4,560,602,308	Gross Bonded Debt (3) \$34,012,173	Accumulated Resources Restricted For Repayment (\$4,440,553)	Net General Bonded Debt \$29,571,620	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property  0.65 %	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita \$660.82
2018	44,750	4,194,908,788	37,050,667	(3,848,778)	33,201,889	0.79	741.94
2017	44,750	4,115,178,700	40,019,957	(2,848,330)	37,171,627	0.90	830.65
2016	44,750	4,064,069,533	42,911,314	(3,418,188)	39,493,126	0.97	882.53
2015	44,750	3,984,790,420	43,775,829	(2,468,996)	41,306,833	1.04	923.06
2014	44,750	3,983,835,361	45,383,015	(2,217,961)	43,165,054	1.08	964.58
2013	44,750	3,953,971,938	46,955,489	(2,402,178)	44,553,311	1.13	995.60
2012	44,750	4,084,641,391	49,278,378	(2,383,528)	46,894,850	1.15	1,047.93
2011	44,750	4,078,695,735	50,656,267	(3,487,204)	47,169,063	1.16	1,054.06
2010	44,750	4,029,002,336	56,585,684	(4,542,450)	52,043,234	1.29	1,162.98

#### **Sources:**

<sup>(1)</sup> U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.

<sup>(2)</sup> Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all general obligation bonded debt with the exception of Special Assessment debt and includes unamortized premiums.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

**December 31, 2019** Table 13

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City
Direct - City of Strongsville			
•	\$34,012,173	100.00%	\$34,012,173
General Obligation Bonds (2)			
Ohio Public Works Loans	1,738,186	100.00%	1,738,186
Capital leases	23,271	100.00%	23,271
T . I D D . I .	25 772 620		25 772 520
Total Direct Debt	35,773,630	-	35,773,630
Overlapping			
Strongsville City School District	71,396,054	100.00%	71,396,054
Cuyahoga County	245,120,000	5.87%	14,379,662
Cuyahoga County Community			
College	207,010,000	5.87%	12,143,986
		-	
Total Overlapping Debt	523,526,054		97,919,702
	·	•	
Total	\$559,299,684	_	\$133,693,332

Source: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

<sup>(1)</sup> Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

<sup>(2)</sup> the general obligation bonds includes the unamortized premiums.



# Legal Debt Margin

### Last Ten Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Assessed Property Value	\$1,620,860,590	\$1,491,648,870	\$1,462,044,960	\$1,442,908,710
Overall Legal Debt Limit				
(10 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	170,190,362	156,623,131	153,514,721	151,505,415
Debt Outstanding:				
General Obligation Bonds (net)-Governmental Activities	\$34,012,173	\$37,050,667	\$40,019,957	\$42,911,314
General Obligation Bonds-Business Type Activities	0	0	0	0
Special Assessment Bonds	0	0	25,000	50,000
Bond Anticipation Notes (net)	6,130,582	5,633,444	2,115,729	1,914,735
OPWC Loans	2,651,591	2,809,600	1,955,458	2,064,094
OWDA Loans	1,504,035	1,765,080	2,015,507	2,255,754
Total Gross Indebtedness	44,298,381	47,258,791	46,131,651	49,195,897
Less:				
General Obligation Bonds-Business Type Activities	0	0	0	0
Special Assessment Bonds	0	0	(25,000)	(50,000)
OPWC Loans	(2,651,591)	(2,809,600)	(1,955,458)	(2,064,094)
OWDA Loans	(1,504,035)	(1,765,080)	(2,015,507)	(2,255,754)
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund Balance	(2,740,189)	(2,305,779)	(2,123,783)	(2,709,095)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	37,402,566	40,378,332	40,011,903	42,116,954
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 ½ % Limitations	\$132,787,796	\$116,244,799	\$113,502,818	\$109,388,461
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	78.02%	74.22%	73.94%	72.20%
Unvoted Debt Limitation	\$89,147,332	\$82,040,688	\$80,412,473	\$79,359,979
(5 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)				
Total Gross Indebtedness Less:	44,298,381	47,258,791	46,131,651	49,195,897
Voted General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds-Business Type Activities	0	0	0	0
Special Assessment Bonds	0	0	(25,000)	(50,000)
OPWC Loans	(2,651,591)	(2,809,600)	(1,955,458)	(2,064,094)
OWDA Loans	(1,504,035)	(1,765,080)	(2,015,507)	(2,255,754)
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund Balance	(2,740,189)	(2,305,779)	(2,123,783)	(2,709,095)
Net Debt Within 5 1/2 % Limitations	37,402,566	40,378,332	40,011,903	42,116,954
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5 1/2 % Limitations	\$51,744,766	\$41,662,356	\$40,400,570	\$37,243,025
Unvoted legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limitation	58.04%	50.78%	50.24%	46.93%

**Source**: City Financial Records

Table 14

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$1,414,683,340	\$1 412 257 650	\$1,401,219,540	\$1,445,561,400	\$1,442,739,300	\$1,424,815,490
\$1,414,085,540	\$1,413,357,650	\$1,401,219,340	\$1,443,361,400	\$1,442,739,300	\$1,424,813,490
140 541 751	149 402 552	147 129 052	151 702 047	151 407 627	140 605 626
148,541,751	148,402,553	147,128,052	151,783,947	151,487,627	149,605,626
¢42 129 542	¢44.217.004	¢46,402,020	¢49.477.007	¢40.524.929	\$55.700.60A
\$42,138,543 0	\$44,316,084 0	\$46,402,039 210,000	\$48,476,997 415,000	\$49,524,838 615,000	\$55,780,684 805,000
170,000	285,000	490,000	680,000	865,000	1,035,000
1,814,445	2,971,206	5,128,534	5,480,914	7,716,240	5,041,458
2,172,730	1,996,842	1,206,635	0	0	0
2,486,245	2,707,382	2,919,553	3,123,128	2,650,708	2,814,500
48,781,963	52,276,514	56,356,761	58,176,039	61,371,786	65,476,642
40,701,703	32,270,314	30,330,701	30,170,037	01,571,700	03,470,042
0	0	(210,000)	(415,000)	(615,000)	(805,000)
(170,000)	(285,000)	(490,000)	(680,000)	(865,000)	(1,035,000)
(2,172,730)	(1,996,842)	(1,206,635)	0	0	0
(2,486,245)	(2,707,382)	(2,919,553)	(3,123,128)	(2,650,708)	(2,814,500)
(1,717,453)	(891,164)	(316,301)	0	0	(1,568,792)
42,235,535	46,396,126	51,214,272	53,957,911	57,241,078	59,253,350
\$106,306,216	\$102,006,427	\$95,913,780	\$97,826,036	\$94,246,549	\$90,352,276
71.57%	68.74%	65.19%	64.45%	62.21%	60.39%
71.5770	00.7470	03.1770	04.4370	02.2170	00.3770
\$77,807,584	\$77,734,671	\$77,067,075	\$79,505,877	\$79,350,662	\$78,364,852
\$77,007,504	\$77,754,071	\$77,007,073	\$17,505,611	\$17,330,002	\$70,304,032
48,781,963	52,276,514	56,356,761	58,176,039	61,371,786	65,476,642
40,701,703	32,270,314	30,330,701	36,176,037	01,371,760	03,470,042
0	0	0	0	0	(4,345,000)
0	0	(210,000)	(415,000)	(615,000)	(805,000)
(170,000)	(285,000)	(490,000)	(680,000)	(865,000)	(1,035,000)
(2,172,730)	(1,996,842)	(1,206,635)	0	0	0
(2,486,245)	(2,707,382)	(2,919,553)	(3,123,128)	(2,650,708)	(2,814,500)
(1,717,453)	(891,164)	(316,301)	0	0	(1,568,792)
42,235,535	46,396,126	51,214,272	53,957,911	57,241,078	54,908,350
\$35,572,049	\$31,338,545	\$25,852,803	\$25,547,966	\$22,109,584	\$23,456,502
	·		· · ·	<u> </u>	
45.72%	40.31%	33.55%	32.13%	27.86%	29.93%

Demographic and Economic Statistics

#### Last Ten Years

			Personal	Median		Educational Attainment: Bachelor's
	5 1 1 (1)	Total Personal	Income	Household	Median	Degree
Year	Population (1)	Income (5)	Per Capita (1)	Income (1)	Age (1)	or Higher (1)
2019	44,750	\$1,551,393,000	\$34,668	\$78,745	44.2	40.70%
2018	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2017	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2016	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2015	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2014	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2013	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2012	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2011	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%
2010	44,750	1,551,393,000	34,668	78,745	44.2	40.70%

(1) Source: 2010 U. S. Census

 ${\bf (2) \ Source:} \ Treasurer's \ Office, Strongsville \ City \ School \ District$ 

(3) **Source**: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(4) **Source**: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (5) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

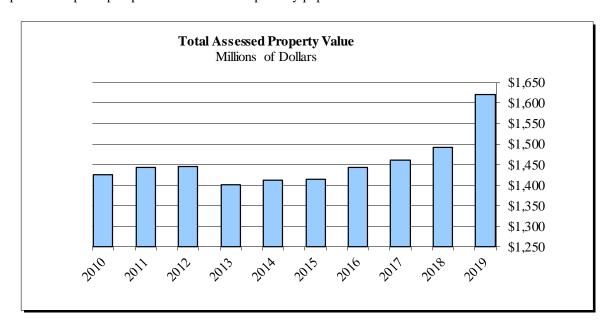


Table 15

		Average	
	Cuyahoga	Sales	Total
	County	Price of	Assessed
School	Unemployment	Residential	Property
Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)	Property (4)	Value (4)
5,544	2.70%	\$231,600	\$1,620,860,590
5,497	4.00%	221,900	1,491,648,870
5,478	4.80%	216,728	1,462,044,960
5,464	5.30%	207,688	1,442,908,710
5,415	4.00%	203,519	1,414,683,340
5,625	6.00%	192,780	1,413,357,650
5,872	7.20%	196,422	1,401,219,540
6,477	6.60%	185,487	1,445,561,400
6,784	7.10%	180,480	1,442,739,300
6,617	8.60%	191,594	1,424,815,490

Principal Municipal Income Tax Withholders

#### Current and Nine Years Ago

Table 16

#### 2019

Employer	Nature of Activity	Percentage of Total Income Tax
PNC Bank (formally National City Bank)	Banking Technology Center	2.41%
Strongsville Board of Education	Education	2.24%
Medical Mutual of Ohio	Healthcare Solutions	2.19%
The Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Outpatient Medical Facility	1.82%
Lamrite West, Inc.	Art Supplies Distributor	1.42%
City of Strongsville	Municipal Government	1.14%
Swagelok Hy-Level Manufacturing	Precision Machine Parts	1.01%
Momentive Performance Material	Producer of Advanced Ceramics	0.95%
Union Home Mortgage	Mortgage Lender	0.90%
CCL Label, Inc.	Pressure Sensitive Adhesive Products	0.89%
Total		14.97%

#### 2010

Employer	Nature of Activity	Percentage of Total Income Tax
1 3		
Strongsville Board of Education	Education	3.65%
Akzo Nobel Paints, LLC	U.S. Corporate Headquarters - Paint	2.55%
Medical Mutual of Ohio	Healthcare Solutions	2.32%
National City Bank (now PNC Bank)	Banking Technology Center	2.23%
City of Strongsville	Municipal Government	1.65%
Lamrite West, Inc.	Corporate Headquarters - Art Supplies	1.50%
The Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Outpatient Medical Facility	1.31%
Momentive Performance Material	Producer of Advanced Ceramics	0.92%
PPG Industries, Inc	Powder & Paint Products	0.91%
Swagelok Hy-Level Manufacturing	Precision Machine Parts	0.89%
Total		17.93%

**Source:** Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

Full-Time City Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Years **Table 17** Function/Program General Government Council Mayor's Office Human Resources Finance Law Communication & Technology Mayor's Court Security of Persons and Property Police Officers and Administration Corrections Officers Dispatchers Fire Public Safety Public Health Services Cemetery Leisure Time Activities Parks Recreation Senior Services Community Environment Building Planning Economic Development Public Service Administration Street Maintenance Traffic Control Vehicle Maintenance Basic Utility Services Engineering 

Source: City of Strongsville Finance Department

Sanitary Sewer Maintenance

Totals:

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Government				
Council and Clerk				
Number of Ordinances Passed	143	144	168	182
Number of Resolutions Passed	52	45	54	62
Number of Planning Commission docket items	49	68	66	74
Finance Department				
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa
Number of AP checks/ EFT's issued	6,825	7,333	7,076	7,191
Number of W2 Forms	676	660	641	640
Amount of checks written	\$38,385,063	\$36,404,743	\$32,665,070	\$36,826,540
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$1,447,122	\$985,021	\$630,021	\$336,541
Medical Mutual Premiums: (Medical, Dental, Vision & Rx)				
Over-age Dependents	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Family	\$1,945	\$1,780	\$1,735	\$1,713
Single Employees	\$773	\$713	\$695	\$686
Gross Wages	\$27,819,591	\$26,322,595	\$26,104,967	\$25,106,603
Employer Paid:				
Medicare	\$395,180	\$371,115	\$364,059	\$346,185
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	\$1,939,776	\$1,842,524	\$1,785,577	\$1,744,627
Police Pension	\$1,380,158	\$1,305,418	\$1,264,735	\$1,239,060
Fire Pension	\$1,452,958	\$1,420,214	\$1,395,388	\$1,355,723
Hospitalization	\$5,469,500	\$4,925,746	\$4,729,139	\$4,688,524
Worker's Compensation	\$456,500	\$386,100	\$378,400	\$343,500
Unemployment	\$1,407	\$4,941	\$4,681	\$1,635
Group Life Insurance	\$82,960	\$94,859	\$95,125	\$91,640
Total Salaries and Fringes (cash basis)	\$38,998,030	\$36,673,512	\$36,122,071	\$34,917,497
General Fund Receipts (cash basis)	\$43,321,159	\$38,536,834	\$37,351,081	\$37,261,231
General Fund Expenditures (cash basis)	\$41,645,387	\$38,500,172	\$37,335,984	\$37,171,921
General Fund Cash Balances	\$9,802,261 **	** \$8,126,489	\$8,089,827	\$8,074,730
Income Taxes collected by the Regional Income Tax				
Agency (RITA) for the calendar year - cash basis	\$37,069,667	\$35,967,263	\$35,016,752	\$35,005,722
RITA's Collection Fee - NET of Retainer Refund **	\$591,607	\$529,003	\$526,460	\$538,003
RITA's Collection Fee - Expressed as a percentage				
of calendar year collections	1.60%	1.47%	1.50%	1.54%
Annual Utility Payments (Cash Basis)				
Electric	\$1,042,513	\$1,045,761	\$1,038,006	\$1,048,147
Natural Gas	\$123,427	\$144,668	\$124,918	\$110,252
Phone	\$72,915	\$73,898	\$81,605	\$85,800
Cell Phones	\$100,461	\$88,902	\$94,389	\$71,654
Water	\$178,127	\$161,440	\$162,423	\$182,410
Total Utility Payments	\$1,517,443	\$1,514,669	\$1,501,341	\$1,498,263

<sup>\* 27</sup> pays occurred in 2015

<sup>\*\*</sup> Estimate in 2017 only

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> GASB 84 Restatement

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
197	191	228	152	166	159
74	60	62	57	49	50
84	70	76	45	38	52
04	70	70	43	30	32
Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa
7,243	7,170	7,275	7,343	7,433	7,325
639	594	618	587	594	611
\$38,147,475	\$40,385,721	\$30,598,160	\$29,252,993	\$40,018,865	\$47,302,771
\$142,766	\$83,661	\$72,810	\$121,284	\$83,575	\$107,520
\$1,950	\$1,859	\$1,715	\$1,837	\$0	\$0
\$1,681	\$1,602	\$1,478	\$1,401	\$1,308	\$1,308
\$673	\$641	\$592	\$561	\$524	\$476
\$25,012,798	\$23,177,955	\$22,700,012	\$22,306,968	\$22,210,142	\$21,742,901
\$343,729	\$317,292	\$305,050	\$292,415	\$282,545	\$276,169
\$1,729,856	\$1,554,453	\$1,492,086	\$1,479,969	\$1,467,952	\$1,448,436
\$1,237,406	\$1,185,446	\$1,165,296	\$1,115,057	\$1,110,376	\$1,110,118
\$1,375,160	\$1,286,195	\$1,239,628	\$1,246,260	\$1,243,296	\$1,201,510
\$4,552,840	\$3,797,061	\$3,879,546	\$3,899,236	\$3,877,306	\$3,624,183
\$338,600	\$280,100	\$243,545	\$555,400	\$526,800	\$486,400
\$340	\$9,112	\$249	\$9,865	\$655	\$21,444
\$88,576	\$77,898	\$72,981	\$79,041	\$81,960	\$37,075
\$34,679,305 *	\$31,685,512	\$31,098,393	\$30,984,211	\$30,801,032	\$29,948,236
\$38,685,905	\$36,301,017	\$34,146,487	\$31,973,112	\$30,891,892	\$30,278,694
\$38,493,997	\$36,235,360	\$33,850,798	\$32,137,577	\$30,866,872	\$30,605,487
\$7,985,420	\$7,793,512	\$7,727,855	\$7,432,166	\$7,596,631	\$7,571,611
Ψ1,703,420	Ψ1,175,512	Ψ1,121,033	Ψ7,432,100	Ψ7,370,031	Ψ7,371,011
\$34,119,630	\$33,135,341	\$31,191,054	\$29,074,716	\$27,896,316	\$26,020,812
\$524,680	\$542,729	\$508,552	\$483,085	\$484,766	\$531,262
\$324,000	\$342,729	\$300,332	\$465,065	φ <del>4</del> 64,700	\$331,202
1.54%	1.64%	1.63%	1.66%	1.74%	2.04%
1.34%	1.04%	1.05%	1.00%	1.74%	2.04%
<b></b>	<b>*</b> 0====:	405	<b>.</b>	405	<b>**</b>
\$1,031,683	\$975,722	\$928,925	\$931,944	\$980,121	\$1,173,240
\$130,897	\$170,849	\$142,131	\$122,457	\$177,567	\$235,524
\$90,691	\$83,799	\$96,224	\$89,542	\$113,203	\$110,091
\$80,902	\$106,833	\$93,430	\$96,731	\$92,603	\$82,340
\$203,485	\$119,394	\$161,720	\$150,852	\$152,139	\$153,992
\$1,537,658	\$1,456,597	\$1,422,430	\$1,391,526	\$1,515,633	\$1,755,187

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (continued)

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016
Civil Service				
Number of police entry tests administered	0	1	0	1
Number of fire entry tests administered	0	1	0	1
Number of dispatch entry tests administered	1	1	1	1
Number of police promotional tests administered	1	0	0	3
Number of fire promotional tests administered	1	1	1	0
Number of Police Officers hired from certified lists	3	3	5	1
Number of Fire/Medics hired from certified lists	1	4	3	3
Number of Dispatchers hired from certified lists	0	2	2	8
Number of promotions from police certified lists	1	0	8	7
Number of promotions from fire certified lists	2	1	1	0
Engineer Contracted Services				
Dollar amount of Construction overseen by Engineer	\$7,604,192	\$2,512,000	\$6,512,000	\$5,125,000
<b>Community Environment</b>				
Building Department Indicators				
Construction Permits Issued	143	157	220	235
Estimated Value of Construction	\$99,834,270	\$120,728,264	\$61,443,238	\$88,779,194
Number of permits issued	3,985	3,630	3,640	3,310
Amount of Revenue generated from permits	\$1,728,704	\$1,390,835	\$1,864,170	\$2,117,785
Number of contract registrations issued	1,413	1,470	1,552	1,551
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation				
Number of Memberships	13,822	13,848	14,158	14,713
Number of Adult Sport League Teams	256	280	259	283
Youth Baseball/Softball Participants	1,158	1,259	1,050	932
Youth Basketball Participants	1,875	1,961	1,780	1,697
Group Exercise/Spinning Participants	30,028	29,784	30,526	25,725
Youth Day Camp Participants	1,287	1,287	1,229	1,395
Youth Tennis Lessons	37	0	76	54
Youth Learn to Swim Participants	2,034	2,238	2,220	2,066
Youth Volleyball Participants	270	167	106	152
Public Health and Welfare				
Cemetery burials	72	68	55	54
Cemetery sale of lots	73	62	66	62
Cemetery receipts	\$0	\$52,075	\$56,500	\$59,325
Annual County Board of Health Deduction	\$193,320	\$193,320	\$175,420	\$175,420
Population for County Board of Health (US Census)	44,750	44,750	44,750	44,750
County Board of Health Fee Per Resident	\$4.74	\$4.32	\$3.92	\$3.92

Table 18

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
1	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	2	0	0
3	1	0	2	3	0
0	0	4	0	0	0
5	0	3	0	0	0
11	9	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	5	0	0
7	0	2	4	2	0
\$5,027,000	\$11,395,000	\$5,575,000	\$3,700,000	\$10,400,000	\$8,000,000
211	187	178	238	227	210
\$64,879,265	\$103,654,033	\$33,262,698	\$23,976,814	\$51,675,210	\$45,196,478
3,313	3,116	2,813	3,276	3,057	3,026
\$1,780,629	\$1,674,506	\$1,155,719	\$1,156,307	\$1,077,020	\$1,034,435
1,517	1,367	1,460	1,294	1,407	1,438
14,492	13,099	13,162	13,268	13,823	13,826
274	253	243	229	239	241
983	1,125	1,207	1,329	1,357	1,530
1,613	1,579	1,447	1,568	1,343	1,391
26,035	29,782	19,735	19,551	18,781	20,161
1,214	1,094	1,016	940	969	985
104	114	106	131	139	147
2,337	2,114	1,985	1,980	2,014	2,157
166	52	0	0	0	0
39	41	54	51	51	54
70	76	74	73	35	33
\$49,700	\$57,325	\$57,869	\$56,200	\$44,925	\$49,825
\$175,420	\$175,420	\$171,840	\$171,840	\$162,275	\$162,275
44,750	44,750	44,750	44,750	43,858	43,858
\$3.92	\$3.92	\$3.84	\$3.84	\$3.70	\$3.70

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (continued)

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016
Basic Utility Services				
Solid Waste Disposal (tonnage)	21,620	22,750	21,263	22,542
Solid Waste Disposal Costs	\$2,474,479	\$2,388,701	\$2,320,890	\$2,254,273
Recycled Materials (tonnage)	9,096	10,062	10,255	9,525
Recycled Materials as a percentage of Total Waste	30.0%	31.0%	33.0%	30.0%
Number of Residential Units	15,680	15,680	15,680	15,680
Cost per Residential Unit	\$8.03	\$7.78	\$7.56	\$7.36
Landfill Tipping Fee (Per Ton)	\$39.99	\$38.83	\$37.70	\$36.61
Security of Persons & Property				
Police				
Number of traffic citations issued	5,777	5,944	7,559	4,310
Number of parking citations issued	285	258	370	490
Number of criminal arrests	1,500	2,493	2,953	1,746
Number of accident reports completed	743	940	916	994
Part 1 Offenses (major offenses)	1,075	795	876	942
Animal Warden service calls	44	469	525	459
DUI Arrests	88	115	152	165
Prisoners	1,562	1,776	1,765	1,795
Prisoner meal costs	\$20,779	\$21,480	\$16,670	\$17,441
Motor Vehicle Accidents	1,695	1,779	1,156	1,418
Fatalities from Motor Vehicle Accidents	1	0	1	3
Community Diversion Program Youths	50	74	76	106
Community Diversion Program - community service hours	696	1,157	1,419	1,609
Fire				
EMS Calls	4,236	4,330	3,984	3,923
EMS Transports	3,715	3,550	3,234	3,204
Utilization Charges				
Resident or Real Property Owner				
BLS with Transport	\$550	\$550	\$550	\$550
ALS I with Transport	\$650	\$650	\$650	\$650
ALS II with Transport	\$900	\$900	\$900	\$900
Per Mile Charge	\$12	\$12	\$12	\$12
Non-Resident				
BLS with Transport	\$550	\$550	\$550	\$550
ALS I with Transport	\$650	\$650	\$650	\$650
ALS II with Transport	\$900	\$900	\$900	\$900
Per Mile Charge	\$12	\$12	\$12	\$12
All Users	+		,	
Treatment, No Transport	\$450	\$450	\$450	\$0
Lift Assist	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$0 \$0
Ambulance Billing Collections	\$1,198,116	\$1,093,647	\$1,006,793	\$1,003,354
Fire Calls	2,186	1,836	1,665	1,489
Fires with Loss	37	24	17	20
Fires with Losses exceeding \$10K	12	10	10	5
Fire Losses \$	\$1,454,007	\$1,413,050	\$1,077,050	\$329,836
Fire Safety Inspections	1,162	1,617	1,267	1,419
Number of times Mutual Aid given to Fire and EMS	1,102	1,017	1,267	98
				40
Number of times Mutual Aid received for Fire and EMS	96	47	71	

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
22,720	23,618	22,803	22,681	21,768	21,692
\$2,123,246	\$2,072,706	\$1,952,676	\$1,940,969	\$1,987,709	\$2,502,621
9,949	9,645	8,283	8,553	9,105	9,720
31.0%	29.0%	27.0%	27.0%	29.0%	31.0%
15,680	15,680	15,680	15,680	15,680	15,146
\$6.67	\$6.48	\$6.29	\$6.13	\$6.01	\$7.55
\$36.61	\$35.54	\$34.50	\$33.66	\$33.00	\$43.62 - \$45.24
ψ30.01	Ψ33.34	Ψ34.50	ψ33.00	ψ33.00	ψτ3.02 ψτ3.2τ
4,326	4,236	3,793	3,304	3,450	3,952
362	562	377	419	302	261
2,147	2,449	2,466	1,916	1,601	1,226
939	940	937	1,134	1,374	1,398
972	848	806	1,040	1,080	963
373	354	384	402	441	366
144	218	239	242	354	284
1,676	1,441	1,420	1,521	1,219	822
\$17,737	\$18,761	\$13,706	\$18,294	\$17,922	\$20,977
1,391	1,439	1,637	1,751	1,865	1,810
1	1	1	1	0	2
77	76	48	63	98	99
889	988	762	700	1,435	1,819
3,837	3,473	3,664	3,560	3,246	3,410
3,172	2,785	2,845	2,795	2,683	2,717
\$450	\$450	\$450	\$450	\$300	\$300
\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600	\$400	\$400
\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	n/a	n/a
\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$6	\$6
\$450	\$450	\$450	\$450	\$400	\$400
\$600	\$600	\$600	\$600	\$450	\$450
\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	n/a	n/a
\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$6	\$6
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,040,233	\$789,143	\$940,023	\$993,234	\$937,404	\$916,097
1,396	1,363	1,424	1,213	630	471
26	34	69	35	79	92
7	5	11	15	6	5
\$505,326	\$580,996	\$1,100,476	\$1,414,850	\$301,000	\$767,000
931	1,272	1,076	940	652	727
133	89	40	34	61	57
38	21	22	38	20	17

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (continued)

5 1 5	2010	•040	2015	•04.5
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016
Transportation	2.014	4.010	4 417	2.726
Street Improvements - asphalt overlay (cubic yds)	3,914	4,019	4,417	2,736
Street Repair (Curbs, aprons, berms, asphalt) (hours)	17,952	22,992	22,288	22,680
Guardrail Repair (hours)	360	24	240	32
Cold Patch (hours)	1,944	3,240	1,672	1,704
Snow & Ice Removal (hours)	5,080	4,040	3,144	3,240
Sewer Crew Calls (hours)	6,136	5,936	5,752	5,112
Sewer Crew Preventive Maintenance (hours)	2,936	3,760	5,096	5,622
Sewer Jet & Vactor (hours)	4,488	3,456	3,368	3,008
Landscaping Stump-Chipper service (hours)	5,256	5,240	6,192	6,504
Leaf collection (hours)	5,216	6,128	5,336	5,784
Holiday Lighting & Special Events setup (hours)	728	824	776	728
Square Repair after Special Events (hours)	3,760	4,392	3,984	6,072
Equipment & Vehicle Repair (hours)	13,248	11,976	9,976	9,600
Sign Department (hours)	2,408	2,272	2,264	1,912
Park Maintenance (hours)	7,720	8,656	7,808	7,840
Utility Repair (hours)	4,832	3,784	3,824	3,824
Senior Bus Trips (hours)	858	743	750	902
Animal Control (hours)	2,911	2,857	2,949	2,963
Cemetery (hours)	3,648	3,888	3,848	5,320
Miscellaneous Repairs & Maintenance (hours)	3,000	3,008	2,800	2,928
Number of Trees Planted per year	141	352	290	283
Tons of snow melting salt purchased	11,000	11,000	10,050	8,800
Cost of salt purchased	\$578,937	\$417,904	\$293,750	\$465,112
Gallons of snow & ice road pretreatment purchased	11,450	18,504	40,423	9,500
Cost of snow & ice road pretreatment	\$9,962	\$14,431	\$31,530	\$7,353
Unleaded Fuel Average Price per Gallon	\$2.41	\$2.81	\$2.37	\$2.26
Unleaded Fuel Gallons Used	71,457	86,798	85,377	88,904
Cost of Unleaded Fuel Used	\$172,211	\$243,902	\$202,343	\$200,923
Diesel Fuel Average Price per Gallon	\$2.39	\$2.46	\$1.97	\$1.76
Diesel Fuel Gallons Used	63,572	68,714	65,950	67,213
Cost of Diesel Fuel Used	\$151,937	\$169,036	\$129,922	\$118,295

Table 18

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
2,877	2,372	2,147	2,201	4,183	7,139
20,352	20,212	23,592	25,664	22,881	38,226
328	24	296	16	16	184
1,968	2,440	2,336	1,616	4,948	7,324
6,296	7,392	4,312	3,568	5,416	7,072
5,408	4,156	3,968	3,544	4,088	5,815
6,528	7,324	7,744	14,144	9,152	9,934
1,976	3,168	2,088	1,832	632	2,812
6,872	8,556	7,352	5,944	3,776	8,288
4,408	4,728	4,184	4,048	3,172	5,812
528	440	416	444	564	883
4,656	4,428	4,624	4,648	4,580	5,090
11,504	11,344	10,480	14,403	13,280	19,112
2,288	3,056	3,360	4,439	4,040	6,482
5,632	5,144	5,584	6,560	8,658	12,262
3,376	4,056	5,040	5,344	5,058	7,713
762	576	528	703	526	800
2,921	2,893	2,779	2,869	2,389	3,646
3,728	3,824	3,584	3,272	2,679	4,490
2,400	4,288	2,816	2,376	2,760	3,732
219	334	434	269	225	340
10,500	12,500	6,386	10,622	14,200	13,400
\$561,946	\$586,080	\$217,242	\$476,321	\$641,228	\$583,302
4,500	13,101	18,449	4,708	23,561	7,870
\$3,235	\$9,302	\$19,925	\$4,849	\$22,854	\$10,791
\$2.31	\$3.34	\$3.37	\$3.50	\$3.38	\$2.65
95,223	86,511	84,355	93,470	94,605	104,053
\$219,965	\$288,947	\$284,276	\$327,145	\$319,765	\$275,740
\$1.93	\$3.42	\$3.46	\$3.55	\$3.39	\$2.60
79,838	83,003	73,433	74,380	78,118	88,742
\$154,087	\$283,870	\$254,078	\$264,049	\$264,820	\$230,729

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (continued)

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016
Wastewater Department				
Wastewater Treatment Plants Annual Costs	\$3,103,851	\$3,645,090	\$2,494,951	\$2,061,133
Total flow of wastewater treatment plants (Billions of Gallons)	0.633	0.692	0.740	0.651
Average daily flow (Millions of gallons per day)	1.733	1.893	2.030	1.777
Tons of dry sludge removed	334.73	447.03	326.94	308.61
Wastewater Rates (billed Quarterly based on Water Consumption	n)			
Regular rates per MCF (7,480 gallons)				
Wastewater Treatment Rate - NEORSD/City of Strongsville	\$95.05	\$89.60	\$84.60	\$79.85
Wastewater Local Rate - City of Strongsville	\$13.39	\$13.39	\$13.39	\$13.39
Wastewater Combined Rate	\$108.44	\$102.99	\$97.99	\$93.24
City of Strongsville Quarterly/Monthly Fee	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$3.33
Homestead rates per MCF (7,480 gallons)				
Wastewater Treatment Rate - NEORSD/City of Strongsville	\$57.10	\$53.85	\$50.85	\$48.05
Wastewater Local Rate - City of Strongsville	\$6.89	\$6.89	\$6.89	\$6.89
Wastewater Combined Rate	\$63.99	\$60.74	\$57.74	\$54.94
City of Strongsville Quarterly/Monthly Fee	\$1.66	\$1.66	\$1.66	\$1.66
Minimum quarterly consumption charge - treated by NEORSD	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
Quarterly Fixed Charge - treated by NEORSD	\$6.35	\$4.95	\$3.60	\$2.40
Minimum quarterly consumption charge - treated by Strongsville	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
City of Cleveland Water's billing agent fee (per bill)	\$1.61	\$1.58	\$1.56	\$1.55

Table 18

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$2,186,786	\$1,968,161	\$1,870,785	\$1,501,078	\$1,594,819	\$1,444,869
0.633	0.661	0.637	0.625	0.787	0.748
1.734	1.810	1.746	1.714	2.156	2.031
325.81	309.24	344.74	305.63	317.81	303.03
\$71.75	\$64.55	\$58.15	\$52.55	\$48.00	\$44.25
\$13.39	\$13.39	\$13.39	\$13.39	\$13.39	\$13.39
\$85.14	\$77.94	\$71.54	\$65.94	\$61.39	\$57.64
\$3.33	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$3.33
\$43.25	\$38.95	\$35.15	\$31.75	\$32.25	\$29.70
\$6.89	\$6.89	\$6.89	\$6.89	\$6.89	\$6.89
\$50.14	\$45.84	\$42.04	\$38.64	\$39.14	\$36.59
\$1.66	\$1.66	\$1.66	\$1.66	\$1.66	\$1.66
Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	1 MCF	1 MCF
\$2.30	\$2.20	\$2.10	\$1.95	n/a	n/a
Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$1.55	\$1.53	\$1.51	\$1.48	\$1.43	\$1.40

Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Years Table 19

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government										
Square Footage Occupied	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334	9,334
Administrative Vehicles	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	3	3	3
Buildings & Inspection Vehicles	6	6	6	11	9	9	9	9	9	9
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Building	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116	60,116
Vehicles	70	69	69	67	61	59	61	61	61	60
Fire										
Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Square Footage of Station # 1	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651	10,651
Square Footage of Station # 2	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745	5,745
Square Footage of Station # 3	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360	8,360
Square Footage of Headquarters	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194	36,194
Vehicles	26	25	25	23	27	26	24	21	20	20
Recreation										
Number of Parks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Tennis Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Number of Baseball Diamonds	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Number of Soccer Fields	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17
Number of Football Fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation Centers Square Footage	149.721	149.721	149.721	149,721	149.721	149,721	149,721	149.721	149,721	149,721
Vehicles	10	11	11	11	8	9	9	10	10	10
Other Public Works										
Streets (Center Line Miles)	212	212	211	211	210	204	203	202	202	202
Bridges	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culverts	189	189	189	189	189	189	188	187	187	187
Water Lines (Miles)	196	196	195	195	197	196	195	195	194	194
Service Vehicles	82	83	85	73	67	65	62	68	67	64
Wastewater										
Wastewater Treatment Plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wastewater Collection Systems	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	16	15
Wastewater Sewers (Miles)	192	192	191	191	190	188	188	188	186	186
Storm Sewers (Miles)	207	207	206	206	204	195	195	195	194	190
Vehicles	26	23	27	27	23	22	21	21	21	21

Source: City of Strongsville Finance and Engineering Departments



#### **CITY OF STRONGSVILLE**

**CUYAHOGA COUNTY** 

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 14, 2020